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R.A.F. Batters Berlin, Then Repels German Raids

Aerial War Reaches Most Intense Pitch During Weekend Anniversary

London, Sept. 2.

TERMINATING one of the most successful weekends in its history, the Royal Air Force, after returning from the most effective raids yet carried out against Germany, destroyed at least 22 German planes over Britain yesterday as the Nazis increased the intensity of their massed attacks.

British losses for the day totalled 11, but five pilots managed to parachute to safety.

The aerial war between Britain and Germany reached its most intense pitch during the weekend—the first anniversary of Britain's declaration of hostilities.

While throughout Saturday and Sunday the "Battle of London" was being fought high above the British capital, the Royal Air Force, which with anti-aircraft gunners had maintained a ring of steel round the city, hammered Berlin remorselessly.

In the British raid on Berlin in the early hours of Sunday morning, important military objectives were attacked, according to the Air Ministry news service.

Visibility was mostly poor, and west of Berlin the whole region for 70 miles was covered with a low cloud. An occasional break in the cloud allowed pilots a glimpse of one of the many lakes about the city. Only thus were they able to determine their positions.

Fire Believed Started

Close to midnight a large aero-engine works north-west of Berlin was bombed. The flashes of bombs, says the Air Ministry, were succeeded by a steady glow as though from a fire.

At the same time, other raiders were attacking the lighting installation in the western part of the city, and as their high-explosive bombs fell on the target there was a blinding flash and then a fire which could be seen 30 miles away.

Raiders who failed to locate their targets in Berlin because of clouds bombed objectives in other parts of Germany and Holland. A line of bombs fell across the railway at Hildesheim junction, and many aerodromes were attacked, including Lastdup and Arhem, where the target was broken up in several places.

Other heavy bombers attacked the Union Rheinische Braunkohlen Kraftstoff works at Wesseling, Cologne, causing fires and heavy explosions.

Bayer Plant Bombed

The Bayer explosives and filling factory at Leverkusen, near Cologne, was also bombed, but clouds prevented the observation of results.

Direct hits were scored on a neighbouring aerodrome. The bombing of an ammunition factory at Spich resulted in several fires.

At intervals throughout the night, relays of aircraft dropped extremely heavy bombs on shipyards at Emden. Despite intense anti-aircraft fire and great searchlight activity, all aircraft succeeded in bombing their targets.

According to one pilot, the number of aircraft over Emden at the same time must have confused searchlight crews, who were apparently incapable of holding any bombers long enough to give the anti-aircraft gunners a reasonable target.

Although a ground haze prevented entirely accurate observation of results, it seems clear that considerable damage was done.

Gliding Attack Succeeds

German long-range gun emplacements at Cap Gris Nez were surprised by a gliding attack by a small force of medium bombers.

Also attacked were oil tanks at Vlaardingen, near Rotterdam; oil plants at Cologne and Magdeburg; goods yards at Hamm, Soest, Osnabruck and Hanover; and various industrial targets.

11 Germans Shot Down

Furious air battles took place over southern England this morning as the Germans came over in strong formations. Up to noon the Air Ministry

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Swiss Sound Three Air Raid Alarms

Planes Fly Over Geneva Towards Italy, States Official Communique

Geneva, Sept. 2.

Three air raid alarms were sounded in numerous parts of Switzerland between midnight and 2.10 a.m. today as planes, believed to be British, flew over Swiss territory. The planes were strongly suspected of being British Royal Air Force craft en route to bomb Italy.

Planes could be heard flying southward over Geneva. After the first alarm at midnight, the second warning was sounded at 1.20 a.m. and lasted until 1.44 a.m. The third alarm, however, was sounded a minute later and the final all-clear signal was heard at 2.10 a.m.

The third alarm, it was believed, was caused by the return of the first batch of planes from the south bound for home bases.

Alarms were sounded at both Lausanne and Berne. In Berne the alarm lasted from 1.05 a.m. to 1.30 a.m.

The Army headquarters said in a communique that foreign planes flew over Swiss territory and an inquiry into the nationality of the craft was in progress.

Many places in western Switzerland were under alarm between midnight and 1 a.m., the communique said.

Bombs were dropped on open fields near a village but no damage was done and no one was injured, the communique stated.

Anti-aircraft guns in the Rhine Valley were heard to fire against the foreign planes, the communique added.—United Press.

Britain to Save Time By New Raid Warning

System Expected to Stop Production Delays

London, Sept. 2.

Government and industrial representatives expect soon to generalize a system which has already been adopted by some factories whereby machinery stops only when in each factory special watchers warn of imminent danger, thus enabling production to continue during ordinary public warnings.

Workers in the vital industries are cheerfully willing to continue working until danger is imminent, provided they are assured that their families have an early public warning, which will be arranged, since the new system will permit of more frequent public warnings without lessening the munitions output.—Reuter.

Australia Makes 100th Fighter Training Plane

Melbourne, Sept. 2.

Australia celebrated the ending of the first year of the war by the production of the 100th Wirraway fighter trainer plane.

The Aircraft Corporation expects that the second hundred will be completed before 1941.

It is exactly 14 months since the first plane was delivered.—Reuter.

Danish Steamer Sinks

Berlin, Sept. 2.

Eight persons were killed when the Danish steamer Rise sank after striking a mine between Fuenen and the Aeroe Island, the official D.N.B. news agency reported from Copenhagen today.—United Press.

Isle of Man Has First Air Raid

London, Sept. 2.

The Isle of Man had its first air raid on Saturday, when a German bomber approached the island.

The raider is believed to have been shot down into the sea by two Spitfires.—Reuter.

Berlin Badly Damaged in R.A.F. Raids

Lighting, Underground Power System Disabled; Munich Bombed

London, Sept. 2.

Battered and stunned, Berlin is today reported to be taking stock of the heavy damage done by daring British raiders during the weekend.

The German capital received altogether five visits during the past week, and its lighting installations, underground power system and aero-engine factories are said to have suffered severely.

The German authorities admitted today that British planes had made the biggest raid yet over Munich, the attack lasting 80 minutes, but claimed that they turned back all raiders trying to reach Berlin.

British bombers also raided numerous German aviation fields in France and French Channel ports last night.

While the authorities were investigating the heavy damage done to the capital by daring British raiders during the weekend, Berlin was again raided this morning, the alarm lasting from 12.45 am. until 1.32 a.m.

According to the Berlin correspondent of the Swedish newspaper, "Dagens Nyheter," while no British raiders appeared over the centre of the city, explosions were heard in the distance.

Berliners Admires Performance

He adds that "Berliners are unable to avoid admiring the performance of the R.A.F. in carrying out raids at such a distance from their bases."

An announcement by the official German news agency says that "enemy planes tried to attack Berlin, but were driven off by anti-aircraft gunfire."

No bombs, he adds, were dropped in the Greater Berlin area.

This was the fifth visit of British raiders to the German capital in the past few days. Last week there were four raids, during which the city's lighting installations, underground power system and aero-engine factories are said to have suffered severely.

Following a raid in the early hours of Sunday morning, the Germans officially admit that incendiary bombs fell in the heart of the capital, three landing at Liechtenstein-Allee, a thoroughfare through the Tiergarten, while others landed half a mile from the Brandenburg Gate (a copy of the Propylaea at Athens built in 1789).

The Berlin correspondent of the American Transradio News Service says the entire underground power system in Berlin is out of order as a result of the British raid on Saturday night.

Two branch lines of the central underground system, he adds, have been ordered to be closed owing to damage.

Defenders Surprised

According to the Berlin correspondent of the "Basler Nachrichten" Swiss daily published in Basle, the British raid on Saturday night was completely unexpected, as there were thick clouds and it had rained for hours previously. As a result, the defence was weaker.

The correspondent adds that in the raid on Berlin on Friday night, which was the most severe experienced so far, damage was done in the Spandau, Neukoeln, Siemensstadt and other districts.

Very severe damage was done in the neighbourhood of a well-known newspaper office, and buildings had to be evacuated.

"Some Skill" Shown

The Berlin correspondent of the Spanish newspaper "Ya," commenting on Friday night's raid, said it seemed as if the world were coming to an end.

The R.A.F. bombed the city from the north, east and west. The raiders showed "some skill" in their attacks on Siemensstadt, where carpentry and cable shops were set on fire.

Work, however, continued to function normally, the correspondent adds. He also says that a hospital was set on fire in Siemensstadt, and that in Mathieu Strasse a block of 20 buildings was gutted.

The bombing, he asserts, was the worst Berlin has yet suffered.—Reuter.

Munich's Longest Raid

Munich, Sept. 2.

Amid furious bursts of anti-aircraft batteries and machine-gun fire, Munich early this morning experienced its longest active air raid alarm of the war.

The air raid alarm was sounded at 12.45 a.m. and lasted until 2.05 a.m.

Throughout this period, anti-aircraft batteries were extremely active. Machine-gun fire was heard incessantly. The damage caused by the raid could not be officially ascertained early today.—United Press.

Berlin Reports On Raid

Berlin, Sept. 2.

For the fifth time in a week the air raid sirens shrieked through Berlin early this morning as Royal Air Force bombers again dropped bombs on the outskirts of the German capital.

Residents of the city again rushed into dugouts as searchlights combed the skies for the British raiders and anti-aircraft batteries opened up in the outlying section of the city.

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Many Italian Aerodromes Severely Damaged in African Raids

Enemy Aircraft Flies Into Exploding Bombs While Taking Off; All R.A.F. Bombers Return Safely

Cairo, Sept. 2.

The most widespread raids yet carried out against Italian objectives in North Africa are announced by the Royal Air Force headquarters here.

R.A.F. bombers, it states, attacked the principal Italian aerodromes and landing grounds in eastern Libya yesterday, when raids were made on Eltmimi, Derna, Bomba, El Gazala, Bardia and El Gubbi.

At Eltmimi, bombs fell on Italian aircraft and a camp, and at least four Italian planes were destroyed by fire.

During a raid on Tebruk aerodrome, a big explosion occurred, and one aircraft was destroyed by fire. Probably several others were damaged.

The R.A.F. announcement continues: "At El Gazala, bombs fell among aircraft and on a camp. One enemy aircraft taking off to engage our bombers flew into exploding bombs and was destroyed.

"There were several engagements between enemy fighters and our bombers, but the raids were carried through in every case, and bombs were dropped on targets. All our aircraft returned safely.

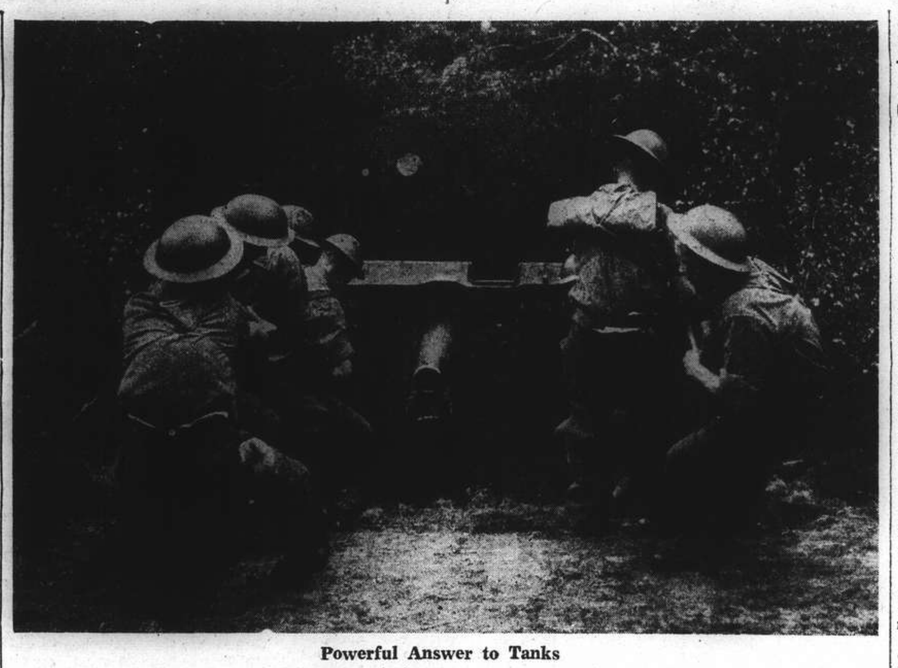
"On August 30 Agordat, in Eritrea, was raided by a formation of R.A.F. bombers, direct hits being registered on stores and other buildings, and fires started. We suffered no losses."—Reuter.

Buna Capture Unconfirmed

London, Sept. 2.

It is stated in military quarters in London that it is impossible either to confirm or deny the Italian claim that Italian colonial troops have occupied Buna, in Kenya.

British planes last night flew over Sardinia and dropped bombs which fell on open country, according to an Italian communique.—Reuter.



Powerful Answer to Tanks

The gun crew of a howitzer, one of the thousands of guns that bristle in Britain today, gives a demonstration of the speed with which they can bring their gun into action against approaching tanks. A strong pull and the howitzer comes out of its hiding place.

Uncertainty and Tension Reign Throughout Rumania

Capital Virtually Under Martial Law Following Huge Demonstrations Against Vienna "Award"

Bucharest, Sept. 2.

BUCHAREST is under virtual martial law following big demonstrations yesterday against acceptance of the Vienna award, under which Rumania has to cede Transylvania to Hungary.

The Hungarian, Italian and German Legations are heavily guarded against attack, while strong squads of police are patrolling the streets.

Demonstrations yesterday took place in the centre of the city, and were dispersed by police in armoured cars. Several arrests were made. A large square in front of the Royal Palace was completely roped off for a few hours during the demonstrations.

Uncertainty and tension reigns throughout Rumania, and the Rumanian public is only just beginning to realize the severity of the "Vienna operation."

Anxiety In Bucharest

Protest demonstrations reported from all parts of the country are causing great anxiety in political circles in Bucharest, where it is feared that Germany may use the incidents as an excuse for the occupation of Transylvania and even Rumania itself.

Following big demonstrations in the centre of the capital yesterday, there were more disturbances today, when armoured cars and police with "Tommy" guns were summoned to quell demonstrators.

Peace was eventually restored with the aid of hoses.

Army Evacuating

Evacuation from Transylvania by Rumanian army of the territory ceded to Hungary began yesterday, while at the same time lorries removing administrative archives filled the streets of Oradea Mares, on the Rumanian frontier.

Trains are reaching Bucharest with pitiful freights of refugees rejected from their homes, which a few days ago their men had sworn to defend until death against the Hungarians.

Meanwhile, Dr. Julius Maniu, the peasant leader, is leaving for Cluj, which is in the territory to be ceded to Hungary, and where he is credited in some quarters with the intention of organizing resistance there.

The Hungarian delegation to the mixed commission arrived last evening at Oradea Marlas, on the Rumanian frontier, during a demonstration by several thousand people against the Axis award. Other demonstrations have occurred at Temesvar, second city of Rumania, where crowds assembled before the German consulate.

It is now revealed that there was a demonstration by 30,000 peasants at

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Hungary Said Still Dissatisfied

Territorial Settlement Fails to Please; Fears Expressed Over Russia

Budapest, Sept. 2.

Despite the enthusiasm roused by the Vienna Award, the Hungarians are by no means satisfied with the territorial settlement reached, observers here declared last night.

Two old Hungarian cities, Arad and Brasso, remain in Rumanian hands, and, moreover, many Hungarian land-owners say they are disappointed because their hopes for restitution of their land holdings have not been met.

Government quarters are uneasy because of the tension existing between Soviet Russia and Rumania, for they fear it might jeopardise Hungary's bloodless successes over Rumania.—Havas.

New Developments Seen

Bucharest, Sept. 2.

While Germany has given Rumania a guarantee for her territorial integrity, Chancellor Adolf Hitler made no move to give a similar guarantee to Hungary, whose common frontier with Russia has been lengthened by 200 kilometres as a result of the Vienna Award, it was pointed out here last night.

Some politicians assert that the hurry in which the Vienna parleys were settled, shows that Berlin and Rome "had doubts" about Russia's attitude. The German guarantee to Rumania is said by these quarters to be "tantamount to an Axis warning to Russia."—Havas.

Germans Torpedo Children's Evacuee Ship in Atlantic

All Youngsters Saved; Children Sing as They Take To Boats; "Salt of the Earth" Headmaster Says

London, Sept. 2.

A BRITISH evacuee ship on its way to Canada has been torpedoed in the Atlantic by a U-boat, but not a single child was lost. The vessel carried 320 children and other passengers, and the only casualty was the purser.

The children sang "Roll Out the Barrel" and "Oh Johnny" as they took to lifeboats. Over 70 children were landed at a north British port last night. Many of them were still in pyjamas, but were still singing. More children are expected to land today.

Only the splendid training the children had received in boat-drill and their coolness in face of danger can account for their return to safety from an ordeal which left its trace on members of the crew.

In an official announcement, the Children's Overseas Reception Board states that, although full details are lacking, it is known that the ship did not sink, and that the transfer of the little evacuees from her to rescuing ships, one of which was a warship, was carried out in perfect order.

Mr. Geoffrey Shakespeare, Dominions Under-Secretary, who welcomed the children, described their return as a miracle.

"Salt of the Earth"

A headmaster in charge of the children said the crew treated them as though they were the salt of the earth, and the way the children behaved proved that they were. There was no crying or whimpering. There was a lot of sickness in boats because the sea was rough, but those who were not ill sang "Roll Out the Barrel" as they had never sung it before.

One eight-year-old youngster in a boat said: "We don't want Hitler to think he can beat us that easy."

Yesterday the children trooped ashore as though nothing had happened, and two more groups arriving later were just as cheerful.

When the order to take to the boats was given, everyone got safely away, except the purser, who was fatally injured when he missed a step entering a boat.—Reuter.

"No Exceptions" Says Berlin

Berlin, Sept. 2.

German officials said early today that they know nothing of London reports that a civilian evacuee ship sailing to Canada had been torpedoed by a submarine.

They said that if the report proved true, Germany would not feel responsible. Germany's attitude is the same as when the "total blockade" of England was announced, they said. This provided that "no exceptions are possible," they said.—United Press.

Rumanian-Hungarian Clashes Break Out

Cluj, Transylvania, Sept. 2.

Nine Rumanian gendarmes were reported killed or seriously wounded this morning when clashes between Hungarian troops and Rumanians broke out in the Hungarian-Rumanian border regions in Transylvania.

Rumanian gendarmes opposed the Hungarian troops which crossed the frontier near Szighet. The first Hungarian troops crossed the border this morning into Transylvania just north of Oradea-Mare.—United Press.

Germany Signs New Pact with Soviet

Agreement on "Correct Relations" in Poland Declared Reached

Berlin, Sept. 2.

Germany and Russia signed a treaty here Saturday "regulating the correct relationships" between the two countries along the Russian-German border established in Poland on September 28, 1939, an official announcement disclosed last night.

"The negotiations proceeded with good understanding and goodwill and were brought to a successful conclusion within the course of a month," D.N.B. news agency reported last night.

"On August 31," said an official announcement, "an agreement was signed between the German Reich and the Soviet Union regulating the correct relationships on the frontiers fixed by the frontiers and friendship agreement of September 28, 1939.

"Negotiations were brought to a successful conclusion within a month. The agreement was signed for Germany by Reinhardt von Sauken and the Ministerial Councillor, Dr. Walter Conrad. Minister Alexander Mihailovich Leotnjew signed for the Soviet Union."—United Press.

Three Japanese Envoys Resign Suddenly

Second Step in Foreign Office Renovation

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

Three Japanese Ministers to foreign countries have resigned, the Foreign Office announced today. The Foreign Office said that the three Ministries resigned voluntarily.

The diplomats who resigned are Mr. Sotomatsu Kato, Minister-at-Large, who recently toured South America. Mr. Kuramatsu Murai, Minister to Thailand, and Mr. Tetsuichiro Miyake, Minister to Chile.

Mr. Kato formerly was Minister-at-Large to China.

The "Asahi Shumbun" interpreted the resignations as the second step in the renovation of the Foreign Office started last week by the Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsumoto, who recalled more than 100 Japanese diplomats.—United Press.

Heavy German Losses In Poland Announced

General Sikorski States Poles Beaten By Numbers

London, Sept. 2.

Details of heavy German losses in Poland, including 1,000 planes, were disclosed by General Sikorski, Polish Prime Minister and Commander-in-Chief, in a special statement on the anniversary of the German invasion of Poland.

General Sikorski said that the Germans lost, in round figures, 100,000 killed, 200,000 wounded and nearly 1,000 tanks and 1,000 planes.

Not until the Germans came to grips with the English, he stated, had they put up such a stiff fight, which lasted over five weeks, and the Poles were beaten simply by superior numbers, one Pole having to face four Germans and one Polish tanks having to oppose 20 German tanks.

General Sikorski added that Poland would be reborn as a result of the joint Allied effort, coupled with the gigantic resources and spirit of resistance of the British Empire.—Reuter.

Anglo-U.S. Agreement On Bases Imminent

Permission to America for Construction of Air and Naval Bases in British Territory Expected to Be Announced at Any Moment

Washington, Sept. 2.

AN Anglo-American agreement, whereby the United States will obtain almost unlimited rights for the construction of naval and air bases in British possessions in the Western Hemisphere, appeared imminent here last night.

Officials indicated that an important announcement on the subject might be forthcoming at any time. They said that negotiations, which already have resulted in the granting of facilities to the United States Navy in the Bermudas, were progressing rapidly and satisfactorily.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, conferred with President Roosevelt for half an hour last night when the President's special train stopped over here en route to Chattanooga from Hyde Park, N.Y. They were reported to have discussed the progress of the Anglo-American negotiations.

The conference increased the prevailing belief here that the Anglo-American discussions are in their final stage.

The recently concluded U.S.-Canadian joint defence pact was believed to have given impetus to the movement to provide the United States with powerful naval and air bases on British possessions in the Western Hemisphere.

Such bases not only would assure the safety of the Panama Canal, but would give American defence forces a foothold along the Canadian and South American coasts, both in the Atlantic and Pacific.

Australia May Form Pact

Conclusion of current negotiations between Britain and the United States for American bases on British possessions in the Western Hemisphere may lead to a joint defence pact between the United States and Australia, some quarters believed last night.

They pointed out that high Congressional circles have begun to advocate such a joint defence pact, similar in design and purpose to the U.S. Canadian pact. The suggestion has not been ridiculed by Administration leaders, although they have declined to sponsor the movement thus far.

Some quarters believed the Administration was merely refraining from any discussion of the proposed U.S.-Australian pact pending the completion of Anglo-American negotiations dealing exclusively with the Western Hemisphere.—United Press.

Defence Programme Rushed

New York, Sept. 2.

The calling up by President Roosevelt of the first batch of 60,000 National Guardsmen on September 16 for a year's training is splashed in this morning's papers, which emphasise the unprecedented nature of such a move in peace time.

Washington dispatches indicate that the defence programme will be rushed through so that Congress may adjourn at the beginning of October for two months' recess.

The Conscription Bill is expected to be ready for Presidential signature in a fortnight.

While the isolationist leader, Senator Gerald P. Nye, in a radio debate reported in the press, declared that the sale of over-age destroyers to Britain would be a belligerent act, prominence was today given to a speech by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, urging the United States to lead the fight for a free world.

A Los Angeles dispatch in the "New York Times" gives an interview with General F. O'Ryan, on his return from a visit to Japan, in which he urges the United States to enter the war.

"What are we waiting for" he asks, and adds: "We are a grand prize, the bull's eye for Hitler's target."

General O'Ryan recommended that the United States send pilots, aircraft and lesser war vessels to Britain.—Reuter.

1,000 to One Insurance Against Blitzkrieg

Lloyds Firm Offers 1/- Premiums Against Death

London, Sept. 2.

A Lloyds firm is offering "One Thousand to One" airraid insurance by which individuals may receive £50 in the event of death or serious injury for every one shilling monthly premium.

The scheme, which is rapidly proving popular, works on the basis of coupons which big employers sell to their staffs, without limitation on individual cover.

All employees are eligible, however dangerous their work; also A.R.P. and Home Guard members, but the latter are not covered when on active duty. —Reuter.

President Calls Up National Guard

Units to Report for One Year's Active Service On September 16

Aboard Presidential Special Train en route to Chattanooga, Sept. 2.

In an historic executive order, President Roosevelt yesterday called 60,500 National Guardsmen into active military service for one year to provide additional manpower for the nation's new defence machine.

The President's order, unprecedented in American peacetime history, calls on National Guard units to report for twelve months of active service on September 16.

The President acted under the authority granted him by the National Guard Mobilization Bill which he signed last Tuesday. The bill authorized the President to call up the National Guard for a year's duty anywhere in the United States, its territories and possessions, including the Philippines.

No Indication of Plans

The President gave no indication yesterday, however, that immediate plans call for sending National Guardsmen outside the territorial limits of continental United States.

President Roosevelt also announced yesterday that the strength of the National Guard would be increased immediately to 76,000 men, the full peacetime strength. The 15,500 new National Guardsmen will be obtained as soon as possible by voluntary enlistment, Mr. Roosevelt said.

Married Men Exempted

National Guardsmen who are married and have dependents will be released from the year of military training within a few days. They will be replaced immediately by new volunteers, many of whom may come from the Civilian Conservation Corps.

Army officials were understood to have completed all arrangements to handle the 60,000 National Guardsmen when they report for duty two weeks from now.

The decks are cleared, it was said, not only to receive the 60,000 National Guardsmen, but to house, clothe, feed and train 1,000,000 additional men expected to be drafted as soon as the Burke-Wadsworth Conscription Bill is approved by Congress. Final Congressional action on this bill is expected this week.—United Press.

Sir Robert Vansittart To Broadcast

Talk on War Anniversary To Be Heard in Shanghai

London, Sept. 2.

Sir Robert Vansittart, Permanent Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, will broadcast a talk on the anniversary of the outbreak of the war on September 3rd at 2200 G.M.T. (Shanghai time, 7 a.m. September 4) over the B.B.C. on GSD (25.53 metres), GSC (31.32 metres), GSF (19.82 metres) and GSP (19.60 metres).

Recordings of his talk will be rebroadcast four times: on September 4 at 0400 G.M.T. (Shanghai time, 1 p.m. September 4) on GSF (31.55 metres), GSC (31.32 metres) and GSD (25.53 metres); at 0630 G.M.T. (Shanghai time, 3.30 p.m.) on GSD, GSF, GSI (19.66 metres), GSP and GSB; at 1315 G.M.T. (Shanghai time, 10.15 p.m.) on GSJ (13.92 metres), GSV (16.84 metres), GSH (13.97 metres), GSI and GSG; and finally at 1730 G.M.T. (Shanghai time, 2.30 a.m. September 5) on GSD and GSF.—Reuter.

Vatican "Full of Evil Men," States Fascist Organ in Violent Attack

Owing to Radio Priest's Anti-Jewish Activities Holy See Alleged Opposed to Father Coughlin

Rome, Sept. 2.

Continuing its attacks against the Holy See, the official "Regime Fascista" today alleged that the Vatican was "full of evil men" who were opposed to the Rev. Charles Coughlin, American "radio priest," because he is anti-Jewish and anti-Roosevelt.

"One of the strangest cases involving the Vatican," the paper alleges, "is that regarding the noted Father Coughlin. He really puts the encyclicas into practice and promotes a social system which is 100 per cent. Christian.

"Despite this, his movement is condemned by the Vatican who has ordered its official organ, the 'Osservatore Romano,' never to mention Father Coughlin.

"Why is the Vatican, which bows to Roosevelt, against Coughlin, although he promotes a Christian social system? The mystery is explained by the fact that Father Coughlin does not love the Jews.

"Father Coughlin is courageous enough to tell the truth. He knows that this pitiful alliance between the Church and the Jews is not only contrary to Christian principles, but was created by the dollars which the Jews, through Monsignor Spellman, Archbishop of New York, sent to the Vatican.

"Because Father Coughlin spoke these truths, and because he defended Christianity from all contamination, the Vatican condemns him. He is also condemned by the Vatican because he is opposed to Roosevelt and because he feels a sympathy toward the Totalitarian regimes.

"But what does it matter if Father Coughlin has Christian ideals? The evil men of the Vatican interest themselves in politics, not in the teachings of Jesus Christ."—United Press.

★Bitter Air Battles Rage Over Britain As Nazis Are Repulsed

(Continued from page 1)

claims that 11 German aircraft had been shot down, and that four British fighters were missing, with the pilot of one of these rescued.

Nearly 200 German bomber-fighters crossed the south-east coast in waves early this afternoon and met with a hot reception from anti-aircraft fire. In one formation were 24 Heinkels, and in others were counted 16 to 20 bombers.

The bombers twisted and squirmed amid a tremendous anti-aircraft barrage, and two of them were soon heading back towards the French coast in a crippled condition. Watchers on cliffs reported that they crashed in the Channel.

The fighter pilots themselves destroyed nine Germans during this raid. Four British pilots are missing, but one jumped to safety by parachute.

Cool Piece of Bluff

One of the coolest pieces of bluff since the *Blitzkrieg* began enabled a British fighter pilot to add a third German fighter to his bag of two in one battle over Kent on Saturday. The pilot had used up all his ammunition shooting down two Germans when he saw a third Messerschmitt 109 dive past him.

Here is the pilot's story: "I followed him down to ground level and chased him southwards. He did not rise above 100 feet until well south of Maidstone and then throttled back. I overtook him and flew alongside him, pointing downwards to the ground. He turned away, so I made a dummy quarter attack, breaking away very close to him. After this he landed. I saw the pilot get out, apparently unhurt, and as I circled round him he put his hands above his head, so I waved back. I threw him a packet of cigarettes I had with me. He picked them up and waved again, and then I saw what I believed to be members of the Home Guard take him prisoner."

According to another message from a nearby point, it is believed that four German planes crashed.

In the meantime, British fighters again broke German formations over a Thames Estuary town. No bombs fell, but machine-gun fire was heard above the clouds.

Another report says that German planes crossed the south-east coast in four waves of about 60 in each. They kept to a restricted course owing to fierce anti-aircraft fire. When a few miles inland, British fighters took a hand in the game and broke the raiders' formation, with the result that the Germans were soon flying helter skelter homeward.

Over 100 German bombers and fighters tried to break through the Thames Estuary defences between 8 and 9 this morning, according to the Air Ministry news service.

Fighter pilots waiting for the raiders observed the discouraging effects of anti-aircraft fire on the Germans. A bomber formation heading up-river was turned back by an intense barrage.

Early Raid Beaten Off

After a peaceful night, the London area heard the first air-raid warning of the day at 7.10 a.m. while thousands of city workers were emerging from railway stations and travelling on trams and buses to work. They were completely unperturbed and proceeded calmly on their way. The 'all clear' was sounded at 7.55 a.m.

German raiders attempted to break through the Thames Estuary defences, but anti-aircraft gun fire turned them from their course. One plane was seen falling, with smoke pouring from it, another was obviously badly hit. British fighters attacked the raiders and there was a battle lasting 15 minutes.

By the time the aircraft barrage and fighters had turned back the raiders, they had completely lost all resemblance of formation. Although the Germans appeared to be accompanied by a large number of protecting fighters, the attack did not give an impression of being determined. No bombs were reported to have been dropped.

Anti-aircraft gunners were kept busy in Wales throughout the night when a number of coastal areas were attacked. There was some damage to property in a town in the south-west of England where the Germans repeated the experiment of sending over single bombers at intervals. Two deaths occurred in the south-west town mentioned.

Mayor and Wife Casualties

The Mayor and Mayoress were among the casualties of a raid on a south-eastern town. Two of the casualties were fatal.

Anti-aircraft gunners in Britain had their best day on Saturday for nearly a fortnight, destroying 15 German planes, says the Air Ministry. Ten were brought down during an evening attack in south-east England, including the London area. Six of these were shot down in 20 minutes by various batteries of London's outer defences.

German raiders yesterday continued their daily attempts to destroy aerodromes in Kent, Surrey and Essex. Once in the morning and twice in the afternoon, 100 or more raiders crossed the Kent coast, and three times pilots of the Fighter Command and anti-aircraft gunners foiled the attacks.

150 Bombers Cross Coast

The second raid of the day, between 12 and 1 p.m., was the largest. Over 150 raiders crossed the coast, and a bomber formation flew as far as the southern outskirts of London to be broken up by anti-aircraft fire. Gunners saw their shells hit at least three out of 12 German bombers flying at 16,000 feet.

The third attack was weaker, and was confined to aerodromes on the Kent coast. Single-seater Messerschmitt 109 fighters dropped bombs. They had been put to this use before, but yesterday they were used as dive-bombers.

German planes were reported last night over Wales, two south-west towns and the Midlands.

When a big formation of bombers, which attempted to break through the defences at a Thames Estuary town yesterday, were turned back, four of them used a new technique. They dived below the anti-aircraft barrage and made a dive-bombing attack. Some bombs fell on waste ground, but most on the heart of the town. Several houses were damaged and many families are homeless.

Giant Plane Leads Squadron

In one raid, about 20 bombers with fighter escorts heading towards London were led by a huge four-engined machine, which stood out like a giant from others. They were also turned back.

It is estimated that 500 bombs, mostly high explosives, were dropped by the German air force in their mass attacks on Ramsgate on August 24.

Most bombs fell on seaside boarding houses and workers' homes. From direct hits many were razed to the ground, and many more made completely uninhabitable.

Altogether nearly 1,000 houses were wrecked. In spite of heavy material loss, casualties were a few killed and injured, although some are still reported missing.

Bristol Channel Raided

"During the night enemy air activity over this country, although widespread, was on a comparatively small scale," says an Air Ministry and Home Security joint communique on last night's raids.

"Attacks were mainly directed against the Bristol Channel and the south Wales area. Bombs were dropped at various points, and in a town in the south of Wales a number of fires were caused by high explosive and incendiary bombs, and considerable damage was done to houses and business premises. A number of casualties were caused, some of which were fatal. Apart from some damage and a few casualties in one other town, the attacks in this area had little material effect and, so far as is known at present, caused no loss of life.

"Some houses were damaged in a town near the south coast of England, but bombs that were dropped at isolated points in other parts of the country did little material harm. The number of casualties caused by these attacks was also small, though some of them proved fatal," the communique concludes.

Raiders Intercepted

A joint communique issued by the Air Ministry and the Ministry of Home Security states that yesterday morning a strong force of German aircraft crossed the Kent coast and flew northwards towards the Thames. Anti-aircraft defences went into action, and the German force was intercepted by British fighters and broken up.

"Bombs," continues the communique, "were dropped at several places on the river and north-east Kent. In one town several houses and shops were destroyed, and some damage done to a laundry, railway station and riverside buildings. The number of casualties was not large.

"In the early afternoon a second force of enemy aircraft came inland and approached the outskirts of the London area. A series of engagements took place, and bombs were dropped before the enemy was driven back."—Reuter.

Air Battle Described

A Thames Estuary Town, Sept. 2.

British fighters and ground defences this morning twice turned back strong formations of German bombers, escorted by fighters, which attempted to reach London.

Two formations of German bombers, accompanied by speedy fighters, appeared over this town at 9 a.m. today in a determined effort to crash through the defence and bomb London.

The first wave of the raiders was repulsed after ten minutes of terrific anti-aircraft fire.

Soon another, or perhaps the same formation, consisting of 40 bombers and fighters, made a second attempt to evade the defences.

Two Nazis Downed

Again terrific barrages by anti-aircraft batteries were set up and two German planes were seen plunging to the earth emitting columns of smoke.

As the raiders reached the Thames River, British fighters swooped on them with amazing ferocity.

The Germans clashed with the British fighters and for five minutes furious dogfights were seen. The Germans, however, suddenly retreated, streaking for the sea with British Spitfires and Hurricanes pursuing them.

The Germans, it was believed, failed to drop any bombs.

After the anti-aircraft guns broke up the German formation, Spitfires clashed with German fighting planes, while Hurricanes attacked the bombers.

Crowds Cheer Success

No bombs were reported dropped on the Essex side of the Thames. The air raid alarm in the London area was sounded as the aerial battle was nearing its end here.

Over another Thames Estuary town one of this morning's raiders was seen falling in flames. Crowds cheered as the German plane circled over the town with smoke pouring from its tail. The plane dropped lower and soon a huge pall of smoke indicated its doom. Another raider appeared to be in trouble, for it flew low over the seafront and opened machine-gun fire. No casualties were reported.—United Press.

Nazis Lose 1,500 Planes

London, Sept. 2.

Germany has lost 1,500 planes and 4,500 airmen since the intensification of its aerial war against Britain, statistics revealed today.

Nazi losses for the week ended Saturday were 293 planes and 700 men, while Britain lost 128 planes and 110 men for the same period.

At least 11 German planes were shot down before 10 a.m. today as Nazi bombers, escorted by fighting planes, unsuccessfully attempted to smash through British defences to the London area, the "Evening Standard" reported.

"The air seemed full of enemy airmen bailing out. It was a smashing defeat for the Germans," the "Evening Standard" said in quoting an eye-witness of this morning's raids.—United Press.

Police Recover Most Of Stolen Jewellery

Prompt action on the part of Sinza police station detectives last night resulted in the recovery of a greater part of jewellery valued at $600, which had been stolen by six robbers, four armed, from a Chinese dwelling house.

The robbers entered by the front door and after intimidating the occupants of the house got away with a haul consisting of Chinese trinkets and articles of jewellery.

★Rumanian Unrest Is Demonstrated

(Continued from page 1)

Cluj, the administrative capital of Transylvania.

Windows of the German consulate were broken and they unsuccessfully attempted to wreck an Italian building.

Solemn Oath Sworn

Further demonstrations against the cession of the Transylvanian territory continue, and 10,000 Transylvanian Rumanians gathered in the public square at Brasov and solemnly swore on their knees that they would not yield an inch of ground to Hungary.

Shortly afterwards Herr Neumacher, chief of the German Economic delegation, and another official were surrounded by a hostile crowd, which tore off a Swastika flag before a way was cleared by the police for their car. The office of the German Tourist Association and the German Consulate were entered and a picture of Herr Hitler was smashed.

These protests are causing great anxiety in political circles in Bucharest, where it is feared that Germany may use the incidents as an excuse for the occupation of Transylvania and even Rumania itself.

All musical and sporting events throughout Rumania scheduled for yesterday were cancelled, and the beginning of the school year has been postponed for a month.—Reuter.

Government Takes Action

Bucharest, Sept. 2.

The Rumanian Minister of the Interior, Gen. David Popescu, announced last night that the Government henceforth would take "strenuous measures" to quell demonstrations against the Vienna dictate. The announcement was made after hundreds of patriotic Rumanians had demonstrated here yesterday in front of the Hungarian and Italian Legations.

Police and soldiers dispersed the crowds and arrested several of the ringleaders.

The demonstrators shouted, "Down With Traitors!" Vive Transylvania!"

Some of the soldiers sent to break up the demonstrations were reported to have shouted, "We are with you!" as they mingled with the demonstrators.

Colonel Defies Order

The colonel commanding Rumanian troops in western Transylvania was reported last night to have refused to withdraw his troops.

"I would rather die at my post than withdraw," he was reported to have advised Army headquarters here.

The announcement issued by the Minister of Interior last night was understood to have been the result of a warning received from German and Italian representatives here.

Following the demonstrations yesterday, guards at the German and Hungarian legations and the Italian consulate were doubled. Squads of soldiers patrolled neighbouring streets.

Axis Threat Revealed

Meanwhile, in a nationwide broadcast, M. Valer Pop, second ranking member of the Rumanian delegation to Vienna, explained Rumania's capitulation to Hungary under German and Italian pressure at Vienna last week.

"At Vienna," he said, "it was a question of to be or not to be," indicating that Rumania had been threatened with national extinction unless she granted all territorial demands made on her.

"For the moment," he said, "there is nothing else to do but accept the verdict and wait for another day.

"At Vienna I did not represent Rumania, I had no such opportunity.

"Let us wipe our tears away, close our ranks in the future and turn a deaf ear to sentiment and defend our rights."—United Press.

Rumanian-Bulgarian Hitch

Sofia, Sept. 2.

Unless the Rumanians accept as final the Bulgarian proposals regarding the future of southern Dobruja, during the next day or two there is likely to be a breakdown in negotiations. There has been some uneasiness following reports of the Rumanians delaying their decision.

Yesterday King Boris received Foreign Minister, M. Popoff, and there was a special conference of Ministers the result of which is expected to cause the final stages of the negotiations being speeded up.

The Bulgarian delegates are now waiting at the frontier town, Vidin, for the last sessions.—Reuter.

Leader Fails to Arrive

Cluj, Sept. 2.

Keen disappointment was evident here this morning when M. Julius Maniu, Transylvanian leader, failed to arrive to lead what would have been organized resistance against the Hungarians.

He was reported to have been halted en route, believedly at Brascov. M. Maniu announced yesterday that Rumanians would never accept the Vienna sentence.

Cluj was nervous, but Rumanian troops were moving out of the Transylvanian border region at a fast pace.

There was no panic but rather the sombre atmosphere prevalent at a funeral.

Everywhere resistance against the Hungarians was reported to have broken down.

Evacuees arriving here by the last train from Arad said that troops were used to disperse Rumanian demonstrations there.

The suggestion was made here that organized resistance failed generally because property-loving Rumanians were eager to save all possible property from "the wreck."—United Press.

U.S. Labour Leader Asks Help for Britain

Denver, Colorado, Sept. 2.

A plea for all possible help to Britain short of entry into war was made by Mr. William Green, President of the American Federation of Labour, in an address prepared for delivery at the Labour Day meeting here.

Mr. Green declared: "By aiding Britain we are strengthening our own national defence. If Britain succumbs, the United States and her sister Republics in the Western Hemisphere may be the next targets of the Dictators."

He proposed a short term enlistment with higher pay for the armed forces instead of conscription.—Reuter.

Map of Europe to Be Redrawn, But Not by Hitler, Says "Times"

Urgent Task of Relief and Reconstruction After Victory Must Be Faced By Empire, Paper Warns

London, Sept. 2.

"EVENTS in the past twelve months have shattered some things bad, as well as good," says "The Times" in an article reviewing the first year of the war in Europe.

"Perhaps the new map of Europe will not be painted in quite so many contrasting and clashing colours, perhaps the frontier lines need not be so heavily marked, but the map will not be redrawn by Hitler's mailed fist.

"The urgent task of relief and reconstruction, which victory will bring with it, must be undertaken by Britain, her Dominions and by other helpers across the ocean, in co-operation with the peoples in Europe who will have been liberated from the Nazi terror."

The "Daily Telegraph" writes: "In the contrast, between the crashing blows at the keystone of the Nazi military structure delivered by our air force, and the wanton raids of the Luftwaffee on watering places and suburbs, and in the decimating defeats of its massed planes, we have the assurance of victory.

"The conquests of the Fuhrer have no element of permanence. Wherever his hordes have marched or his dictates have reached, he has sown eternal hatred of the Nazi Reich. As the blows we are striking fall more and more heavily, Europe will rise again in a great deliverance."

In an editorial entitled: "Sleep for Victory", the "Daily Herald" declares: "Hitler cannot afford to admit defeat in the air, so he sends his bombers over again and again. But if his bombers come by day they are hurled back by the Royal Air Force. If they come by night, they cannot find their military objectives.

"The last fortnight's raids have not made it one atom easier for Hitler to invade us, but the Nazis have a second aim—to weaken our will to fight and work by robbing us of sleep. The nuisance raiders by night strike at all of us and all can learn to defeat them. Do not fall into the delusion of thinking we must either sleep or take shelter, but do your best to sleep while you shelter. Let that be the national slogan for beating the night raid nuisance."—Reuter.

Germans Machine-Gun Defenceless Airman

Killed While Descending By Parachute

London, Sept. 2.

The second instance within a few days of a British pilot descending by parachute being deliberately machine-gunned by a German fighter was reported from a south-eastern district yesterday.

During a fight with three Messerschmitts on Saturday, a British plane was shot down. As the pilot descended, eyewitnesses saw one of the Nazi machines detach itself from the others and circle round the descending pilot. The burst of a machine-gun was heard and when the parachutist landed it was found that he had been shot through his heart.—Reuter.

Unrest Against Vichy In French West Indies

Majority Reported to Be In Favour of de Gaulle

Georgetown, Sept. 2.

Unrest against the Vichy Government is growing in Martinique and Guadaloupe, islands in the West Indies, according to travellers.

Difficult economic conditions are heightening feeling. The entire production of sugar and rum is lying at wharves, while a number of sugar estates are closing.

Meanwhile, according to passengers on board a Pan-American Clipper who spent four days at Noumea, 80 per cent of the people of Nomea, the capital of the French colony of New Caledonia, favours General de Gaulle.

They state the local Parliament has resigned as a protest against the Armistice. The only important people supporting the Petain Government, they add, are the new Governor, Lieut-Colonel Denis, who commands the French troops in the Pacific, and some senior naval officers.

Troops and ratings, the passengers assert, are hostile to the Vichy Government.—Reuter.

★Berlin Badly Hit By R.A.F. Raids

(Continued from page 1)

German officials claimed the British bombers had been repulsed on the outskirts of the city by terrific general anti-aircraft fire.

Great detonations rumbled and rolled through the capital for 96 minutes as the British planes unloaded their deadly cargoes outside the city. They were believed to be attacking German aerodromes.

Two high explosive bombs were reported to have fallen in a south-east suburb of Berlin without inflicting heavy damage. An incendiary bomb also exploded on a street corner in the suburb of Dahlem, officials said. They said the bomb caused no damage.

Three other incendiary bombs were reported to have burned out in Tiergarten Park.

The air raid alarm sounded here at 12.44 a.m., with the all clear coming at 1.33 a.m

"Forty Minutes Late"

The British attack on the capital, the fifth in the past week, appeared to have been timed for the beginning of the war's first anniversary, but was forty minutes late.

Immediately after the first heavy detonations were heard west of the city, police cars with Klaxon horns wide open raced through the streets warning inhabitants to seek shelter. Bugle calls could be heard calling anti-aircraft crews to their posts.

The High Command announcement said that British bombers flew over the Ruhr area and around Berlin Saturday night and dropped bombs in several places.—United Press.

Air Battles Grip Interest

New York, Sept. 2.

The violent air battles over London and Berlin are "splashed" in all papers here.

The majority of accounts come from London, and there is a liberal dose of eye-witness stories paying tribute to British courage under attack.—Reuter.

President Dedicates Dam to Total Defence

U.S. Said Facing Peril Unmatched in History

Chattanooga, Tennessee, Sept. 2.

President Roosevelt today paid tribute to the role played by American labour in constructing the Tennessee Valley Authority's Chickamauga Dam, near here. He dedicated the dam to "the total defence of the United States."

President Roosevelt arrived here at the head of a large official party to deliver two major addresses—one in dedication of the Chickamauga Dam, and the other at the Great Smoky National Park in the Tennessee Mountains.

Speaking before a large crowd at the new dam, the President said that "today we are facing a time of peril unmatched in the history of all the nations of the world, and because we are undertaking total defence of the nation the Tennessee Valley region has assumed, in addition to its own domestic betterment, its share of responsibility in national defence.

"New defence industries are safer from attack in this region behind mountains than if located in a more exposed area. It is therefore good for safety to develop it further and use the national resources and man power of this region.

"We are seeking preparedness in America not against the threat of war or conquest alone but in order that preparedness be built to assure American peace that rests on the well-being of the American people."—United Press.

British Moral Excellent

Searching for Damage Suffered From Air-Raids Is "Like Looking for Needle in A Haystack"

New York, Sept. 2.

THE excellent *moral* of the British people under repeated air raids, and the failure of the raids themselves, continue to be featured by American correspondents from London.

Correspondents particularly comment on the smallness of the damage. One writer says that Mr. Winston Churchill, the British Prime Minister, in a message to the Bomber Command, expressed the feeling of all Britons, who are convinced that the Germans are definitely losing command of the air.

He adds: "Looking for bomb wreckage in London is like looking for a needle in a haystack. At the end of a year of war, Britain is still riding high in the air. The R.A.F. has grown enormously in strength," and both pilots and the people they protect are confident that the peak of the German offensive will be met and broken."

Another correspondent attributes the decrease in German losses in proportion to British in the latest raids to the Germans' greatly increased fighter protection.

A. A. Takes Impressive Toll

Furthermore, he adds, British anti-aircraft batteries, "which were once the weakest part of British defences, are now speedily taking a more impressive toll of the Germans."

Describing how a bomber, trapped by British planes, loosed its bombs on the poorest section of London, one correspondent declared that though everyone was watching and could see the bombs coming, they stood in the streets and cheered their own planes.

The "New York Times" correspondent, in a cable headed "Nazi bombers fail to cripple Britain," declares that the people and factory workers are standing up excellently.

He adds that the widespread raids have done astonishingly little damage, and industrial production has not been really affected.

Ineffectiveness of Raids

"It can be said with assurance that unless the *Blitzkrieg* becomes far worse, Hitler can never break this country from the air," concludes the correspondent of the "Times."

Another correspondent, after a 150-miles' tour from Margate to Southampton, said that the "ineffectiveness of German air attacks puzzled inhabitants all along the way."

The writer declared that he could not find a single military objective of any importance which had been hit, but almost in every case destruction was in the poorest working-class residential districts.

"It is easy to see," he added, "how the *moral* of the people of Portsmouth has not been affected. The Germans have failed to do any military damage or dislocate the normal routine of the population or terrorise them."—Reuter.

Japan Sending New Consul to Shanghai

Drastic Reshuffle of All Diplomatic and Consular Representatives Abroad

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

Mr. Tateki Horiuchi, Director of the East Asiatic Affairs Bureau of the Foreign Office, has been appointed Japanese Consul-General in Shanghai in succession to Mr. Yoshiaki Miura, it was announced by the Foreign Office today.

The new Consul-General will also be concurrently Councillor of the Japanese Embassy in China. Mr. Horiuchi was appointed Consul-General in Shanghai in the drastic reshuffle of Japanese diplomatic and consular representatives abroad.

Well-informed sources stated that more than two dozen diplomatic and consular representatives abroad will be affected by the reshuffle. Approximately half of the changes to be made were formally announced in the Foreign Office Gazette today.

Mr. Kumaichi Yamamoto, Director of the Trade Bureau of the Gaimusho, it was announced, will succeed Mr. Horiuchi as Director of the East Asiatic Affairs Bureau. Mr. Itaro Mizuno, Secretary of the Foreign Office will succeed Mr. Yamamoto.

London Appointment

The announcement further revealed that Mr. Shinichi Uyemura, First Secretary of the Foreign Office, will assume the post of Councillor of the Japanese Embassy in London, while Mr. Yutaka Tsuchida, also First Secretary of the Foreign Office, will become Councillor of the Japanese Embassy in China.

Mr. Toyoichi Nakamura, Secretary of the Foreign Office, it was announced, will become Japanese Consul-General in Prague, while Mr. Otoji Saito will remain as Japanese Consul-General at Batavia.

Mr. Ichiji Kameyama, First Secretary of the Japanese Embassy in Hsingking, it was added, will become head of the Telegraph Section of the Foreign Minister's Secretariat.

Mr. Kuramatsu Murai, Minister to Thailand, and Mr. Tetsuichiro Miyake, Minister, who are on the waiting list; Mr. Goro Morishima, Councillor of the Japanese Embassy in China; Mr. Atsuara Amagi, Councillor of the Japanese Embassy in Brazil, and Mr. Hirofumi Terashima, Councillor, who also is on the waiting list, were relieved of their titles upon their own request. Mr. Yasuto Shudo, Commercial Secretary of the Japanese Embassy at London, also was relieved of his post upon his own request.

Minister-at-Large Dismissed

Mr. Sotomatsu Kato, Minister-at-Large, according to the Foreign Office announcement, was dismissed from office.

Meanwhile circles close to the Gaimusho reported on good authority today that Embassy Councillor Shunichi Matsumoto, who is en route to Tokyo from Nanking with the text of the Sino-Japanese Treaty concluded on August 31, will be appointed Director of the Treaty Bureau of the Foreign Office succeeding Mr. Takanobu Mitani who will be named Japanese Minister to Switzerland.

Mr. Mitani, who served in 1921 as Third Secretary attached to the Japanese Delegation to the League of Nations, was appointed First Secretary of the Japanese Embassy in Paris in 1934 and subsequently Embassy Councillor. He became Director of the Treaty Bureau of the Foreign Office in May 1937.—Domei.

Chungking Denies Reds Holding Key Posts

Fewer Left-Wing Leaders Participate in Govt.

Chungking, Sept. 2.

Contrary to reports that Communist or left wing leaders are occupying important posts in the Chungking Government, there is not one Communist leader occupying an important post in the Government, excepting possibly Mr. Chow En-lai, who is Vice-Minister of Political Affairs on the board the National Military Council.

Furthermore, there are signs that fewer and fewer so-called left wing leaders are actively participating in the Government. One of the latest changes is the removal of Mr. Kuo Ma-jo, famous left wing author and poet from the post as Director of Publicity Department of the Political Affairs Board of the Council, following the resignation of General Chenicherge.

There has been a complete overhauling of the department following the removal of Kuo Mo-jo, since the department has been noted for the inclusion of a number of left wing writers and playwrights.

It is learned that Miss Chen Tze-chiu, another well-known left wing authoress and head of the Cultural Affairs Department of the National Women's Supervisory Committee under Madame Chiang Kai-shek, has left Chungking after resigning from her post. It is understood that she has joined the New 4th Army in east China.—Reuter.

Two Years' War Hinted By Sig. Gayda

Rome, Sept. 2.

Indications that Italy is preparing for a two year's war, into which the United States may be dragged, were seen when the first anniversary of the European War was celebrated throughout Italy yesterday.

The mouthpiece of Premier Mussolini, Sig. Virginio Gayda, declared in an editorial that Italy is ready for two more years of fighting.—United Press.

Argentine Gift Beef in England

Five hundred tons of Argentine beef, with an estimated value of £20,000, donated by Argentine ranchers to the British armed forces, arrived in England yesterday, according to an official statement from London late last night.

THE British Ministry of Labour has stated that fishermen and other members of fishing crews are no longer reserved under the schedule of reserved occupations and may join any of the services as volunteers.

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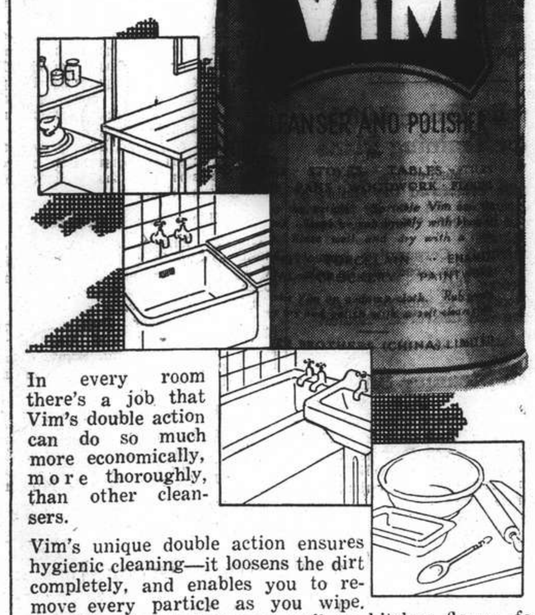

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July 1940

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Too Talkative Witness Given Rebuke by Judge

Trial of Dispute Over Rent Adjourned Until Independent Witnesses Can Be Called

THE propensity of some witnesses to give long explanations in reply to simple questions was the subject of comment from the bench in H. M. Supreme Court yesterday. The defendant in the case, Mrs. W. F. Davis, who insisted on writing down her name on a slip of paper, explained that her first name was Greek and impossible to pronounce. She was sued by Mr. N. Ciker, for $80 rent for August before Assistant Judge P. Grant Jones.

Defendant gave voluble answers to questions from the bench, which prompted His Lordship to enquire if she had read an article in the "North-China Daily News" yesterday about talking too much. When she replied in the negative, His Lordship observed: "Well then, read it, read it."

Plaintiff told the court that Mrs. Davis paid her first month's rent and an equal sum as deposit simultaneously. The claim, he said, was for rent for the second month. He said he rented her the ground floor of a house newly constructed.

When asked if she had any questions to put to witness Mrs. Davis wanted to know why he had caused her a loss of $3,000 and the time of three workmen and declared that the ceiling of her place was leaking badly. This was denied by Mr. Ciker.

Plaintiff went on to say that there was a written lease in German between him and Mrs. Davis and produced an English translation of it, pointing out that there was a stipulation about rentals being payable in advance.

Mrs. Davis in the witness-box said she did not pay the rent for the second month because plaintiff did not repair the ceiling which leaked badly after each rain. The premises, she continued, were opposite a cinema and she intended to use them as a café to sell refreshments to cinema-goers. She said she had been promised a licence by the Municipal Council and said that the Fire Brigade and Health Department had sent various inspectors to see the premises and they told her the licence would be withdrawn, as they thought the premises unfit for business, pointing out that the plaster on the ceiling might come off and was a danger to customers.

Water from Verandah

Witness went on to say that the ceiling leaked after each rain, the first leakage occurring in July when, she said, she complained to Mr. Ciker who said he would tell the landlord. After each rain, she said, water would come to the ground floor from the verandah and first floor, which plaintiff told the court was rented to a Mr. McGregor.

Mr. Ciker pointed out to the court that there was a spot on the ceiling which was seen by the architect of the house, Mr. Gabriel Rabinovich. The spot he explained, was unavoidable, because of dampness, the house being only recently built.

In adjourning the case *sine die* His Lordship remarked:

"It is obviously impossible to decide this case on the evidence before me. One of the parties is lying and the only way to arrive at the truth of the matter is to call independent or comparatively independent witnesses. I shall adjourn the case so that the parties may call further evidence."

Loafers Smash Windows Of Three Buses

Employees Manhandled By Chinese Gang

Outrages against the personnel and property of the China General Omnibus Company continued on Sunday afternoon when the windows of three buses were smashed and several Chinese employees of the company manhandled by a gang of Chinese hooligans. This attack, which took place at 2.15 p.m. on Sunday, came close on the heels of another incident, on Friday afternoon, when a Chinese bus inspector was severely beaten up by several passengers near the Szechuen Road bridge.

The first bus to be attacked was on the No. 2 Route. The vehicle was travelling in Columbia Road when sixteen Chinese in plain clothes stopped it just before the Fah Wha bridge. The malefactors, armed with a pistol, then forced all the passengers out of the bus and proceeded to smash the windows. A Chinese regulator, who happened to be in the bus at the time of the attack, sustained slight injuries to his face when he attempted to stop the gang from causing damage to the vehicle.

Having done their dirty work, the miscreants remained in the vicinity of the bridge and awaited the arrival of other buses. The windows of two more vehicles were broken and the drivers maltreated by the gang before they decamped.

There is no regular police post near the Fah Wha bridge and the absence of police explains why the hooligans were not afraid to remain there in wait for other buses. No motive for the outrage was given but it was believed that it had been instigated by some dissatisfied ex-employee of the company.

French Soldier Fires To Stop Japanese Car

Misunderstanding Stated To Be the Reason

A French soldier, on patrol duty with French Municipal Police, was forced to fire into the air at about 12.40 p.m. yesterday when a car, with four Japanese gendarmes, in plain clothes, failed to stop at the order of a police search party in Avenue du Roi Albert, near Route Frelupt.

The chauffeur of the car stopped after the shot had been fired and the passengers were allowed to proceed as soon as they had been questioned by the police.

Nothing serious was attached to the affair by French Police officials, who stated that the incident had occurred through misunderstanding, the intentions of the search party not being known to the Japanese.

Consulate Closed for American Labour Day

Few Shanghai Observances Although Popular in U.S.

There were few observances of American Labour Day in Shanghai yesterday, practically the only sign being the closure of the American Consulate-General to business. A few American business firms were also shut. Labour Day is widely celebrated in America, coming as it does, on the first Monday in September, it provides a long week-end, and is therefore greatly appreciated by people wishing to get away to the country for a holiday.

Following agitation by the "Knights of Labour" in the 'eighties, for a holiday in honour of labourers, steps were taken to provide legislation, which was finally passed by Congress in 1894, making the day a national holiday. All factories and industrial organizations remain closed in America, general festivities such as banquets, speeches and baseball games being the order of the day.

Shipping with Haiphong May Be Resumed

Shipping circles in Shanghai are reported by the Shing Sheng News Agency to be preparing to resume shipping between here and Haiphong, which has been suspended for the past few days in view of the troubled situation in Indo-China, it being asserted that an agreement for resuming shipping has been reached between the British and French authorities. The negotiations were concluded on Friday last, the report states, and the next day British authorities in Hongkong allowed French steamers there to leave the colony.

Inquiries made with shipping circles by the "North-China Daily News" revealed that no advices had yet been received from Hongkong in regard to departures of British steamers from Shanghai for Haiphong. The Chinese report states, however, that this is only a matter of time.

Japanese Training Ships Arrive in Shanghai

It was announced yesterday that two Japanese training ships, the Katori and the Kashima, had arrived in Shanghai and would remain here until September 6. In command of the Squadron is Vice-Admiral M. Shimizu.

Blockade Causing Crisis Here

Inability to Trade Said Arousing Fears for Next Settlement Day

Total collapse of native goods manufacturers and transportation firms in Shanghai which may also eventually affect bankers is predicted in a report published by the "Central China Daily News" if the blockade situation in Fukien and Chekiang does not improve before the Mid-Autumn Festival (September 16), which is a Chinese settlement day.

The serious trade situation in Shanghai is said to be unprecedented following the blockade by the Japanese of important coastal districts in Chekiang and Fukien. If the situation does not improve not only native goods manufacturers and transportation firms but also Customs brokers and banks will also be involved in the collapse.

It is pointed out, however, that shipping circles are trying their utmost to send steamers to Chekiang and Fukien while at the same time starting a new route to Siam. If they succeed in carrying out the first plan, then Chinese goods in Shanghai may be able to recover their domestic market, and if they succeed in carrying out the second scheme, it will help to make good the losses suffered by Chinese merchants as a result of the closing of Indo-China.

Anway, the report asserts, one success may save Shanghai Chinese trade from total collapse but if none of the plans can be carried out, the future will be "unthinkable."

Compradore Stores To Answer Fraud Charges

New Section of S.M.P. Brings Quick Results

No less than fourteen summonses for fraud have been taken out against compradore stores in Bubbling Well Road, who will be charged with selling short weight packets of sugar by the Weights, Measures and Police Licensing Squad of the Shanghai Municipal Police.

This new section of the Shanghai Municipal Police, established with a view of combatting profiteering and defrauding in the Settlement, came into being on August 15, with Sub-Inspector R. I. Fernandez, formerly with the Central Station, in charge.

Investigations concerning many reported cases of short weighing were started almost immediately and many compradore stores in the Bubbling Well district were visited. Fourteen of these were found to be selling short weight packets of sugar, the deficiency varying from half an ounce to almost three ounces per packet. This deficiency was calculated on the gross weight of the packets.

The Judicial Section of the Shanghai Municipal Police has asked the First District Court to deal with these cases as soon as possible, and the hearings have been set for tomorrow and Thursday.

Police Commissioner to Return Today

Outside Roads Talks to Be Launched Soon

Negotiations on outside roads will be speeded up by the arrival of Major K. M. Bourne, Commissioner of the Shanghai Municipal Police, who is expected to arrive here today, after spending his annual leave in Weihaiwei.

Major Bourne will resume his duties on Wednesday and a meeting between the municipalities concerned will be held soon after.

Captain H. M. Smyth. F.B.E., who has been acting Commissioner during Major Bourne's absence, will go on his annual leave on Friday.

River Police Station Removed to Pootung

At Customs Jetty Since Beginning of Hostilities

The River Police Pootung Point station, which was removed to the Customs Jetty at the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese hostilities in August 1937, was moved from her berth to her old position on the Pootung side of the Whangpoo at 11 a.m. yesterday.

Prior to the removal of the hulk, Captain W. Woodfield, Chief of the River Police, and Inspector J. Kirichok, in charge of the station, inspected the float before making necessary arrangements for its transfer.

"Oriental Affairs"

THE first editorial article in the September issue of "Oriental Affairs" deals with "Japan's New National Structure," and is followed by "The Consuls and Terrorism." "Japan and Australia—Proposed Exchange of Diplomats," "The Shanghai Defence Force—Withdrawal of British Garrisons." and "'D' Sector." Special articles include "The Nazi Fifth Column in Japan," by "Examiner": "Japan's New Foreign Policy," by Inpei Fukuda; "The British Defence Force—A Brief Record"; "Li Yuan-hung—Early Republican Leader": "Control of Imports in North China," by W. V. Pennell; "Chinese Press Comments" in August. There is a "Review of Shanghai's Industrial Condition for the Month of June 1940" by Frederick Wang, and the customary "Monthly Review of Economic Conditions in China" by Y. S. Shen. Far Eastern Correspondence is from Japan and North China while Notes and Comments and book reviews complete the issue.

Consulate Sets Hours For Volunteers

It is announced for the information of British subjects wishing to volunteer for service with the British forces that the existing facilities for supplying particulars, and assisting applicants to make the requisite arrangements, will continue to be available at the same office in H.M. Consulate-General during the hours of 11 a.m. to noon and 2.30 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Opportunities have been extended for service in various other capacities, the details of which are obtainable by enquiry at the above office.

Chinese Rice Merchant Abducted by Gang

Family Receives Warning Against Notifying Police

After taking a day off on Sunday, Chinese kidnappers were on the warpath again yesterday when six of them abducted King Pung-zang, a rich Chinese rice dealer, at the corner of Edinburgh and Brenan Roads at 10.15 a.m.

The victim, the owner of two large rice shops, was proceeding from his rice shops at 506 Brenan Road to his other shop at 363 Edinburgh Road when he was approached by the kidnappers. Two of them brandished pistols and forced King into a Johnson garage taxi and drove towards the Chinese territory.

Later in the morning, the family of the kidnapped merchant, residing at 506 Brenan Road, received a telephone call from the abductors, who declared that they were keeping the merchant in a country hut and warned the family against notifying the police, saying that they would kill him if they did so.

Nevertheless, the case became known to the Bubbling Well Police station and investigations were started. It was believed that the crime had been committed for ransom.

Second District Court President Suspended

Relative Said Concerned In Opium Deal

Judge Yang Chi, president of the Second Special District Court has been suspended for five years by the Chinese government at Chungking, being held responsible for an opium deal in which his relative, an official of the court, was sentenced some time ago to life imprisonment. The new president of the court, Judge Chen Mow-hsien, has taken up his duties.

Sheng Lai-wei, another official of the court in charge of stolen articles placed in the custody of the court, also has been suspended for three years.

The case dates back to last year, but the news only leaked out yesterday when it was learned that the Central Officials Disciplinary Committee had acted. Judge Yang was even once detained by the High Court here and the Supreme Court once sent a procurator to Shanghai to investigate.

Trouble centred round an opium case last year when Ching Meng-lung, a relative of Judge Yang and an official of the court, was found to have taken out 16 pounds of opium confiscated by the court, for sale. He was travelling in a motor car going in a westerly direction but was stopped by the police and subsequently sentenced to life imprisonment. Two accomplices drew 10 years each.

The Kiangsu High Court, considering the serious nature of the case, immediately started investigations, bringing the matter to Chungking's attention.

Mr. Julean Arnold Honoured

Departing Commercial Attache Entertained At American Club

Six Sino-American organizations gave a joint dinner last night at the American Club in honour of the departing America Commercial Attaché, Mr. Julean Arnold, at which he was presented with mementoes from the associations concerned. Mr. R. P. Butrick, U. S. Consul-General in Shanghai, made a prseentation on behalf of the American University Club, and addressed a few remarks of appreciation to Mr. Arnold for his work in forwarding Sino-American trade affairs.

Mr. Arnold, who has been connected with Chinese commerce for nearly forty years, is expected to leave Shanghai soon, and make his home in California, near San Francisco. He is accepted as an expert on American-Chinese trade, and has furthered relations between the two countries to a great degree. He has twice brought out the "Commercial Handbook for China".

Dr. Y. C. Yang, president of Soochow University, made a short address during ihe dinner to the retiring Commercial Attaché in which he thanked him for his work in China. At 9.15 the presidents of the various organizations honouring Mr. Arnold, each presented him with a memento and made a short address. The mementoes which took the form of scrolls and seals, were suitably inscribed with appreciations of Mr. Arnold's contribution to China. Mr. Arnold made a brief reply, thanking the associations for the mementoes.

The organizations represented were the American University Club, whose president is Mr. Richard P. Butrick; the American Returned Students Asscciation; the National Nutrition Aid Council; the Shanghai Y's Men's Club; the Chinese Art Council: and the Sino-Foreign Group.

Columbia Club Plans

To judge from the reservations already received by the secretary of the American Association it is evident that there will be a large and representative turn-out at the Columbia Country Club tomorrow evening to bid farewell to Mr. and Mrs. Julean Arnold. The club's facilities are limited to three hundred, and those who have not yet made their reservations should do so at once through the secretary. Mr. J. M. Howes, care of the American Club, telephone 14742.

At the speaker's table Dr. McMullen will preside. An address will be given by Judge Milton J. Helmick after which the community will hear from Mr. Arnold himself.

The reception will begin at 8.15 p.m., and dinner will be served at about 8.45 o'clock. Later in the evening there will be dancing.

According to the information given out, reservations can be made for special table parties, while individuals and smaller groups will be nicely provided for.

Local Poles Observe War Anniversary

Charge d'Affaires Urges Continued Efforts

Important events took place in Shanghai's Polish community on the first anniversary of the German invasion of Poland. At 9 o'clock on Sunday morning a Mass and Requiem in memory of those killed in battle was held in the Church of St. Francis, 141 Avenue Dubail, which was attended by the entire Polish colony.

In the afternoon the colony gathered in the Polish Legation. The Polish Chargé d'Affaires in China, M. Stanislas de Rosset, gave a comprehensive survey of events precedent to war one year ago, and briefly described the resistance of Polish armed forces to the German invaders. He concluded by emphasizing the necessity for maintaining the spirit of indomitable determination to carry on the struggle in every way possible.

Next to speak was Mr. Kzuszanowski, and finally Dr. S. Tomaszewski appealed to all present to increase their regular donations to the fund for war victims and the prosecution of the war.

Sgt. Sausage Declared Still in Shanghai

Finally settling all controversy regarding the whereabouts of Sergeant Sausage, mascot of the recently departed Seaforth Highlanders, following investigations by the "North-China Daily News" yesterday, it was learned from the most authoritative sources that Sausage is still in Shanghai.

It was understood that the Seaforths were compelled to leave their famous "wonk" in Shanghai in order to avoid quarantine difficulties on arrival at their port of disembarkation, and some few days before the troops departed, they handed Sausage over to the Shanghai Municipal Police for safekeeping.

It is believed that Sausage will be given an honorary post as Probationary Sergeant, S.M.P., in a short time. It was stated last night that Sergeant Sausage was in the best of health and was swiftly recovering his spirits.

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Yanks Win Double-Header To Threaten Indians

Indians Make Clean Sweep of Cleveland-Chicago Series By Taking White Sox: Browns Drop Tigers

New York, Sept. 1.

THE New York Yankees won a double-header from the Washington Senators yesterday to drive within four and a half games of the Cleveland Indians, present leaders in the American League race.

The Indians meanwhile battled for their ranking position by defeating the Chicago White Sox 7 to 4 to make a clean sweep of the Cleveland-Chicago series.

The second place Detroit Tigers weakened, dropping an 8 to 2 decision to the St. Louis Browns.

In the National League all teams played double-headers. The league-leading Cincinnati Reds won both ends of a double-header with the Chicago Cubs, in each case by a slim one score margin.

Coming back strong after a brief slump, the Brooklyn Dodgers served notice that they were still in the pennant race by trouncing the New York Giants twice.

Succeeding the Giants in fourth place were the Pittsburgh Pirates who defeated the St. Louis Cardinals 10 to 0 in the opener of their twin bill. The nightcap was called in the eleventh inning with the score tied at 5 to 5.

NATIONAL LEAGUE
(Openers)

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	1	6	0
Boston	2	7	1
Batteries: Mulcahy and Warren; Tobin and Berres.			
New York	1	5	0
Brooklyn	4	8	1
Batteries: Schumacher and Danning; Grissom and Franks.			
St. Louis	0	4	3
Pittsburgh	10	15	0
Batteries: Shoun, Doyle and Owen; Heintzelman and Davis.			
Chicago	5	12	0
Cincinnati	6	8	1
Batteries: Lee, Bryant and Collins, Hartnett; Turner, Beggs and Lombardi. (Nightcaps)			
Philadelphia	0	6	3
Boston	10	13	1
Batteries: Pearson, Beck and Warren, Arwood; Salvo and Masi.			
New York	3	7	0
Brooklyn	7	15	1
Batteries: Melton, Lynn, Brown and O'Dea; Wyatt and Mancuso.			
St. Louis	5	7	0
Pittsburgh	5	12	3
(Called in eleventh inning, Sunday Law).			
Batteries: Bowman and Owen, Padgett; Lanahan, Klinger, Brown and Lopez.			
Chicago	1	5	0
Cincinnati	2	5	0
Batteries: French and Collins, Hartnett; Moore, Beggs and Baker, Lombardi.			

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Washington	2	3	0
New York	3	7	2
Batteries: Leonard and Ferrell; Ruffing and Dickey.			
Washington	0	4	0
New York	3	10	1
Batteries: Masterson, Monteagudo and Early; Bonham and Rosar.			
Cleveland	7	12	0
Chicago	4	6	1
Batteries: Milnar, Dobson, Feller and Pytak; Lyons and Tresh.			
Detroit	2	4	2
St. Louis	8	12	0
Batteries: Gorsica, McKain, Newhouser and Tebbets; Niggeling and Susce.			
Boston-Philadelphia: rain (doubleheader).			

Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
Cleveland	75	50	.600
Detroit	72	54	.571
New York	70	54	.565
Boston	68	57	.544
Chicago	63	61	.508
Washington	52	73	.416
St. Louis	52	76	.406
Philadelphia	46	73	.387

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Cincinnati	79	45	.637
Brooklyn	71	52	.577
St. Louis	63	57	.525
Pittsburgh	64	59	.520
New York	62	60	.508
Chicago	61	65	.484
Boston	52	72	.419
Philadelphia	39	81	.325

—United Press.

International Trophy For Badminton

Two Zones to Compete for Thomas Cup Triennially

London, Sept. 2.

An international trophy for Badminton, to be run on similar lines to that of the Davis Cup in lawn tennis, was presented by Sir George Thomas at the annual meeting of the International Badminton Federation in London.

Deferred on account of the war, the tournament will begin when normal conditions are resumed. It is proposed that it will be held triennially and be divided into two geographical groups—American and European zones.

Sir George Thomas was re-elected president of the Federation and representatives were present from Australia, Canada, Malaya, U.S.A., Mexico, and France.—Reuter.

U.S. National Horse Show to Be Held

Mexican and South American Teams Invited

New York, Sept. 2.

Despite the war, which precludes any possibility of European military jumping teams coming to compete in the International jumping events, the National Horse Show will be held as usual this year. The Show, which is the 55th., is scheduled for Madison Square Garden from November 6 to 13, Mr. Amory L. Haskell, president of the Horse Show announced.

Invitations have been issued to Mexico and to countries in South American to send teams to compete with the United States army teams in the international jumping events. Proceeds from this year's show are to be donated to some worthy charity. —Reuter.

Lawn Tennis Schedule

The following is the revised schedule of Lawn Tennis matches. This cancels the arrangements previously made.

Thursday 5 at 4.45 p.m. Roper Cup Finals.

Saturday 7 at 3 p.m. Mens Singles Sr. Semi-finals L. D. Carson *v.* H. C. Collaco to be followed by Mens Doubles Semi-finals.

Sunday 8 at 3 p.m. Mens Singles Sr. Semi-finals V. T. Wong *v.* T. C. Chen to be followed by Mens Doubles Semi-finals Carson and Squires *v.* Collaco and Forbes.

Saturday 14 at 4 p.m. Mens Singles Sr Finals.

Sunday 15 at 4 p.m. Mens Doubles Finals.

Draw for Ladies Singles

Mrs. H. C. Collaco—bye Mrs. L. H. ten bruggen Cate—bye: Mrs. W. Nishimura *v.* Miss Becee Lo; Mrs. S. Bradley *v.* Miss B. Harrop; Miss M. S. Holwill *v.* Miss Rosita Chu; Miss M. Ouei—bye: Miss B. V. Schubert—bye: Mrs. J. S. Smith—bye.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Children's Swimming Gala at French Club

The Cercle Sportif Francais held its 17th Annual Children's Swimming Gala in the Club's spacious pool on Saturday afternoon. Pictured above is the start of a novel race in which contestants were seated in round tubs and endeavoured to paddle themselves the length of the swimming bath.

Professional Boxing Card Set for Tonight

Big Drawing Attraction to Include 60 Rounds Of Fighting and Novel Battle Royal

THE big professional boxing card for the benefit of the Central British War Fund, postponed from last Saturday, will be held tonight, weather permitting, it was announced late yesterday evening by Messrs. Hal P. Mills and S. P. Wolfin, of the Shanghai Sports Association. In the event of inclement weather, it was stated, the card, which will include 60 rounds of professional boxing, plus a Battle Royal, will be held the following night.

The promoters, who are making every effort to give fight fans regular boxing cards, at least twice per month, were cheered yesterday by the return to the city of "Admiral Charley Chase" Collaco, the one-time Funny Man of the local ring, and who will oppose "Kid" Ruckenstein in a six-round set-to. The bout will mark the first appearance of Collaco as a "straight" fighter, the Portuguese ex-clown having decided to do away with his humorous antics and to attempt to prove his worth strictly as a fighter. The result should prove interesting.

Profits for War Fund

The fight card will be held on the open-air site at the north east corner of Chengtu and Bubbling Well Roads, entrance on Chengtu Road, and the entire boxing profits will be donated to the Central British War Fund. Tickets purchased for the scheduled programme last Saturday may be used for tonight's card, it is explained.

The sale of tickets has been materially helped with the announcement of a special added attraction in the form of a Battle Royal between six young and husky foreigners, who are scheduled to fight it out for six continuous minutes, or until all save one man have either quit or been knocked out.

Main Event of Evening

The main event of the card will bring together tough Boris Zatz, who has long aspired to the welterweight championship of China, and rugged Sam Lewko, who recently covered himself with glory in defeat at the hands of the flashy Marine welterweight, "Happy" Welch. The latter, incidentally, yesterday hurled a challenge at the welterweight champion of China, George Levchenko, to oppose him in a title bout over the ten-round route, rounds to be of three minutes each, and on a winner-take-all basis.

Levchenko is a member of the River Police and cannot fight professionally without special permission but so far as he is concerned he has signified willingness to take on the ace Marine for the title.

The card scheduled for tonight will also mark the return to the ring of "Baby" Gourevich, always a crowd-pleaser, who will oppose a newcomer, one "Young Shanghai" in a six-round affair.

Interesting Semi-Final

The semi-final has aroused both Chinese and foreign interest and will see Little Thunderstorm, claimant to the fly-weight championship of China, opposed to game and experienced "Kid" Gabler in a six round bout. Little Thunderstorm yesterday invited Gabler to battle on a winner-take-all basis.

Admission will be $8, $6, $4 and $2. Tickets available at Messrs. Squires, Bingham; Monk's Brass Rail and the 4th Marines Club. Also at the boxing site after 6 p.m.

FORD TAXIS
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Possibility of Racing at Home

Many Horses Being Killed In England Due to Cost Of Upkeep

London, July 15.

There is a great optimism among sportsmen that we shall have racing again in the Autumn. It is based on an official statement from Weatherby's which shows the Jockey Club have not abandoned hope and it may be assumed the statement was not made without Government approval. Here it is: "Although the stewards of the Jockey Club readily agree with the Government that racing is impossible at the present time, and that a definite date cannot be fixed for its resumption, they hope that it may prove possible to organise meetings in the autumn."

It is a timely announcement that owners and trainers will cheer even if the hope does not materialize. One hears of more and more horses being destroyed, and the big training centres bear silent melancholy witness to a war-wrecked sport. It is heartbreaking to take a walk through derelict Newmarket, where once a quarter of the 10,000 inhabitants had some form of racing employment. Of the 1500 valuable horses normally in Newmarket stables, about half have gone and most of the rest have been turned out. Meanwhile the Aga Khan, who has sunk a million pounds in bloodstock in less than 20 years, has seen the edifice of his gigantic enterprise suffer more severely than any other sportsman through the war. One is reminded of this by the announcement that he is prepared to sell his eleven Irish-bred yearlings as a lot for 400 guineas each. At Newmarket's Sales in December his Irish yearlings fetched an average of 2,147 guineas each. This gives some idea of the crash in values which follows in the wake of the racing stoppage. Not only has the Aga Khan seen the value of his English and Irish stock blown sky-high, but his 14 English and French-bred yearlings are in German-occupied France.

Practically every American owner who has been racing in this country has ordered his horses to be returned to America. Most other countries can now supply their own wants. Breeders here would be satisfied if they could dispose of the yearlings. That would give them stud room to carry on.

Scores of pedigree racehorses worth anything between £30—£200 each before the War are being slaughtered day by day because their owners cannot afford their keep. Now they are worth about £1 each to the owners, the price paid by the slaughterhouse for the skin. The only market left open for pedigree racing stock is America, but American buyers will now only pay the high insurance and freightage for the "top-notchers." Coronach, 17 year old Derby winner of 1926, is one of the luckier old timers. His owner, Lord Woolavington, stipulated in his will that Coronach should never be sold. So the veteran was given to Mr. John Donald, of Westmere, New Zealand, who paid all transport costs.

Irish Breeders Hard-Hit

England is not the only country in which racing is having a bad time. Hundreds of small breeders in Ireland, who in days of peace looked to England as a profitable and unfailing market, find now that they cannot sell. France, of course, is the country worse hit. Racing there must be in a completely chaotic state. Almost all the best blood-stock farms are in the rich lands of the Seine and Orne valleys, occupied by the German army. One does not need much imagination to guess what has happened to the valuable sires, brood mares and young colts and fillies running in the paddocks.

Where is Pharis II. winner of the French Derby and Grand Prix, for which M. Boussac refused a fortune, last year? And what of Djebel, who, after a Two Thousand victory, was to have taken on our colts in the Derby, but was stranded in France? There are many others, equally famous. Over many years French sportsmen had been building up formidable blood strains which were challenging our best for speed and stamina. Now, it would seem all their work had crashed to the ground, for if the pick of the French stock has passed into enemy hands no credence will be placed on pedigree supplies by the Germans after the war.

The Aga Khan's valuable stallions Bahram and Mahmoud have been sent to Ireland. They had been standing at the Egerton Stud at Newmarket. Bahram won the Triple Crown (the Two Thousand Guineas, Derby and St. Leger) in 1935 and Mahmoud won the Derby in 1936. Bahram won £43,086 in stakes before retiring to the stud. He is the sire of Turkhan, who finished second in the New Derby this year and later won the Irish Derby. Before the war Bahram's fee was 500 guineas and that of Mahmoud 300 guineas.

S.G.C. Monthly Cup

The Shanghai Golf Club's September Monthly Cup will be played for on Saturday and Sunday at Seekingjao. Conditions 18 Holes Medal, "A" Class Scr. to 12, "B" Class 13 to 24.

Snead, Nelson to Fight For Golf Title

Snead Picked to Win By Last Year's Champion

Hershey, Pa., Sept. 2.

Sam Snead, golfdom's greatest money winner, and Byron Nelson, last year's runner-up, today will fight it out for the 1940 Professional Golfers' Association championship on the Hershey Country Club links.

Snead, who has won more money in the past two years than any other golfer, reached the finals yesterday by beating H. "Jug" McSpaden, whom he trimmed two weeks ago for the Canadian title. Snead triumphed over McSpaden, 5 and 4.

Nelson entered the final round by defeating Ralph Guldahl, one up.

Snead is generally favoured to win, having been picked to snatch the title by Henry Picard, last year's champion, even before the start of the Journey.

Picard went down in the second round to Guldahl, 3 and 2. He annexed the title the hard way last year, taking the championship from Nelson. He dethroned the Texan in an extra-hole match with a birdie on the 37th green.—United Press.

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MANDARIN DIALOGUE ENGLISH SUB-TITLES
—BOOKING NOW OPEN!—

Woman's Page

A LONDON LETTER

By Olive Dun

London, July 10.

One takes pride in recording that the Dame of Sark, smallest of the Channel Islands, refused to be evacuated with the other Channel Islanders and remained with her daughter and grandchild to brave the German invasion.

Mrs. Hathaway, the Dame, is the ruler of the last feudal state in the western world, to which she succeeded her father in 1927. Sark measures 3½ miles long by 1½ wide and has a tiny harbour. Mrs. Hathaway pays a quit-rent of 50s. a year to the King and takes a toll from her subjects of a live fowl for every chimney-pot on their houses and a tithe of the wool of every sheep clipped. Sark has a parliament, but the Dame's rule is really absolute. Visitors have to pay a shilling on landing. No motor-cars are allowed on the island and the sea-gulls are strictly preserved because they warn fishermen when they are approaching the rocky shore.

In a letter to a friend in England, which got through just before the Germans arrived. Mrs. Hathaway said that she felt her duty was to stand by her people, and so did her daughter. So that's that.

* * *

Ladies Indomitable

Tales of the heroism of British women serving in France are too numerous to attempt to relate. Typical is the story of the 86 Salvation Army lasses who ran canteens for the B.E.F. and French troops in Flanders. Often they had to pack up their kitchens and make a hurried bolt as the Germans drew nearer. But they carried on as long as possible with an indifference to bombs that won the admiration of all. Often, too, they turned from "serving tables" to give first aid to the wounded. To the soldiers whom they tended it seems to have been almost as delightful to hear their English voices as to get their cups of tea. One soldier is said to have exclaimed, "Just nag at me a bit, Miss, it'll make me feel like being at home."

There were originally 89 girls. One was killed, two were sent home with shell-shock some weeks ago. The remainder carried on and were among the last to be evacuated.

The bravery of Mrs. Norman Cardwell, the farmer's wife "somewhere in north-east England," should certainly help those women who are agitating for the formation of a women's corps of the Local Defence Volunteers. You have probably heard by cable how Mrs. Cardwell saw a German airman drop by parachute 50 yards from her house and how she marched up to him, made him hold up his hands, took his pistol and held him captive until soldiers arrived. For which it is announced today that she has been awarded the medal of the Order of the British Empire on the personal recommendation of the Prime Minister, who called for an official report of the exploit and took it to the King.

* * *

Females of the Species

Two women M.P.'s are pressing strongly for women to be enrolled in the L.D.V. One of them, Mrs. Mavis Tate, Member for Frome, writes an amusing letter to "The Times" on the subject:

> It is obvious that the civilian woman has—at present—only one of three courses open to her should the enemy successfully invade, and temporarily hold, any part of this island:—(1) She may form part of a band of piteous but obstructive refugees; (2) she may remain where she is and watch with dignified disapproval the activities of the hateful Hun; or (3) she may resist to the best of her ability with such weapons as pokers, carving knives, and pepper. The Government has given us no lead as to which unattractive alternative it favours for us. It may just as well realize that many of us will adopt (3) regardless of instruction or consequence.

Mrs. Tate urges that all suitable women should at once be trained in the use of hand grenades, until rifles are available, and that there are hundreds of old soldiers, not yet called up, who would gladly undertake the training. As there are; and I can think of several women among my acquaintance who would jump at the chance of being enrolled.

Miss Eleanor Rathbone, M.P., is also eager to see women L. D. V.s She would have them serving, not only with rifles (many women are excellent shots) but as drivers, bicyclists and, where they know how to sail boats, as patrols around the coasts.

Miss Rathbone even wants to see them taken into the Secret Service, especially the linguists and students of politics. She argues that women would be far more useful than men among refugees in detecting fifth columnists. This is very Phillips Oppenheim. But the success of women detectives shows how much there is in Miss Rathbone's case.

* * *

A Religious War

War as waged by the Nazis and their hateful political creed has led to the revising of many once dearly held beliefs. Prominent among those who have changed is Dr. Maude Royden, the famous woman preacher. In 1914 she announced herself a pacifist, taking the Quaker attitude and holding the view that nothing is worse than war, which she has ever since preached.

Lately, however, she has recanted. She says that though still a pacifist in the ultimate sense, she feels that an even worse thing than war is Nazism, that there is only one way to deal with it, namely to fight and destroy it by force of arms, and that way we must take.

That the struggle against Nazism and Fascism is essentially a religious war like others that have torn the world at different times, is coming to be felt more and more deeply by all classes. One cannot but notice the large congregations that gather every Sunday in the churches, while the papers give a prominence to religious events and articles that reflect the general feeling. It seems all the stranger that such a man as Dr. Inge, who long before the war continually wrote of the conflict between Nazism and democracy as a war of religions, should hitherto have been one of the most obstinate opponents of our taking part in this one. But he may have come round recently. He has not been writing much of late.

What Nazism does for its pupils we never realized until brought into contact with them as prisoners. Their arrogance, insubordination, brutal manners, and (as shown by their callous and cowardly behaviour in the sinking of the Arandora Star) their selfish indifference for anything but their own safety have utterly disgusted those who have charge of them.

* * *

Thin Times for Arts

"Chu Chin Chow," the wonder record-breaker born in the last war, has come again, to play its 2,239th performance, and how many more none can say. On the first night of the revival there were spectators who could say that they had seen it 26, 36, one even 46 times. Only Sidney Fairbrother remains of the original cast. Of course the critics who remember Oscar Asche say that the new production is not like the old. But whether the play will please the audiences of today as it did those of 23 years ago depends on that curious and indefinable factor known as the spirit of the times. And all agree that the spirit of this war is totally different from that of the last.

Generally, the theatres are having a lean time. More than half of them are closed and revue fills most of those open. Theatrical leaders, Marie Tempest, Irene Vanbrugh, George Robey and others, met at lunch recently and agreed that the theatre was indispensable as a tonic in war time and must be kept going for the public good. But whether the people with money to pay for productions will share that view is another matter.

Another art which needs a stimulant is poetry. The Poetry Society which has been reviewing the poems produced by the war says that the general standard is far below that of the last war. There is today no Rupert Brooke, Raymond Asquith, Siegfried Sassoon or Alfred Noyes. It is thought that the mechanized nature of modern war has snuffed out the divine afflatus in a cloud of petrol fumes and superheated lubricating oils.

This explanation is not impressive. One recalls how Kipling scoffed at the idea that steam had killed romance at sea and in many poems proved it. A better explanation is, perhaps, that all recent poetry (some Philistines would deny it the name) is distinguished chiefly by its artificiality and the sense it gives of being produced by a small eclectic circle which particularly prides itself on its superiority to the ways of common men. Faced with reality in its horridest, most unescapable shape, this type of mind is paralysed. Its little intellectual tricks are utterly inadequate for such a cataclysm and it has no others.

* * *

Wartime Economics

Several new means of economizing have lately been preached to the patient and receptive householder. With these the adjurations to take advantage of the summer sales and spend wisely seem slightly incongruous. But here we touch the oldest problem of the war, namely, how to combine spending to enable manufacturers and shopmen to pay their taxes, and saving every penny to lend to the Government.

On the economy side I note that 250 girls in a Derbyshire factory are going without stockings, by which self-denial they expect to put £1,000 a year into National Savings. Another proposal from Major Harris, the Timber Controller, is that women should forego high heels. He says that by this means 50,000 tons of wood might be saved annually. And this would save both the national stocks and space in our ships. In fact, the loss of timber from the Continent is a serious matter and in ways of which the average person never thinks. For example, I know a maker of high-class wall-paper, who is in danger of ruin owing to the cutting off of soft wood from Norway.

The wine trade is also at a loss how to replenish its cellars when the comparatively small stocks in England are drunk up. Already a bottle of brandy costs £1. We shall have to fall back on wines from Australia and South Africa. I am a staunch upholder of the Empire (even when rabid democrats insist on speaking of it as "the Commonwealth"). But, to put it mildly, Empire wines seem to me an acquired taste, acquired slowly.

One other curious outcome of the war is that it is likely to give a fillip to the British button-making industry. Most of our buttons came from Italy. Buttons are for the most art made from "vegetable ivory," the basis of which is a nut imported from Ecuador. This is dried and sliced to the required shape by small saws, a skilled process requiring long practice. But wages are low in Italy and so the buttons could be made cheaply. Now we must make our own buttons.

At the Art in Industry exhibition at Burlington House some years ago I remember an enormous display of the number of loathsome things that can be made from compressed milk, buttons among them. It seems as good a use as any to which the stuff can be put.

* * *

It's An Ill Wind

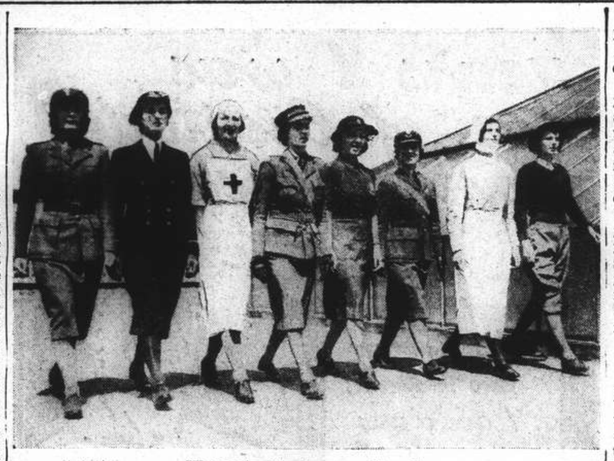
Girl bus conductors are here. The Green Line coaches and the London Passenger Transport buses that run into the country advertised for 250. They engaged one of the prettiest professional models in London, dressed her up in the proposed uniform, which is decidedly becoming, and put her picture in all the papers in the act of being indoctrinated in the mysteries of ticket-clipping by a handsome young male conductor. But even without this allure they got far more applicants than they could take. In the last war all the conductors of buses and trams in the provinces as well as London were girls. The mystery is that we have waited till now to see them again. But this is only one of the strange mysteries of those first nine months of complacency since last September.

Of course the public must find a name for the girl conductors. Some favour "conductorettes." But this is too long for a people who habitually talk of "rasps," "strawbs," "cars," and "chrysanths."

"Clippies," the other suggestion, seems altogether more suitable.

The Queen with Canadian Sailors

The Queen paid a visit to the West Central Hotel, Southampton Row, London, recently—the hotel now being used as a Salvation Army hostel for overseas troops. In the photograph Her Majesty is seen watching a game of snooker being played by Canadian sailors.



Women's Services on Parade

Members of every women's war organization parading at Harrod's where a special information centre was opened in connection with National Savings and National Service. (Left to right) Mechanized Transport Corps, Women's Royal Naval Service, Red Cross, Auxiliary Territorial Service, Women's Volunteer Service, Women's Auxiliary Air Force, St. John Ambulance Nursing Service, Land Army.

The Summer Diet

Doing Without Cooking

In the summer as much use as possible should be made of uncooked foods. This means a saving of fuel, time and energy, and better health for the family. The new researches into dietary problems have shown that the inclusion of a certain amount of raw food in the diet is not only good for the teeth but increases resistance to disease.

Raw foods must be used with discretion. Cows can make bone and muscle from grass; man cannot. The stomach of civilized man is a sensitive instrument, and does not work so well when the body or the mind is under-going strain, as in war-time. Many raw vegetables and green leaves consist chiefly of cellulose, which is not easy for the digestive juices to work on. One of the most digestible raw foods is the tomato and also one of the most valuable, as tomatoes contain vitamins and mineral salts. Rubbed through a fine sieve, they can be given to babies six months old with excellent results. Tomatoes should be served as often as possible during the summer months, when home-grown ones are available, and tinned ones should be used in the winter, when fresh tomatoes are scarce. It should be remembered, however, that tomatoes provide almost no energy or body-building material, and should be combined with other foods, such as cheese, eggs, or fish to make a square meal.

Some Practical Ideas

Stuffed tomatoes make an excellent light meal in hot weather. Here are one or two ideas for filling them: mashed sardine, the tomato pulp, seasoning, lemon juice, and breadcrumbs; cream cheese, onion juice, and the tomato pulp; sieved hard-boiled egg and chopped cress; anchovies, chopped lettuce and chopped spring onion.

Salads can be made with many more ingredients than we normally use, and cheaper ones, too. Raw vegetables and green leaves should be grated or chopped, or torn into small shreds, and served in moderate quantities. The garden will yield many saladings; even a window-box can be used to grow chives and mustard and cress. Young dandelion and nasturtium leaves can also be used.

The value of milk in the diet cannot be too strongly stressed. It needs little or no cooking to make palatable dishes, and if we can keep plenty of milk on the menu we shall not go ill nourished. The substitution of a glass of milk for a cup of tea will save not only tea but often sugar as well, and milk is not only a drink but a first-class food. Junkets and milk jellies should find a prominent place on the summer menu in place of cooked puddings. Cheese is another uncooked food which should appear often. Instead of eating it in lumps, which makes it indigestible for children and many adults, try grating it on salads, which makes it easy to digest and more palatable. A green salad with grated cheese, oil and lemon dressing on it, brown bread, and junket or a glass of milk make a perfect meal, and one which is not extravagant.

Of Course Use Artifice Says Norman Hartnell

Queen's Dressmaker Has a Word About Beauty

There is no excuse for anyone to be a plain Jane these days. You can with impunity paint a pretty picture on the homeliest countenance. And not only can—you should. It is a duty and a good deed in the world. If you show your face at its best you are truly being unselfish, for it is dreary to look upon a plain, unadorned face and a pleasure to see a pretty one. Your face should be your canvas to do with as you will, looking on the bone-work as the foundation on which to build your completed structure.

Not only your face—your nails, your hair, your eyelashes, all can be completely artificial if your own are not satisfactory. Of course, there is a risk attaching to artifice.

For instance, there is the sad story of a lady with whom I lunched not long ago. She wore the most perfect artificial nails, but—alas!—she dropped one in the *lobster thermidor*, and the waiter swept the dish away, thinking doubtless the crimson nail was a bit of shell!

There is the face lift when muscles sag. In the long-ago days, when this miracle was first devised, a friend of mine who was not quite sure how it would turn out insisted on her long-suffering and adoring husband having the process tried out on him. It was so successful that she eagerly followed suit—with the result that they both still appear to be in the first flush of youth. Except for her elderly waddle she might be twenty-five instead of more than sixty.

Changing the shape of your nose, slitting eyes at the corners to make them larger, face-lifts—these are all extreme measures and expensive hobbies. I want to tell you how to make the best of yourselves when you cannot afford such extravagances.

First of all have the sense to gauge your defects. Then glorify your good points. You must have beauty through brains. Think of Cleopatra—one of the world's most fascinating—positively ugly, so they say. But how she used cosmetics to her advantage!

Ugliness Can Be Attractive

Now ugliness can be just as attractive as, or more so than, pretty-prettiness. If you have definite features and a large mouth—emphasize them. (Think of Katharine Hepburn and Joan Crawford!) Glory in your faults. Decide once and for all on your type—and stick to it.

You don't have to be told nobody needs be fat these days, but you do need determination to slim — and brains to do it so that you don't ruin your face by overdoing it.

When you go shopping, never be led astray by a dress or a hat which might be perfect on someone else, but just isn't you.

If you are going grey, you must sum up the situation. Will grey hair suit your skin, your individuality, your type? Above all, what effect will it have on your admirer or husband? You must decide whether he will secretly rather admire the silver creeping in to your hair, or whether he would be horrified at the thought of your being old enough to go grey.

If he likes you young and blonde, be young and blonde—but do avoid that tiresome shade of yellow! And, speaking of hair, don't make the mistake of going to a very special rendezvous all pinked and steaming and nipped from the hairdresser's tongs.

Know the colours that suit the essential you and try to stick to a basic one, so that all your "bits" can be in contrast and show up better. If you have a good basic colour to work from all your accessories will "go" together and will be interchangeable as well as cheaper to buy.

Colours Which Like You

White is not easy to wear! It needs perfect tan make-up to look effective. It is fatal to anyone with hair of a rich mouse or mid-mud shade. To such I say, avoid as you would the plague white—or any pastel shade. If you have a sallow skin, it can be made glowing and lively by using apricot make-up. If you are a pastel person, gentle and rather quiet, perhaps, wear pastel colours.

If you are a vivid individual—wear vivid shades. And never make the error of thinking you can wear a colour because you happen to like that colour. You must not confound the issue with those colours which like you!

Blues are difficult for all but the very fair. Pink is nice for lampshades, and sometimes for sheets, but it will certainly drain everything from your face. Pale grey and violet have always been the prerogative of the elderly, but these colours have been sorely misused. Violet is brilliant for the skin, and shows up the lights in dark or auburn hair. Grey is one of the most becoming of all colours.

If you cannot afford to be smart you can always be soignée and bright as a new pin. Dispense with cheap furs and poor jewellery. They have a paralytic effect. A plain tweed coat is infinitely smarter than one with a cheap fur collar. Think, too when choosing your clothes, of your way of living—where you live, the people you go around with, your job, and—your love theme. These questions should determine the kind of clothes you should wear. And always remember that sprigged chintz is more seductive than satin and sequin and imitation fox capes.

The Queen's Example

The most perfect example of suitability in her clothes is her Majesty the Queen. No one plans her wardrobe with more careful thought than she. Her Majesty has to think of the thousands who see her daily, of the places to which her duties take her—in fact, of the life she lives and where she lives it—as I was advising you to do a few moments ago.

She has set a wonderful example to all the women of England in the matter of the kind of clothes that are suitable in time of war. All glamour and expensive luxury have gone from her wardrobe. Her clothes are simple, well cut, quiet, in lovely soft, happy colourings.

For instance, her Majesty has recently been seen wearing a suit of ashes of roses crêpe, pinky grey tweed, the colour of a bullfinch's plumage, with soft nutria fur showing inside the jacket and down the front. With this she wears a medium large Breton hat of the same colour.

* * *

Don't try to look better off than you are, advises Norman Hartnell. Men are not attracted to women because they look wealthy. On the contrary, it often scares them off. The average man is usually more interested in your face and hands than in your clothes.

Household Hints

After washing doe-skin or other skin gloves (leave plenty of clean soap in them at the final rinse), insert ten clothes-pegs, upside down, in the fingers and thumbs of each. Then hang the gloves from a line by placing safety pins through the button-holes and clasping them. Always hang the gloves in the shade. The pegs will keep the fingers from shrinking out of shape as the gloves dry, and they will be much more supple. A little olive oil in the rinsing water also helps to keep the gloves soft.

* * *

To air clothes, fill a hot-water bottle with hot water and wrap the clothes place the bottle on the seat of a cane chair or in a spot where air can freely circulate all round the bundle. After a few hours, the clothes will be completely aired and ready to wear.

* * *

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(L-3)

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The N. E. I.:
Not Orphan Country

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In your edition of August 31 (the anniversary of H.M. Queen Wilhelmina) you published an article from a correspondent of the United Press, "Jungles Guard Dutch Borneo," in which the correspondent says:

....the handful of Dutch officials and oil men who hover near radio sets realize that Holland is in German hands and the Netherlands East Indies now face a turbulent world as orphans.

I hope and believe that this is not true and that "Dutch officials and oil men" in Borneo see things as they are and have a stronger heart than the U.P. correspondent would make us believe.

The Netherlands East Indies orphans? Why?

According to our Constitution the Kingdom of the Netherlands consists of the territories in Europe, Asia and America. With superior power, and betrayal, the Germans occupied the European territory of the Kingdom, but that European territory is not two per cent. of the total territory of the Kingdom of the Netherlands. The population of that European territory amounts to not nine millions, the population of the other, free territories, to almost eighty millions.

For the time being the European territory of the Kingdom of the Netherlands is in German hands, but the Germans did not take our Queen, nor our Government, nor our fleet, nor our money, and even not the hearts of the population, which must live under oppression till the oppressor is beaten.

And the day will come....

The Netherlands East Indies orphans? Why?

On the free earth of the British Isles lives our Queen, our Mother, the Mother of the Fatherland; we have our Government, our Home Fleet is fighting at the side of the mighty British Navy; in Great Britain has been formed a new Netherlands army; a bigger army exists in the Netherlands East Indies, where we have also a modern fleet of cruisers, destroyers, submarines, and an Air Force which increases every month. And we have our money, in America, some milliards of good Netherlands guilders in gold.

It is not necessary to speak so compassionately of the Netherlands and the Netherlanders.

Is it unfortunate to live great moments of history, as these happening now? Or is it good luck?

This is a question of taste....and of heart.

J. K. BREDERODE

Shanghai, Sept. 1.

The Trams:
And Some Suggestions

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Thinking it is high time for the Tramway Co. to give their passengers (Chinese) some comfort while travelling, I beg humbly to submit the following suggestions:—

For the convenience of children a toilet should be built in or, if possible, a miniature tramcar should be attached so they could walk at will all over the seats, without running the risk of making other people's suits dirty, people who are paying a fare for travelling in more or less comfort, but not to be bothered by kids occupying seats, generally not paid for, may be they don't pay because they are mostly standing on them, not sitting down.

I further suggest the Company should provide slippers for the tired passengers who wish to put their feet on the seats, so as not to dirty other people's pants when they come in and have the right to sit down; besides the Company could make some extra money (or rather the conductors) by hiring out pillows for those who wish to take a rest and take a "snore," filling the air with delightful tunes for their fellow passenger's delight.

Last not least, spittoons should be hung and put all over the car, and at the door between the 1st and 3rd class there should be a piccolo, so he can open and shut the door for all the passengers with bundles, packages, fish, etc., etc., which pass through the 1st class in order that they should not have the bother of opening and clising the door.

Above suggestions apply, in part only, also to the Bus Co.

If this my dream comes true it will be a pleasure to ride, but now it is disgusting and a torture.

PASSENGER.

Shanghai, Sept. 1.

Mexico Stands Firm on Oil Indemnity Offer

President Cardenas Says Valuation Fixed

Mexico City, Sept. 2.

President Lazaro Cardenas told the Mexican Congress today that foreign oil interests which had their property confiscated by Presidential decree must accept the indemnity offered through the Government.

President Cardenas also said he did not expect a serious threat of internal revolt as a result of the Presidential race held on July 7, when Mexicans visited the polls to cast votes for General Avila Camacho and General Juan Almazan.

Meanwhile, the Almazan Party announced today that a rump congress had met at a secret place and had promised to meet again "on September 3 to proclaim General Almazan as President."

The First District Court today fixed the valuation of all expropriated untaxable oil property in Mexico at US$35,608,209. The principal companies to have their property confiscated were the Royal Dutch, Shell, whose property was assessed at US$28,682,042, and the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, whose value in Mexico was placed at US$5,-112,067.—United Press.

THE Chancellor of York and other Dioceses has told parochial authorities in those dioceses that he would not wish to sanction the removal for scrap of railings actually enclosing a churchyard or site of a church, except where parishioners individually part with railings protecting their own private houses or gardens. He was willing, however, to allow the removal of railings round tombs, etc. which belonged to the persons at whose expense they were erected, or to the descendants of such persons.

S.V.C. Order

Corps Routine Orders by Colonel J. W. Hornby, M.C. Commanding Shanghai Volunteer Corps:—

Officers:—The following extracts from the Municipal Gazette dated August 30, are published for information:—Promotions:—Light Automatic (A.D.) Co.—Lt. H. V. Gulston to be Capt.—August 30. Appointments—Commissions:—The undermentioned is granted a commission and appointed Lt. with effect from August 10, 1940:—Medical—Dr. Constantin Nicolaevich Ogilvie. The undermentioned are appointed 2nd Lts. with effect from dates shown against their names:—American Troop—1st Sgt. Melville Ethelbert McIntosh—August 29. "C" M.G. Company Pte. Ove Asp—August 9. Appointments:—Medical—Lt. C. N. Ogilvie posted to Corps Headquarters—August 10. Officers' Commissions—Renewals:—The undermentioned Officer's Commission is renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regs.—Russian Detachment—Lt. D. K. Krotkoff July 26. Resignations:—Reserve of Officers "B"—Lt. F. A. Sampson resigns his commission—August 14. Retirements:—The undermentioned commission lapsed on expiration of leave (not returning to Shanghai) August 29. Light Automatic (A.D.) Coy.—Capt. J. E. Badeley. Command:—Light Automatic (A.D.) Coy.—Capt. H. V. Gulston to Command. August 30. Safe Keeping:—All ranks are reminded that when Volunteers leave Shanghai for long periods all kit and equipment must be handed in to Quartermaster's Stores for safe keeping. Volunteers leaving the town for shorter periods are also advised to hand in their kit, etc. Officers—Return from leave:—Field Company—Lieutenant W. H. Helm returned from leave August 28. Japanese Company—Major T. Otorii returned from leave August 28. Medical—Major E. G. Gauntlett, C.B.E., D.S.O. returned from leave August 28. Promotions and Appointments:—Sergeant Fay Leonard Davidson, is promoted Warrant Officer Cl. II and appointed First Sergeant of American Troop with effect from August 30, 1940. Strength: Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse—Troopers F. Marshall August 26, A. J. Hickmott August 26, C. C. King August 29. American Troop—Tpr. J. D. Lorenzen August 28. Corps Troops:—"C" M.G. Company—Pte. N. G. Mortensen August 29. Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Cavalry:—American Troop—Tpr. W. A. Adams Jr. August 28. Corps Troops:—Signals Company—Sgm. H. Werner August 29. Leaving Shanghai Armoured Car Coy.—L/Cpl. A. H. Gouda August 29. Pte. R. L. Evans August 29. Chinese Company—Pte. W. C. Pete August 26, Pte. H. T. Chu August 23. Interpreter Coy.—Pte. Z. T. Ho August 23. Cpl. S. J. Lum August 28. "A" Battalion:—"A" Company—Pte. H. C. Keys August 26. "B" Company—Pte. L. S. Hutchinson August 23, Pte. R. Hall August 23. "B" Battalion:—American M.G. Coy.—Sgt. G. H. A. Morris August 26, Sgt. E. D. Robbins August 29, Pte. A. Schoutov August 29. Leave:—Corps Headquarters Major H. Berents from 27-8-40 to 27-9-40. Transport Company—Lieut. S. F. Avery leave extended to 31-12-40. Medical—Lieut. S. K. Squires from 1-9-40 to 1-10-40.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF SEPTEMBER 3, 1870

A meeting of debenture-holders was held in the Sailors' Home, from which it will be seen that the property is now free from debt. A Committee was appointed to arrange for its future management; and these agreed to lease it in future to a working Committee for $120 per month, instead of $200 which is the rate of the present lease.

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Time table

12.00-1.00 Light music
1.00-1.15 News in French
1.15-2.00 Light music
1.30-5.30 Light music
5.30-5.50 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50-6.10 French lesson for Chinese students
6.10-6.15 Chinese music
6.15-6.30 News in Shanghai dialect
6.30-6.35 Chinese music
6.35-6.50 News in Mandarin
7.20-7.30 Music by Russian composers
7.30-7.45 News in Russian
7.45-7.50 Music by Russian composers
7.50-8.00 Light music.
8.15-8.30 Light music
8.30-8.45 News in French
8.45-9.00 Light music
9.00-9.30 News in English
9.30-11 Concert:

Mendelssohn.

Scotch Symphony; Two songs without words; Elijah; Fingal's cave; Song without words; Scherzo op. 16 No. 2; Song without words No. 34. Midsummernight's dream; (Selections).

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Summertime: 12.45 and 9 p.m.
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At other hours of the day an English and Chinese programme of music and talks is transmitted from this Station.

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To-day's Programme

12.00 Dance Music.
12.30 Recording of B.B.C. talk if available.
12.45 News Bulletin in English.
1-1.30 Light Music.
1.30 News in German.
2.00 Light Music.
3.30-4.30 "Tea-time Chat."
6.00 Broadcast in Spanish.
6.30 Broadcast in Dutch.
7.00 Broadcast in French.
7.45 News Bulletin in English.
8.00 XCDN Concert Hall.
Cello Concerto .....Haydn
Symphony No. 4 in A Major .....Mendelssohn
9.00 The Art of Stanley Holloway.
9.30 Commentary in English on the Day's News.
9.45 Recording of B.B.C. talk if available.
10-10.30 Dance Music.
10.30 Broadcast in Russian.
11.15 Broadcast in German.
11.45-12 Dance Music.

Foreign Language Broadcasts 6-7 p.m.

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY
6.00 Polish	Spanish	Italian
6.30 Portuguese	Netherlands	Czech
THURSDAY	**FRIDAY**	**SATURDAY**
6.00 Polish	Italian	Spanish
6.30 Portuguese	Czech	Netherlands

SUNDAY
6-7.00 Hungarian

TO-MORROW
2.00 Musical Programme announced in Polish.
3.30-4.30 "Tea-time Chat," programme arranged by Diana Hutchins.
8-9 "Love Needs a Waltz," recording of BBC Programme.
9-9.15 "News of England," talk by Paul Tay.
9.15-9.30 "A Tale of Melody," light operatic songs by Rosa Gertzel accompanied by William Loewit.

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Invented by
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"We have reached about 99 per cent. in every phase of industry."—Mr. Bevin.

Fledgling To Officer—1.

Diary Of China-Born Boy Gives Vivid Picture Of The Training Undergone By Young Officers

IN November last we published some extracts from letters of a China-born boy in residence at Oxford when the war broke out, who volunteered at once, was sworn in, examined, etc. etc., and then sent back for that term to Oxford. Later he received orders to report at Exeter on December 15, and the present series of extracts in three parts brings his history along from his reporting for training on December 15, till towards the end of June he was commissioned as a second lieutenant in the East Lancashire Regiment.

Dec. 17. On the 15th a 'bus set me down here at about one o'clock. I stood around with some volunteers till we got some lunch, stew and damsons. Our men gradually drifted in and we were issued with 2 khaki shirts, 2 long pants, pullover, blouse, trousers, great coat, forage cap, 3 pairs of socks, boots (very comfortable). Yesterday 16th was a continual round of visits, for equipment, doctor, barber, Company Commander who took all particulars about our games, records, exams, etc., asked which regiment we preferred I said "Ox and Bucks or Somerset" He said one was expensive, so I chose the other. Of the lot of us there are 15 "potential officers" 7 are from Oxford, others from Bristol, Exeter etc. It is perishingly cold in our hut, which is pretty comfortable really, beds, sheets, lockers etc. Today we had a "voluntary compulsory" church parade. If people do not volunteer men are detailed; there used to be a compulsory parade and they don't want that again.

Dec. 24 (on Xmas leave).... Most of the stuff we have done this week I knew before except for the Bren Gun.....we have had the first injection of two for tetanus. We get up at 6.30, fold our blankets in an intricate way, snatch breakfast about 7.15, have our room inspected and get on parade by 8. From then till one we have six periods one of which is P. T., which is quite enlightened and is designed to use most of our muscles. The first day we stood with our rifles at the "standing load" for at least half-an-hour and we felt it—next day our muscles were used to it.

One afternoon we had King's Regulations read to us, on another dental inspection. We get off officially at 4.30 but often it is earlier, to have an "internal economy" period for cleaning up, or bathing or blancoing our equipment—on Wednesday we were paid 10/-. Wednesday was fun, as four of our platoon played Rugger for a scratch team v. Hele's Grammar School, then tea at Deller's—the Cadena of Exeter.

Our N.C.O.s went on leave on Thursday; on all Friday and Saturday we had a horribly slack corporal who taught us nothing and even set us back.

Dec. 31. At last we are going to be able to send some things to the laundry, socks are the chief need. Granny sent me a home-knitted pair which could not possibly be worn alone, but below a dirty army pair are doing well.

Sergeant B. came back on Thursday and has been teaching us efficiently since. I managed to lay aims correctly both with rifle and gun, which was a mercy. Tomorrow we visit the Colonel about candidature for O.C.T.U. (Officers Cadet Training Unit). Today we were on fatigue, some had to wash up for all meals or in the canteens, we were meant to take coke for the boilers but none was needed; then C and I had to sweep round the barrack square, which took 50 minutes; but we were in time for Communion at the Cathedral.

Jan. 6. I am feeling pretty rotten, my eyes feel strained, a "flu" sign isn't it? I have a cold. Most of the fellows have gone on leave—all this week most of us have been struggling against colds, coughs and sickness. What a week we've had—two days of fatigues in place of the Depot Co. and two days of fire duty when we had to stay in Barracks.

On Monday we interviewed not the Colonel but Major G. He didn't look at us much but asked about regiments etc. Sergt. B.'s former pupils of October 15, have some of them gone to an O.C.T.U. The others, now in their third month, will go as vacancies occur.

Thursday was "spud and onion" peeling for seven hours, to which I owe my malady I think. Next weekend our company of six platoons is going to live in a large warehouse much nearer the centre of the town.

Jan. 14. Last week-end I was feeling bad. Now I am allright, but various others have been sick..... however it is now very cold, heavy frosts each morning, so we should recover, except that tomorrow we go into our warehouse which, we hear, will not have its heating ready for a week. I went to Plymouth on Monday to have my eyes tested so that I may eventually have a pair of army spectacles which will go under a gas mask. We did our first lessons on bayonet handling this week, not so gruesome as I had expected. On Thursday we had a bit of "horse" in the gym and I managed to do some somersaults, which pleased me. We got another pair of boots this week. On Friday we had to stamp all our stuff, my number is 5675057.

Jan. 21. We made our move on Monday. I am writting this on the top floor of three in a well-built warehouse. Most of our 15 are in this room, which holds 19. We are under Corporal B., who is quite softhearted off parade. The others are also from our platoon, including Smith, who is an old soldier and gets himself tea and food at all times and has his rifle beautifully clean and his equipment blancoed well.

We are marched to Barracks for breakfast—ten minutes away, by 7, we parade at 8.10, putting on haversacks, equipment, tin hats (covered with sacking) and slinging rifles. We then march to St. T. Park. This week snow has been lying ever since Tuesday so P. T. consists of runs at the double. Every road is very slippery and the cold is quite severe. We leave our equipment there and march back for dinner. We can have baths at this place, and we did on Friday. We have done more drill than anything else this week. We were preparing to be marched as a squad under Sergt. B. in front of officers. Instead on Friday morning we had to take our squad ourselves for short periods before Major G., another Major, and Captain P (O.C.Y. Co.). We surprised Sergt. B. and Corporal B, by our efficiency, so the latter let us drill each other for the rest of the morning

At last we have a proper padre. Church parade is a mockery, 13 men detailed from each platoon, those who are not on leave. I hope I'm not getting slack but I am getting some idea how hard it is for the over-age chap to do Christian work beyond services. Today I have been resting my slightly sore feet.

Jan. 28. Next week we are due for tests and shooting on the Miniature Range, which means putting all your energy into everything. Five of us have now gone down with German measles, but more serious is that T. and V. have meningitis. As a result eight of us have been isolated in a proper barrack room in the old part of the Barracks. We have a fire and heaps of food. We had a Bren gun up yesterday to practise on.

(To Be Continued)

Australia Adjourns Air Crash Inquiry

Question of Controls "Pure Speculation"

Canberra, Sept. 2.

The investigation into the Canberra air disaster, in which 10 persons, including three Australian Cabinet Ministers, were killed, has been adjourned indefinitely.

It is stated that any question of improper maintenance and inspection has been disposed of by evidence.

Mr. Justice Lowe, who presided, agreed that it was sheer speculation to say that anyone other than the pilot was at the controls.

Among the victims were General Sir Cyril Brudgell-White, Chief of the Army General Staff, and Lieut.-Colonel Thornwaite, Staff Officer.—Reuter.

"Hour Inexorably Near" —Goebbels Again

Berlin, Sept. 2.

Celebrating the first anniversary of the Nazi-Polish conflict, Reichs Propaganda Minister Dr. Joseph Goebbels declared in a speech yesterday afternoon that the "decisive hour was inexorably near for Britain."

With reference to the decisive fight against Britain, Dr. Goebbels recalled the Nazi peace offer of September 6, 1939, and another peace offer following the collapse of France, stating that Winston Churchill and the plutocrats "won't and can't understand the new world order."—Domei.

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CHAMPION SPARK PLUGS
Bring GREATEST ENGINE EFFICIENCY
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Members of P.E.N. Club Saved

Many Famous Authors in France Rescued from Nazi Vengeance

Documents moved from Paris to Lisbon just before the fall of Paris by M. Jules Romains, the French novelist, may save hundreds of French and other writers from the vengeance of the Gestapo.

Mr. Hermon Ould, general secretary of the P.E.N. Club, told the story to the "News Chronicle" recently.

He received the news, the first he has had from any of the 400 members of the Paris branch, in a letter from M. Romains, posted at Lisbon. A duplicate posted earlier at Madrid has not arrived.

"It was a tremendous relief to hear that, thanks to the remarkable presence of mind of M. Romains, our international president, all dangerous documents are now beyond the reach of the Nazis," said Mr. Ould.

"We knew that in our offices in the Rue Pierre Charron were membership cards, letters and records of relief work among refugee writers in Paris, and that it was vital to destroy or remove them. Paris has always been a more important centre for emigrè writers than London.

"No news has yet reached us of Feuchtwanger, author of 'Jew Süss,' Doeblin, author of 'Alexanderplatz,' or Franz Werfel, most important of the Austrians outside Britain. There are rumours of their being shot and others of their escape, but so far as we know all are still alive. Up to 40 refugees were on our lists.

"As P.E.N. stands for freedom of thought it was bound to be anti-Nazi, and membership might therefore be dangerous."

M. Romains is accompanied by his wife, who helped to save the documents. They are awaiting transport to New York, which will become the temporary home of the world presidency.

"I am persuaded you will approve my decision," M. Romains wrote to Mr. Ould, "because in this way the federation will be removed entirely from German control."

M. Romains's real name is Dr. Louis Farigoule, who in his "first life" as doctor has made remarkable experiments with teaching blind mer to "see." In New York he intends to continue his monumental novel "Men of Good Will," a dozen volumes of which have already been published in English.

EXHAUSTED BY FEVER?

Then read this:—

You are not out of danger when fever has subsided. The weakness it leaves behind exposes you to relapse or fresh infection. You must rebuild your worn-out body immediately and quickly.

The way to do this is to find a food that soothes the enfeebled stomach and provides all the nutrition value of big, solid meals. The food very many doctors choose for their fever patients is Horlicks. It is nourishment in the most easily digested form. It repairs the damage to nerves and tissues, builds up strength, creates new vitality and helps to keep complications out of convalescence. Patients who turn against other foods are able to enjoy Horlicks. Get it to-day from your store.—ADVT. (9)

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On Wednesday, September 4, 1940, commencing at 9.30 a.m.

Double spring couches and arm chairs, sofas, studio couch, rugs, electric vacuum cleaner, blackwood tables, teapoys, lamps, pictures, aquarium, books, magazines, "L.C. Smith" typewriter, desks, desk chairs, bookcases, cut glass ware, silver and copper coins, photo frames, sporting cartridges, binoculars, electric stove, gramophones, records, table fans, modern style dining room and bedroom furniture, Korean chest, card tables, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, bedsteads, iron cots, wardrobe trunks, wicker furniture, large shelf, ice chests, windows, rubber hose, fire brasses, crockery, ornaments, kitchen tables, cupboards, etc., also

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On Friday, September 6, 1940, commencing at 10 a.m.

Bituphalt paint, **lubricating and flushing** oil, primer, **shell tox**, boiled oil, bituminue solution, cup grease, valcatex water proofing compound, **iron nails, boiled linseed oil, iron hooks with screws, brass and iron bolts and hinges,** furniture slides, copper balls, brass towel rail brackets, brass spring buttons, rubber door stoppers, brass door plates with handles, door locks, glass towel rods, **"Royal" Auto polish**, furnishing nails, **iron wood-screws**, glycerine, wooden blocks and switchboards, sanitary equipment, bakelite heating plugs, **coal shovels**, boiler cleanser, **porcelain wash basins, W.C. bowls and urinals,** 3-ply and 2-ply roofing felt, mirrors, **G.I. and B.I. pipes**, old rubber tires, etc., also

1 **Large lot of Oregon pine, oakwood, lauan wood, Fukien pine and flooring board**
1 **Large lot of plain and flowered glass (in all sizes)**
1 **Large lot of assorted paint, oil, distemper and enamel**

ON VIEW WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY

HUGH MARTIN, *Managing Director*

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A handbook of reference indispensable to those who sail in Far Eastern waters, and to all officers engaged in shipping in this part of the world. For over forty years it has been published annually, and to-day is the only work of its kind issued in China.

502 pages, $9

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WAKAMOTO

The Sun, the Sand And the Sea....

Hold only happiness for me. My vacations are not health-cures any more—they're fun. There was a time when the sun and the sea fatigued me, and I was too tired to enjoy my vacations fully. But Wakamoto changed all that. Now I loll about in the surf for hours. I'm perfectly healthy and strong, and able to enjoy myself. That grand body conditioner made me that way....

WAKAMOTO

YEAST TABLETS

Success Depends On Health And Energy!

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

BRILLIANT R.A.F. FEATS

What has been suspected all along,—that considerable damage is being done by the German air-raids over south-east England,—is now known to be correct, for Mr. Winston Churchill in the course of his message of congratulation to the R.A.F. discloses that no fewer than 1,000 houses have been wrecked at Ramsgate, showing the wanton disregard of the German aviators of the requirement that only military objectives shall be attacked. Fortunately owing to the evacuation schemes which have created a twenty-five mile zone along the east and south coasts the loss of life has not been great. Contrasted with this are the splendid feats of the British aviators, not only in the actual defence of the country, in which they succeed in breaking up enemy squadrons with almost complete success, but also the flights to Berlin and back, which even the Germans themselves have admitted are navigational feats. There bombs have been dropped with great precision on military objectives, and the news is now leaking out of the immense damage which has been done.

The task of the R.A.F. in carrying out these long bombing flights is far beyond anything which the German fliers are called upon to do. They can make several trips a day from their bases on the Continent flying an average of about 250 miles a day, while raids on Berlin involve flights of 1,200 miles. hundreds of miles over enemy territory, which means that the Germans should have plenty of warning of what is happening, the fact that the British bombers are able to reach their objectives speaks volumes concerning the efficiency of the German air defences, which certainly does not appear to be very great. It is interesting in this connection to note that in his message Mr. Churchill says :—

> All this is another sign and proof that command of the air is being gradually and painfully, but remorselessly wrested from the Nazi criminals who had hoped by this means to terrorize and dominate European civilization.

Whatever numerical superiority the Germans may have had, or may have even now, the fact is that it has never been sufficient to prevent British airmen wreaking retaliatory damage upon military targets in Germany and the occupied territories.

An American writer has expressed the opinion that these air raids will diminish in numbers when the utter futility of them is borne in upon the German mind. At the moment they appear still to be growing in intensity chiefly because of the frantic desire of the enemy to force a decision before winter sets in, and flying is interfered with by weather conditions. It is not possible to subscribe to the view that they will diminish for the reason given. The fact of the matter is that the enemy is still convinced of the ability to strike terror by means of the aeroplane, which so signally failed in Madrid, where the air defences were by no means comparable with those established in Britain. In addition there is still the hope that provided sufficient damage is done,—and the Nazis have a sadistic delight in doing it,—some effect upon the *moral* of the British might be obtained. It would be unwise in the circumstances to expect anything but a continuance of the present enemy endeavour, for obviously he has to resist to the utmost the gradual and remorseless wresting of air supremacy from him.

It is a noteworthy fact that since the mass air-raids on Britain commenced, all news issuing from there has breathed an air of quiet assurance. There is no complacency to be noticed and certainly no vain glory, while letters written shortly after the raids began clearly show the spirit in which the British people are meeting these blows of the enemy. Added to the *moral* of the people there is the high standard of poise and restraint of those gallant men in the R.A.F. in the performance of their duties. That is indicated by the fact that in the first operations against Berlin British pilots brought their bombs home rather than loose them in conditions which made the hitting of precise military objectives somewhat doubtful. That in itself is ample proof that the British aviators are not guilty of the indiscriminate bombing of which the German propaganda machine complains so bitterly, and clearly demonstrates that the British intention to win this war with clean hands is being firmly adhered to. That is wise. There is no necessity to descend to the unclean tactics of the enemy in order to beat him.

HEROIC CHILDREN

"We don't want Hitler to think he can beat us that easy," was the sturdy remark of an eight-year-old youngster after being rescued from a ship carrying children evacuees from Britain to Canada. When a child, after having, with some hundreds of others, passed through such an ordeal, can utter such a sentiment no better proof could possibly be desired of the spirit which animates the new generation. The ship appears to have been torpedoed during the night for it is reported that many of them were landed at a British port still in pyjamas, suggesting that the ordeal was made all the greater because of the fact that they were torpedoed while they were either asleep or preparing for bed. It is indicative of the thoroughness with which preparations are made for the transfer of these youngsters to a greater place of safety than Great Britain, that they had had sufficient boat drill which enabled them to get to their places without panic, and with remarkable coolness in the face of danger.

The picture is such a complete contrast with what occurred when an enemy submarine sunk the Arandora, not knowing that it was carrying people of enemy nationalities. There Nazi prisoners struggled and fought with Italians to get to the boats and save their own skins, panic-stricken, with the result that many more lost their lives than need have done. British children, many of whom had probably never been on a big ship before, behaved with the coolness of regular old sea dogs. No wonder the crew treated them as though, according to a headmaster's story, they were the salt of the earth. The grown-ups on the Arandora behaved in a manner which aroused the disgust of their British guards, some of whom lost their lives in the disciplined manner which is the backbone of British strength. British children in the face of danger faced it manfully, singing while the Angel of Death hovered over them. Fortunately other ships appear to have been close at hand, and were able to save everyone, except the purser whose death was purely accidental, and Hitler whose propagandized love of children has been so frequently declared to the world has been robbed of the deaths of over three hundred little tots.

It is not to be presumed that the commander of the U-boat responsible for the sinking knew that there were children on board. It does not matter one way, or the other, for it is not to be believed that, if he had known, he would have held his hand. All the experience of this present war clearly demonstrates that to be the case. The merciless machine-gunning of fleeing civilians on the roads of the Continent, the wanton and reckless bombing of open cities and towns,—as witness the case of Rotterdam,—are in themselves ample proof that the ship would have been torpedoed in any event, probably with greater glee had it been known who were on board. Mercifully this attempt to offer a holocaust to Hitler failed of its purpose, and the time may yet come when these children will be transferred to a place of safety.

In the light of what has happened the previous decision of the Government to drop the scheme for the evacuation of children because of lack of adequate convoy facilities seems to have been thoroughly justified. It seems that the only safe method of taking them across the Atlantic will be on United States ships and it is hoped that it will be possible to arrange this. That at any rate would provide a greater degree of safety than sending them over in British vessels, for it is doubtful whether Hitler would be stupid enough to order attacks on American vessels bound on such an errand of mercy even if in belligerent waters. To do so would have a very profound effect upon public opinion in the United States. That is already most decidedly in favour of the Allies and any such thing as a wanton attack on an American ship engaged on such a mission would transform support for the Allies into overt hostility to the enemy. Yet as German desperation mounts it is doubtful whether even that prospect would deter them, and it may possibly be after all that British children will be safer running the risks of staying in Britain than facing the ruthlessness of the enemy on the seas.

Rumanian Betrayal

The cynicism displayed at Vienna over the partition of Rumania was the equal of any hitherto distinguishing the acts of Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini. There was no question of consulting the wishes of the Rumanians and Transylvanians themselves ; with utter disregard of international usage and morality—both things which modern dictators do not allow to stand in the way of their desires—the country has been shorn into insignificance. On the surface, Italy and Germany have ignored completely Russian interests in the area : but who knows what understandings had been reached behind the scenes before the fateful meeting in Austria's former capital? The courage of M. Julius Maniu in refusing to accept the partition, on behalf of the Transylvanian peasants, will be admired, but his wisdom may be doubted. He may be inviting the forces of destruction and terror to sweep across the countryside he wishes to defend, and be sowing the seed of ruthless oppression throughout the area Hungary will take over. M. Maniu, though educated at Vienna and Budapest universities, has been a lifelong opponent of the Austro-Hungarian empire, and since 1918, of Hungary. A lawyer, he was at one time a Deputy in the Hungarian Parliament, where he opposed the administration. He was the founder of the Rumanian National Assembly in Transylvania, and afterwards was president of the Provisional Council of Transylvania and head of the National Transylvanian Party and the National Peasants' Party. He later became Prime Minister, but retired from public life in 1933 owing to disagreement with the government's policy. He refuses to look on while his lifework is destroyed. It is to be feared that in this day and age, when force is the only arbiter, his protest may simply be used as an excuse for further aggression by the Axis and as a pretext for the Germans to send troops to "pacify" the country. And everyone knows what that would mean, for once there, it is highly improbable that the Germans would ever leave of their own accord.

The German "Blockade"

"The blockade of Britain is on," says the German propaganda factory to the German people, some of whom believe it and some of whom don't, and to the world at large which says "Oh yeah!" The coming winter should show who is blockading who, although most people outside Germany have a fair idea what is happening in European waters at the present time. In the last war the British blockade of the Central Powers caused their collapse. It won't do a lot of good to the Axis in the present one, although Goebbels and his satellites roar to millions of their countrymen every day that Britain's end draws nearer and nearer. Then full stomachs will be the order of the day, they bleat. There will be no more tightening of belts to aid the war machine. Someone ought to tell Herr Goebbels that *ersatz* belts are likely to snap with too much tugging and also with too much eating, which puts him "on the spot" both ways. "Guns, not butter" is all very well if a war does not last too long and there are plenty of supplies coming in to help the people face a winter that will not be pleasant. There are too many Germans alive today who remember the acorn coffee and the endless meals of potatoes with which they were fed in the last war. Unlike the British, whose ships visit almost every port in the world to bring food and other supplies to the people at home, the German civilians in this war cannot rely on their merchant ships to do a similar job. Most of them are collecting barnacles and no small amount of rust in numerous ports here and there. And here and there they will stay until the war ends. The German "blockade" goes on and Germans get leaner and leaner on *ersatz* diets.

ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

Sept. 1.—Rain at last! too strong for many seedlings perhaps; but nevertheless, very welcome: many trees and shrubs were beginning to suffer from the drought, even the foliage of the humble forsythia was drooping in many places. We shall have to watch our seedbeds carefully for a time though, for the precautions we took to protect the tender seedlings from the sun may now have a harmful effect: the grass cuttings we placed on the beds may now cause many seedlings to "damp off." We noticed dozens of old aloe plants in a garden the other day and were told that they had been grown especially for medicinal purposes. Many of these plants are to be seen in small and large gardens along the highways and they are highly esteemed by some people for the medicinal properties of their leaves. We believe that it is customary in Russia to peel off the outer skin of the leaf and pass the remainder through a mincing machine together with a number of apples. The juice is then mixed with honey and sugar and simmered over a slow fire for a few hours. This concoction is said to be excellent for consumptives. The leaves are also used for dressing wounds; in this case, the leaf is cut into two and placed on the wound where it is kept in position by a bandage. *Aloe Perryi* is the plant from which the purgative so well known as Socotrine or "bitter aloes" is produced: this plant originally came from the island near to the entrance to the Gulf of Aden, but it is now grown extensively in many places, including India. There the leaves are cut into pieces and the juice is allowed to run out: after the sediment has subsided, the clear liquid is placed in the sun to solidify. This is soluble in alcohol and water. The American aloe is a name frequently given to a species of agave, these plants have sword-like leaves also; but they grow to a much greater height than the aloe. They do not flower for the first ten years or so and this fact is probably the origin of the fable that they only flower once in one hundred years. The yellowish-margined form is generally seen grown as a pot plant for the decoration of verandahs. Fibre of great strength is obtained from the leaves of the agave and we believe that in Mexico it is used for making rope; in the preparation of this, all juice and pulp is pressed out of the leaves. It is said that the rope is lighter than that made from hemp. Humboldt stated that the main ropes of a bridge, having a span of 131 feet, over the Chambo river were four inches thick and made of agave fibre.—W.J.K.

EVERYMAN AND THE WAR

I am an American—but I have now joined the Allied Army. I am a radio announcer by profession, and before the outbreak of the war I had been working as a news broadcaster doing some eight news-casts daily for a San Francisco radio station. As the situation in Europe grew more tense, so, I am afraid, did my feelings. When Britain declared war, I knew that inevitably Canada would too, and so, to make a long story short, I went to Canada—entered Vancouver, British Columbia, as a tourist one morning, and before I knew what had happened I found myself wrapped up in a kilt and I was a private in a Canadian Scottish battalion.

As for feeling myself a foreigner in the Canadian Army—I don't. You see, all along, the Canadian-American border—which is thousands of miles in length—there is not one armed sentry. There never has been anything but the friendliest of feeling between the Dominion of Canada and the United States of America. Canadians and Americans in most instances think alike and act alike—their cities and their homes are very much alike—and the men and women who live in those two countries have the same hopes and fears—the same dreams, the same ambitions. So, you see, it's not as if I were a complete foreigner. And as for feeling that the cause of democracy was mine, well, America has always fought for, and championed, independence.

Now, I don't want you to think that I am obsessed with the idea that my paltry contribution is going to win the war for the Allies, but I did feel then, and I still do, that I had to do something active, something concrete, to express my feelings, and not only my feelings but the feelings of thousands of others like me—men and women who cherish freedom of thought and action.

And since I have had occasion to meet the English on their home ground I have discovered that I am not a foreigner in England either. I will be perfectly frank about this. I came over in January prepared not to like the English. However, before I get anything thrown at me, I do want to say that I have changed my mind. I'll explain. As you all know, tourists are, at their best, a little on the objectionable side—and I am speaking about tourists of all nationalities. Now, judging purely from those British tourists that I have come in casual contact with, both in America and in Mexico, filled with their insular pride and complete satisfaction with all things British—I formed an opinion that was hardly flattering. And we also in the States from time to time were visited by lecturers and authors who rather gave us the impression that England was the only place in the world fit to live in and the rest of the world was a country of barbarians.

Well, so it was that when I came over here I was quite sure that even if England was good I still should not like it. But since I have been over here I have had to change my mind. It was changed for me by the Englishman himself, by the calm determination of the average Englishman that this was one war that cannot and will not be lost. The way I look at it is this: most of England's wars in the past have been for some material reason—this one is of ideals. To me it is not a new war; it is just a continuation of the last one. It is a war which will free a vast number of people who have been imprisoned by Nazism. To me it seems that England and her Allies can be likened to physicians who are eradicating some evil, some vile pestilence. And there has been no hysteria about the job in hand. It seems to be just that a job of work has to be done, and everyone is doing something. The whole Empire is unified. They are all sending men, money and materials. And then, too, there are thousands of girls and women from obviously well-to-do families who are slaving over piles of dirty dishes in the wee small hours of the morning in Waterloo and Euston and St. Pancras and hundreds of other railway terminals through England and Scotland. Then there are the canteens and service clubs staffed by people who have given up the normal course of their living, in order to serve some soldier whom they have never seen before and more than likely will never see again. There are the homes that have been turned over to troops; there are the thousands upon thousands of voluntary workers of all types and classes who are doing their bit without a growl or a grumble. I have found such a spirit is not only infectious, but heart-warming. I know that it is a very rare and wonderful thing to find an Empire as vast and varied as the British, with but one single thought.

WAR FUND BAROMETER

The Voluntary War Contribution Fund has been open for 58 days and there have been 2,028 contributors. The War Savings Association has been open for 64 days and there have been 733 contributors. The latest totals:—

Fund	Amount Contributed	
	Ch. $	£ Sterling
Central British War Fund	1,115,472.45	19,041.7.7
Voluntary War Contribution Fund ..	5,235.00	257,419-11-3
War Savings Association	8,579.00	12,382-12-10

IN PARENTHESIS

Economical

I've had to keep that car in the garage ever since the day I bought it from you. The thing won't go."

"Well sir, you remember you said you wanted a car that wouldn't use much gasoline."

* * *

Roughing It

"Hello, where have you been?"

"Just got back from a camping trip."

"Roughing it, eh?"

"I'll say so! Why, one day our portable dynamo failed us, and we had no hot water, heat, electric lights, ice, or radio for almost two hours!"

* * *

Went Without Notice

He (reading paper): "Here's something about the accident at the Brown's house. The servant put some gun-powder in the fire and she was blown through the roof."

She (sympathetically): "Poor Mrs. Brown has so much trouble with her girls. That makes the fourth one that's left without giving notice."

* * *

He Was Lit

A man living in the country invited a friend to dine and spend the evening with him.

They did themselves well. The night was dark, and the guest begged to be allowed to borrow a lantern to light him on his way.

The next day the host sent a man round with the following note:—

"Dear Hughes, I shall be glad to have back my parrot and cage when you have finished with them."

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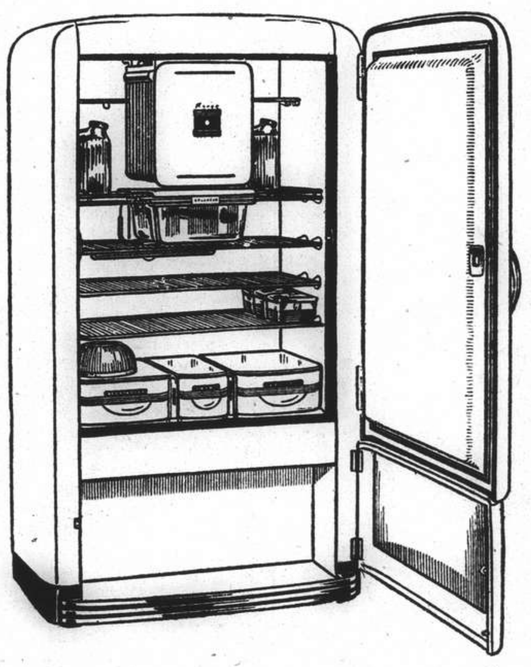

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FROM DAY TO DAY

THIS week's meeting of the Rotary Club will be held on Thursday at the Metropole Hotel, 1st Floor, at 12.15 p.m., and will be a closed meeting.

THE ss. Tsingtao Maru of the D.K.K. Line is due to sail for Tsingtao and Dairen at 9 a.m. today. The ship is berthed at the D.K.K. Whangpoo Wharf.

GENERAL Chang Chih-chung assumed office on Sunday as Director of Political Affairs of the Military Affairs Commission in Chungking, says a report to the "Sin Wan Pao."

A CHINESE pedestrian was $550 poorer, when six Chinese held him up in Hart Road, near Zau Ka Jau Road, at 12.30 p.m. yesterday. The victim was forced to part with the money when the miscreants produced a pistol.

THE Sports Section of the B.W.A. wish to announce that the Tennis afternoon arranged by them for Monday, September 2 and postponed on account of bad weather will take place on Friday next September 6.

THE following were among the passengers who disembarked when the ss. President Pierce made port yesterday morning: Lt.-Commander J. S. Fitzgerald. Lt. Richard Rothwell, Francis N. Merritt, Arthur Brock Park and Dr. W. H. Tipton.

DR. John E. Baker, Director of the China International Famine Relief Commission, who left for the United States last November, will not return to Shanghai until the end of this year, says the "National Herald." Dr. Baker had originally planned to return to this city sometime this month.

THE local charcoal situation has eased considerably with the arrival of large shipments from Wenchow recently, says the "Sin Wan Pao." There was an acute shortage of the fuel through the suspension of shipping between Shanghai and East Chekiang. Prices are gradually decreasing now that these shipping services have been resumed, the report adds.

THE Missions to Seamen acknowledge with grateful thanks the following gifts during August. Books and magazines from:—"North China Daily News," "Shanghai Times," "China Press," "Lloyd's Shipping." Army Y. M. C. A., Capt P. J. Maley, Messrs. P. Edwards, J. V. Thistlethwaite, J. B. Gunn, L. H. Lamb, G. E. Clarke, V. S. Hamill. Mesdames R. T. Oates and I. Hutcheson and several anon.

As from September 1, all provincial government officials are required to assist in increasing the agricultural productivity of the province by doing at least one hour's farm labour on the first day of each month, the "Shun Pao" says. Members of the provincial government, the militia and subordinate officials in the various villages are all affected by the new regulations.

FURTHER information has reached Shanghai concerning Mr. Anthony Gray Worcester, R.A.F. whose death occurred on July 18 in action against the enemy. It was on July 4, that he led five fighters against nine enemy machines, bringing down four himself, the other five being also duly accounted for by his companions. It was while leading the same flight on July 18, that he met with his death.

The health report of the French Municipality for the week ending August 31, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Concession was:—Foreigners 6, and Chinese 235. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, tuberculosis one, and Chinese, tuberculosis 29; dysentery 27, typhoid and paratyphoid fever 19; pneumonia 4; beriberi 4 and cholera, recurring fever one each.

LARGE numbers of refugees from Weisze, Fukou and Weichuan are fleeing to safer districts as the swollen Yellow River continues to rush through dyke breaches and flood many areas in East Honan, says the "Shun Pao." The water has completely ruined all crops. The Honan Provincial Government has ordered relief work to be started at once in the affected areas, while the National Refugee Relief Commission in Chungking has been approached for funds, the report concludes.

The Shanghai Municipal Council health report for the week ending midnight, August 31, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement was—Foreigners 21 and Chinese 769. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, amoebic dysentery 2 and tuberculosis, typhoid fever, bacillary dysentery one each. Chinese, tuberculosis 42; dysentery 41; typhoid fever 21; influenza 8; beri-beri 5; cholera 3; diphtheria 2 and paratyphoid fever, measles one each.

THE Navy Y.M.C.A. wishes to acknowledge with thanks the donations of books, magazines, American newspapers, playing cards, etc., received from the following persons during August:—P. H. Bordwell, Mrs. W. W. Jourdin, H. A. Wilbur, Mrs. H. Maxey Smith Jr., Miss T. A. Gerlach, Miss Packard, C. F. Wolsiffer, Mrs. R. H. Hubbard, F. Donaldsen. Mrs. J. C. McCracken, Mrs. F. J. Andrew, Mrs. J. B. Davies, Mrs. C. T. McClellan, A. U. Fox, A. F. Kerske, Mrs. W. A. Glassford and others. The Navy Y.M.C.A. is always pleased to receive books, magazines and playing cards for use among service men.

MEMBERS of the American Chamber of Commerce will gather at the American Club at tiffin time today to bid farewell to Mr. Julean Arnold. American Commercial Attache, who is about to retire after 38 years' service in China. A number of prominent officials and business men will be present as guests of the Chamber. A special presentation will be made to Mr. Arnold in token of the Chamber's appreciation of his services in furtherance of Chinese-American Trade and friendship. A presentation will also be made by the American Junior Chamber of Commerce, members of which will also attend. Through the courtesy of Colonel De Witt Peck the U.S. Marine band will be on hand to play special music for the occasion.

Dutch Colonies Will Resist "Preventive Protection"

Minister Expresses Doubt of "Official" News From Holland; Japanese Press Warns Departing Envoy

Cambridge, Massachusetts, Sept. 2.

THE Netherlands overseas territories will defend themselves against any attack "from whatever source," declared Dr. Alexander Loudon, Netherlands Minister to the United States, in an address here.

Since he was unable to attend in person his prepared address was read to the audience by a Legation attache. The address read:

"No matter what the future holds in store, the overseas territories will permit no preventive protection from any nation—and nothing that may happen will modify this firm resolution."

Dr. Loudon said that the little reliable news reaching here from Holland tells a story "of a destroyed country, of many deaths, of a great number of suicides and executions, of a country in mourning." He went on, however:

"Dispatches from Berlin, and so-called official news from Holland, as well as censored letters, present a different picture. They say that little damage has been done to Holland, the number of casualties has been comparatively few, and that the Dutch population, appreciating the gentlemanlike behaviour of the German army of occupation, is eager to cooperate with the Germans. This is reassuring until one remembers that the people of Holland are unable to speak and that propaganda is one of the Nazis' strongest weapons. Nothing would aid more the furtherance of Nazi ideology than to have the world believe that all European peoples have greeted the Nazi hordes as their liberators. This sort of German propaganda is expressly set up in order to impress the neutral powers. But we who know our own people know that the Netherlands people will never accept Nazi doctrines.

"The Netherlands will rise again and regain their freedom and preserve it for all time."—Reuter.

Japanese Press on Dutch "Cunning"

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

The Japanese press warned the Japanese Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, against Dutch "cunning" today as Kobayashi sailed from Moji for Batavia as Japan's special envoy to the Netherlands East Indies.

The Tokyo "Nichi Nichi," in a special article from its Batavia correspondent, warned Mr. Kobayashi that although he would be "warmly welcomed by the Dutch authorities, they will cunningly avoid concluding any agreement satisfactory to Japan."

The Japanese Foreign Office spokesman, Mr. Yachiro Suma, said today that Mr. Kobayashi has no definite programme such as the conclusion of a tariff agreement or a treaty of commerce, during his visit to the East Indies.

Future negotiations, Mr. Suma indicated, will depend upon the attitude of the Dutch authorities.

The "Nichi Nichi" correspondent said that the East Indies are "more British than Dutch and they have a deep animosity toward Japan."

"Secret Pacts with British"

The "Nichi Nichi" dispatch was sent from a Japanese liner carrying the Japanese correspondent back to Japan after a tour of the East Indies. The correspondent alleged in his dispatch that the East Indies have concluded secret pacts with British colonies whereby many British officers already have been incorporated into the Dutch forces.

The report alleged that "there is evidence that six hundred British troops landed near Soebang on the north-eastern coast of Java early in August.

The Dutch, the report said, also are trying to cultivate the friendship of the United States by adopting a "patronizing attitude" toward Americans. American newspaper correspondents visiting the East Indies are treated as national guests and permitted to visit all parts of the country, the report said.

Japanese correspondents, on the other hand, are "watched like spies and are not even permitted to cable to Japan articles from the local East Indies newspapers," the correspondent complained.

Natural Resources for Japan

"Mr. Kobayashi," said the "Nichi Nichi dispatch, "must be alert for Dutch cunning and never feel satisfied with small concessions the Dutch may make to the Japanese demands.

"Compromise will get Japan nowhere when dealing with the Dutch. All the necessary natural resources for Japan today and in the future are over-abundant in the East Indies. Therefore, there is no reason whatsoever for Japan to permit any other nation to exploit these natural resources or keep them undeveloped."

Meanwhile, Mr. Kobayashi sailed from Moji aboard the liner Nisho Maru. He was accompanied by a staff of twelve persons including representatives of the Japanese Army and Navy.

Mr. Kobayashi told the press in Moji today that he would "do my best to improve relations between Japan and the East Indies."—United Press.

N.E.I. Celebrate Queen's Birthday

Great Display of National Unity; Japanese Envoy and Staff Sail for Negotiation

Bandoeng, Sept. 2.

The Dutch East Indies yesterday celebrated the sixtieth birthday of Queen Wilhelmina with the greatest demonstration of loyalty and devotion in the history of the islands.

Even in the most remote villages crowds gathered in flag-bedecked streets to hear speeches broadcast from Canada by Princess Juliana and from London by Prince Bernhard.

Meanwhile, Dutch authorities here awaited the arrival of a group of American oil company executives who are en route here by plane from the United States. They left Manila by plane last night and are expected here late today or early tomorrow.

Important negotiations are expected to take place between the Dutch authorities and American oil company executives who are arriving here two weeks ahead of the Japanese economic mission led by Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, Japanese Minister of Commerce and Industry.—United Press.

Japanese Envoy Sails

Shimonoseki, Sept. 2.

Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, Commerce and Industry Minister, who has been appointed special Japanese envoy to the Netherlands East Indies this afternoon sailed from Moji for Batavia aboard the liner Nisho Maru.

Mr. Kobayashi is accompanied by his staff comprising 12 persons.

When interviewed by the press prior to his departure the Commerce and Industry Minister briefly expressed his determination to do his best in improving the relations between the Netherlands East Indies and Japan.

Mr. Kobayashi and his staff arrived here from Tokyo by train this morning. They made a brief stop at Uji-Yamada where they visited the Ise Grand Shrines.—Domei.

No Definite Programme

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, Commerce and Industry Minister, who is now on his way to Batavia as a special Japanese envoy to the Netherlands East Indies, had no definite programme such as negotiating for the conclusion of a tariff agreement or commercial treaty with the Netherlands East Indies, Mr. Yakichiro Suma, spokesman for the Foreign Office, stated in reply to a question made by a foreign correspondent in the regular press conference today.

The Foreign Office spokesman indicated that the development of the relation between two countries would depend on the attitude of the East Indian authorities and the progress of the coming negotiations at Batavia.

The status of Mr. Kobayashi was described by Mr. Suma as a special Japanese envoy and concurrently Minister of Commerce and Industry. He was therefore responsible as a state minister for the conduct of the Commerce and Industry Ministry but was also entitled to have voice in other state affairs, the Foreign Office spokesman said.—Domei.

Memorial to Former Domei Chief Unveiled

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

A memorial dedicated to the late Mr. Yukichi Iwanaga, former president of the Domei News Agency, for his distinguished services for the development of the news agency, was unveiled in a ceremony held yesterday afternoon at the Tama cemetery with the attendance of Mr. Shinkichi Iwanaga, heir, and other members of the Iwanaga family and staff members of the news agency.

Mr. Yukichi Iwanaga died a year ago today, the first anniversary of his death will be observed in a ceremony to be held this afternoon at the Iwanaga home at Kamiosaki, Shinagawa Ward.—Domei.

Chinese Consulate In Yokohama Opens

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

After being closed for two years and seven months, the Chinese Consulate-General in Yokohama opened yesterday afternoon with due ceremonies at its temporary headquarters in the Shinjin Kaikan at Yamashita-chu Naka-ku.

The Consulate building is at present being entirely reconstructed. Mr. Sung Shih, official representative of the National Government at Nanking in Tokyo, will be acting Consul-General it was announced.—Domei.

September Rations In France

Rice Not to be Eaten; People Urged to Eat Fowls and Rabbits

Vichy, Sept. 2

Quantities similar to those allowed during August were set by the Agriculture Ministry yesterday in its notice on the rationing of essential foodstuffs.

Rice, however, is temporarily forbidden for sale in France. Use of products derived from rice for the feeding of cattle is also prohibited.

It is declared here that to assure the supply of foodstuffs for the people of France, the Government will have to see to the development of the country's agricultural resources. The food situation is reflected to a certain extent in the figures presented below.

There are 16,200,000 oxen, cows and bulls, 11,000,000 sheep, 6,600,000 pigs and 3,300,000 horses, mules and donkeys. France produces 140,000,000 hectolitres of milk (a hectolitre is equivalent to approximately 25 American gallons).

Of the total milk production, 50,000,000 hectolitres go into the making of butter, 18,000,000 into the production of cheese, 40,000,000 toward feeding the people, and 32,000,000 hectolitres toward feeding calves.

Poultry in France is estimated to be worth two-thirds of the country's wheat harvest. France possesses 70,000,000 fowls, 8,000,000 pigeons, 4,600,000 ducks, 4,000,000 geese and 2,200,000 turkeys. There are also 30,000,000 rabbits, and annual production of eggs comes up to 5,276,000,000; 500,000 tons of fowl meat and 740,000 tons of rabbit meat are marketed.

These figures explain the Government's efforts to guide the people toward eating more fowl and rabbit, for these species reproduce quickly and there are vast reserves in the country.—Havas.

Japanese Theatre To Be Converted

Best-Known Theatre Will Be Transformed Into New Information Bureau

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

Japan's best known theatre, the Teikoku Gekijo, has had to make way for the "new structure" movement which envisages the greatest changes in the country since the Meiji Restoration 80 years ago.

The theatre, built in 1910 by Viscount Eiichi Shibusawa and other prominent businessmen to give the Japanese what the Metropolitan House represents to New York, will close its doors on September 30 with a final performance by the Shinkiku stock company. On the next day, work will be started to convert the building to the headquarters of the Cabinet Information Bureau.

Miss Ritsuko Mori, well-known actress, and Koshiro Matsumoto famous Kabuki actor who appeared in the theatre's opening programme, are still active in Tokyo theatricals.

As a part of the movement to make the nation "one living whole" as Premier Prince Fumimaro Konoye has put it, the government voted to coordinate the publicity bureaux of the various ministries. It was decided that the Cabinet Information Bureau should absorb the Information Department of the War Ministry, the Propaganda Bureau of the Navy Ministry, the Information Bureau of the Foreign Office, and the Censorship Bureau of the Home Ministry. Dr. Nobufumi Ito, former Japanese Minister to Poland, was appointed chief of the enlarged Cabinet Information Bureau.—United Press.

"Hitler Youth" Body For Japan

To Benefit Rising Manhood Of Industrial Japan

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

A youth movement similar to the Hitler Youth organization in Germany, is projected by the Japanese Welfare Ministry to develop the bodies and shape the ideals of 1,500,000 youths of Japan, the "Yomiuri" reports.

The organization will be named the Patriotic Industrial Young Men's Association. It will group chiefly young factory workers; in fact, membership will be compulsory for young Japanese industrial workers.

Besides mass physical exercises, military drill and camping trips—all carried out with rigid discipline—from time to time, members will be selected to make up a national, voluntary labour corps.

The "Nichi Nichi" declares that the discipline in this Japanese body, will be observed in the same spirit that pervades the Hitler Youth movement. Authoritarian leadership will be emphasized by the appointment of one leader for every 50 youths.

These leaders will be selected very carefully, and will be trained in special "industrial universities" so that they may exert "the proper influence" on those under them. Under such leaders, the "rising manhood of industrial Japan will be brought up strong, healthy and of a single mind," the newspaper declares.—Havas.

Six Japanese Films Win Renown

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

International recognition was accorded six Japanese films which were submitted in the International Amateur Film Contest sponsored by the Australian Amateur Cine Association. They were placed among the first ten prize-winners in the contest.—Havas.

Tokyo Society Women Send Gifts to N.E.I.

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

Some 200 landscape drawings in classical Japanese style are to be distributed in the Netherlands East Indies by the Kobayashi mission "to strengthen ties between the races of the Far East," the "Asahi" reports.

The drawings were given Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi prior to his departure by the Kyoshin-kai, a society including most of the prominent society women of Tokyo.

Similar drawings have already been sent as goodwill gifts to China, Germany and Italy. Among members of the society who are artists, too, are the Viscountess Nobuno Matsudaira, Mrs. Masako Tokugawa and other highly-placed socialites.—Havas.

Crowds at Earthquake Anniversary Services

500,000 People Attend Memorial Hall For Shinto

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

Five hundred thousand persons crunched their way over pebbled paths leading to the Earthquake Memorial Hall in Honjo Ward yesterday as Tokyo observed the seventeenth anniversary of the disastrous earthquake and fire that laid waste large portions of the Capital and Yokohama areas in September, 1923.

Prominent among the large gathering in attendance were Mr. Isao Kawada, Minister of Finance, Mr. Shuzo Okada, Governor of Tokyo Prefecture, Mr. Tomejiro Okubo, Major of Tokyo, Mr. Hidejiro Nagata, Major of Tokyo at the time of the earthquake, and numerous others. The gathering assembled at the Earthquake Memorial Hall for Shinto and Buddhist services.

Mr. Sachio Sunagane, 39 years old, arrived from Shizuoka carrying his invalid 60 year old mother on his back, having walked a distance of 34 miles in six days to pray for the memory of his uncle, Hirokuni Sato, enshrined in the Memorial Hall.

Count Yoriyasu Arima, Chairman of the Joint Earthquake Fund Committee and assistants, were surprised when, at 11.30 this morning, Princess Taeko Kitashirakawa alighted from an automobile near Sukiyabashi to make a donation toward the fund.—Domei.

Fatshan Allowed to Return to Hongkong

Released After Month's Detention in Canton

Hongkong, Sept. 2.

The British coastal steamer Fatshan returned today to Hongkong without incident after a month's enforced stay in Canton.

The Fatshan was prevented from leaving Canton by Japanese authorities, who demanded the payment of pilotage fees which the British captain refused to pay, since he was licensed pilot and did not require the services of a Japanese pilot.

Failure of the Japanese to allow the vessel to proceed caused the Hongkong authorities to close the Colony port to Japanese transports, until the controversy was finally settled last week.

The Fatshan arrived today with 250 passengers, including eight foreigners and foreign officers. The officers reported that during the month's enforced stay at Canton they were allowed to go ashore freely without any molestation.

In addition to the Fatshan, the Shirogane Maru arrived here with 400 passengers. Both vessels are returning to Canton tomorrow, the Fatshan with 1,400 passengers.—United Press.

Hitler's Chances Very Shaky

U.S. Press Sees British Victory Nearer; British Spirit Praised

New York, Sept. 2.

A review of the first year of the war is the subject of main editorials in the American press, and the general tone of comment views Britain's chances as favourable.

The New York "Herald-Tribune" writes that "one year of war leaves Hitler's trumps shaky," while the New York "Times" says: "Already the American people can see the flames licking at their comfortable, sheltered world. The epic resistance of Great Britain today may yet prove the falsify of Hitler's belief that he could conquer Europe and dominate the world."

The Berlin correspondent of the "New York Times" says: "After a harsh winter last year, it would be a bitter disappointment to Germany if the advent of this winter found Britain still unconquered. Events of the spring and summer had wiped out all their doubts about the war."

The "Daily News" devotes a full page of articles describing what it alleges is Herr Hitler's secret weapon—a small radio-controlled boat loaded with explosives with the destructive power of a dozen torpedoes.

The San Francisco "Chronicle" says that "under the impact of Herr Hitler's ferocious assaults on Britain, the British people have found the spirit to take punishment and to make sacrifices. They exult in this discovery. Boys who a few years ago at Oxford were declaring that they would not fight for King and country, have fought with a fantastic daring that has given them lustre equal to any of England's great traditional heroes."—Reuter.

Mr. Chou Fo-hai Flies To Peiping

Peiping, Sept. 2.

Mr. Chou Fo-hai, Finance Minister of the National Government of China, arrived here by plane yesterday afternoon for an inspection tour of North China. Mr. Chou is accompanied by Colonel Nakao Yahagi, member of Gen. Nobuyuki Abe's staff.

The Finance Minister of the Nanking Government was welcomed at the local airfield by Lt.-Gen. Hayao Tada, commander-in-chief of the Japanese Expeditionary Force to North China, Mr. Wang I-tang, Chairman of the North China Political Affairs Commission, Major-General Susumu Morioka, Director of the North China Liaison Office of the Asia Development Board, and other Japanese and Chinese officials.—Domei.

Australia Thanks Free French for Support

Pledge Acknowledged By Prime Minister

Sydney, Sept. 2.

French citizens in Australia had shown splendid loyalty to the cause for which Great Britain and the Dominions had pledged themselves to fight on, the Prime Minister, Mr. R. G. Menzies, declared here. Their loyalty, he said, was shown by a resolution which was agreed to a meeting of the French community in Sydney.

The resolution was as follows: "The Frenchmen of Sydney express to their fellow countrymen, now victims of German and Italian tyranny, their sorrow and admiration. They put themselves, at whatever place they may be assigned to, at the disposal of any French Government willing to continue the fight at the side of the British Empire until final victory has been achieved.

"They ask the Australian Government to recognise their resolution to assist in the task of restoring to metropolitan France her entire and complete independence, her territorial integrity, and the independence of her Empire. They ask as far as possible the means to fulfil these expressed desires."—Reuter.

Equatorial Africa Loyal

London, Sept. 2.

It is officially announced that the whole of the free French forces in Equatorial Africa has joined General de Gaulle.

The Governor, M. Gaboon Masson, has placed himself under the flag of free France with all civil and military authorities in the Colony.—Reuter.

French West Indies Restive

Georgetown, Sept. 2.

Unrest against the Vichy Government is growing in Martinique and Guadaloupe, islands in the West Indies, according to travellers.

Difficult economic conditions are heightening feeling. The entire production of sugar and rum is lying at wharves, while a number of sugar estates is closing.—Reuter.

"Smart Young Things" Too Frivolous, States Patriotic Japanese Body

Rebuke Tickets Handed to "Tres Chic" Girls Now Collected as Proof of Smartness

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

Some of the younger, prettier and better dressed girls of Japan are assuming what their elders call an unbecoming frivolity toward the serious business of creating a new order in East Asia.

As part of the drive to make the nation conscious of its great opportunities and responsibilities, women's patriotic organizations have been picketing the principal thoroughfares of Tokyo and handing out written rebukes to fashionably-dressed women and girls.

The true patriot, the offenders were informed, should avoid gay colours, permanent waves and any details of dress which smacked of foreign influence. It developed today that some of Tokyo's more smartly dressed girls were not getting into the proper spirit of the campaign.

Instead of feeling rebucked, they took the tickets as compliments upon their chic appearance. A rivalry developed among girl acquaintances and soon spirited competitions were started to determine which one could collect the most tickets and thereby become recognized as the best dressed one in the group.—United Press.

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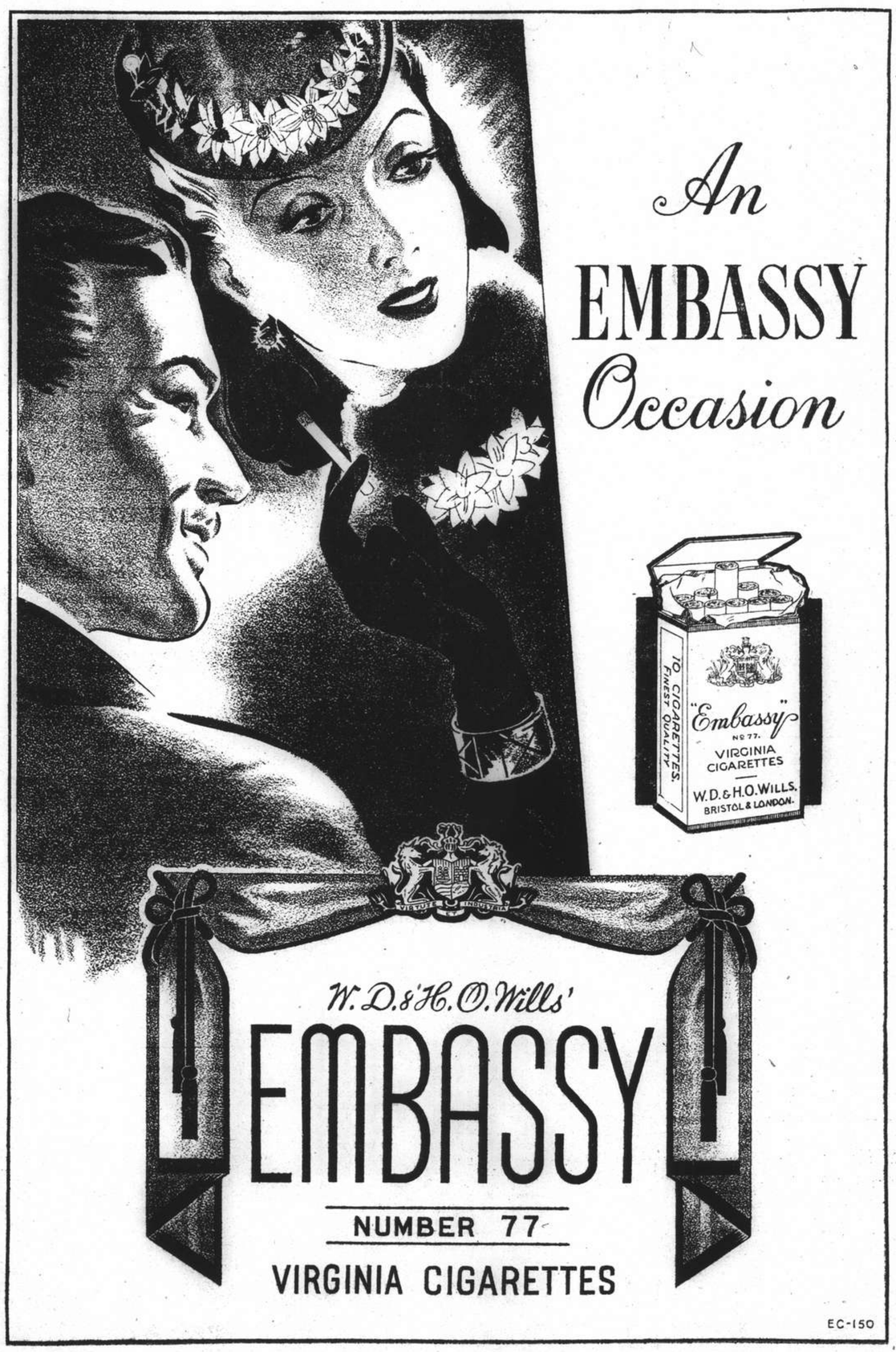

Britain Taking Command of Air

Mr. Churchill Compares Wanton German Bombing With R.A.F. Behaviour

London, Sept. 2.

In a congratulatory message to the Bomber Command of the Royal Air Force, Mr. Winston Churchill, the Prime Minister, contrasts the behaviour of British and German bombers and discloses that nearly 1,000 houses and shops have been wrecked at Ramsgate.

The message states the fact that in the first operations in the Berlin area, on August 25, the great majority of British pilots brought home their bombs rather than loose them under weather conditions which made it difficult to hit precise military objectives as prescribed in their orders, shows the high standard of poise and self-restraint preserved by the Royal Air Force in the performance of their dangerous duties.

"This is in marked contrast with the wanton cruelty of German fliers who, for example, vented their spite upon the defenceless watering place and town of Ramsgate, in which nearly 1,000 dwellings and shops, mostly of a modest character, have been wrecked," says the Prime Minister, who adds:

"It is very satisfactory that so many tons of British bombs have been discharged with such precision in difficult conditions and at such great distances, and that so many important military objectives in Germany and Italy have been so sharply smitten.

"All this is another sign and proof that command of the air is being gradually and painfully, but remorselessly wrested from the Nazi criminals who had hoped by this means to terrorize and dominate European civilization."—Reuter.

Australian Premier Praises Mr. Churchill

Brave, Inspiring Policy Hailed in Election Speech

Melbourne, Sept. 2.

"The Government ranges itself behind the brave and inspiring policy of Mr. Winston Churchill," declared the Prime Minister, Mr. R. G. Menzies, in a Federal elections policy speech today.

The elections will take place on September 21.

Mr. Menzies said the Labour Party's rejection of his offer to form a National Government made an election inevitable. The Government aimed to organize every ounce of national effort for Australia's safety, the Empire's freedom and the future of the world with equality in individual sacrifice.

The issue was whether the Government was to continue or whether it was to be handed to a party or group of parties largely inexperienced in administration and with confused war policies.

Dealing with the Government's record of "honourable achievement," Mr. Menzies said that 130,000 men had been raised for the Australian Imperial Force, and that thousands had been recruited for the army, navy and air force and 100,000 for home defence.

Aircraft, shipbuilding and munitions industries had been expanded, profiteering prevented, primary industries safeguarded, and taxation equitably imposed.

Foreign policy, declared Mr. Menzies, was based on the development of an adult responsible nation in the Pacific. This did not mean a loosening of Empire ties, which were being strengthened as the war went on. Import restrictions were essential, and there must be a full sharing of sacrifice over all the Empire.

Social amelioration, he added, was most desirable, but the deadly peril of a free people called for putting aside dreams of tomorrow and winning the supreme desperate battle of today.—Reuter.

Second Japanese Ship Delayed in Bombay

Permission Refused For Loading Adequate Water

Bombay, Sept. 2.

Making it the second time within five days that a Japanese vessel was prevented from sailing from Bombay on schedule because of the inability of vessels to obtain sufficient water supply, the Japanese liner Anyo Maru will be unable to sail tomorrow bound for Karachi, it was revealed today.

Because of the refusal by the authorities to grant permission for the loading of adequate water, the Europe bound liner Fushimi Maru was delayed in port for 24 hours. The Fushimi Maru was forced to delay her scheduled sailing on August 29 until August 30.—Domei.

Nanking Treaty Now Enroute to Tokyo

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

Mr. Shunichi Matsumoto, Japanese Embassy Councillor, left Nanging on Sunday bringing to Tokyo the tentative treaty concluded in Naking on August 31, Mr. Yakichiro Suma, Foreign Office spokesman revealed during the press conference today.

Questioned regarding the tentative Nanking treaty the spokesman stated that he could not reveal anything about the treaty or divulge details about the pact pointing out that prescribed formalities must be concluded before "everything is straightened out."

Mr. Suma described the agreement as a "basic treaty" and denied that the pact had been named a "peace treaty."—Domei.

Life of Admiral Togo To Be Translated

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

Coupled with the prevailing enthusiasm in the study of Japanese character and spirit in Europe, a Spanish woman writer in Barcelona has applied for permission to translate into English language the famous book, "The Life of Admiral Togo," the biography of the late Admiral Heihachiro Togo, hero of the Japan seas, written by Viscount Vice-Admiral Naganari Ogasawara.

In expressing his delight on the translation, Viscount Ogasawara has offered to transfer its copyright free to her.—Domei.

SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From NAGASAKI: Nagasaki Maru, with mail, due 3 p.m., T.K.K. Wayside Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From Bombay		From Bombay	
Argun M	— 3/9	Ginyo M	— 8/9

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York		From Seattle	
Besholt	— 17/9	Coldbrook	— 13/9
St. Voyager	— 21/9		
Sagoland	— 22/9	From Manila	
P Polk	9/8 24/9	Brageland	28/8 5/9
P G'field	29/8 14/10		
From Havana		From Yokohama	
P G'field	2/9 14/10	Atago M	— 5/9
From Los Angeles		From Kobe	
P Polk	27/8 24/9	Taiyo M	10/9 12/9
Nitta M	19/8 1/10		
From San F'cisco		From Nagasaki	
K'kawa M	— 9/9	S'hai M	4/9 5/9
From Honolulu		From Keelung	
Nitta M	28/8 1/10	Tyosa M	7/9 9/9

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen	
Dairen M	3/9 5/9

Vessels Sailing

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SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES — FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

J.-C.-J.L. — 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG MANILA AND NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS. For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road, Telephone 16247.

AMERICA

KUNIKAWA MARU — Sept. 9, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE via SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES. For freight please apply to Showa Shipping Co., Ltd., 130 Hankow Road, Tel. Nos. 16630 and 16118. 9-9

NANKAI MARU FOR LOS ANGELES, Sept. 11. CRISTOBAL, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PORTLAND, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE.—O.S.K. LINE. TEL. 15323, 15324. 7-9

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Liverpool		For Manila	
Kasima M	21/9	Peiping	10/9
		Coldbrook	15/9
For Bombay and Calcutta		P Polk	25/9
Atago M	8/9		
Onoe M	24/9	For Hongkong	
		P Polk	25/9
For New York			
Nozima M	7/9	For Kobe	
Kunikawa M	10/9	Taiyo M	3/9
Peiping	10/9	Ginyo M	12/9
Sakura M	21/9		
Steel Voyager	22/9	For Nagasaki	
Nankai M	23/9	Nagasaki M	4/9
P Polk	25/9	Shanghai M	6/9
For Los Angeles		For Dairen	
Nozima M	7/9	Hoten M	4/9
Peiping	10/9	Dairen M	7/9
Asama M	2/10	Tsingtao M	10/9
Brageland	10/9	Hoten M	12/9
For San Francisco		Dairen M	15/9
Kamakura M	2/9		
P Coolidge	10/9		

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Per Pres. Pierce, Sept. 2, from Manila: Mr. Soo Pui Chen, Mr. S. S. Cheng, Mr. Y. C. Chow, Mr. Harold Glenn Coffin, Mr. Henry Corra, Mr. Ying Chuen, Mrs. C. W. Elfring, Miss L. Empainado, Lt. Comdr. J. S. Fitzgerald, USN, Mr. John C. Green, Mr. Hui Chun Hu, Mr. H. S. Howe, Mr. Hung Su Jen, Miss D. Johnson, Mr. R. Karamchand, Miss Kamlesh Kumari, Mr. E. W. Kutil, Mr. Marcus H. Lambert, Miss Irma Landis, Mr. T. S. Lee, Mr. T. T. Lew, Mr. C. C. Lindt, Mr. John D. Lorimer, Mr. Ying Lun, Miss Ruth Mather, Miss F. N. Merritt, Miss Gertrude F. McCulloch, Mr. Kosaburo Miyoshi, Mr. Lee Sheung Ngin, Mr. Masashie Nobuchika, Mr. Kohei Okabe, Mr. A. B. Park, Mr. & Mrs. W. B. Pennington, Miss T. Roka, Miss William F. Roth, 1st Lt. and Mrs. Richard Rothwell, USMC, Mstr. Richard B. Rothwell, Mr. Seiichi Shibata, Mr. S. P. Tarachand, Dr. W. H. Tipton, Mrs. Anna Vantchurm, Mr. Fang Sung Wang, Mr. Donald Warren, Mr. C. G. Wee, Mrs. P. L. Whorf, Miss L. Wong, Mrs. & Miss J. Wong, Miss K. Wong, Mrs. C. Wong, Mr. Thomas M. Wu, Mr. Minoru Yanase, Mr. T. M. Ying.

DEPARTURES

Sept. 1, for Chinwangtao: Mr. S. C. Liu, Miss Hollows, Mr. I. R. Reed, Mr. A. P. Nazer, Mr. G. Szabo, Miss J. Kale, Mr. & Mrs. G. E. Baker, Mrs. B. M. Bell, Mr. N. E. Kent, Mr. C. H. Williams.

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Kamakura M.	Hongkong	N.Y.K.
Pres. Pierce	Hongkong	A.P.L.
Fooshing	Hsinkong	C.C.T.
Chingning M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Ondo M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Tawha	T'lungkong	Quen Kee

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Chekiang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Hokuzyu M.	Jap.	Y.K.K.
Tachang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Azalea City	Am.	Wallem
Heini	Ger.	G.F.E.
Maliakor	Gre.	Ch. Hellenic
Tusima M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Kamakura M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.E.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	10-11 Junk B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.E.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B

Personal

There may be a message for you under this heading, so whether you advertise under it or not make a point of reading it.

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†ASAMA MARU ..... Oct. 2
NITTA MARU ..... Oct. 14
TATUTA MARU ..... Oct. 24
YAWATA MARU ..... Nov. 7
†Sailing from Kobe

Orient-Seattle Line via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIE MARU ..... Sept. 23
HEIAN MARU ..... Oct. 16
HIKAWA MARU .... Oct. 28

Orient-New York Line via Los Angeles and Panama
NOZIMA MARU ..... Sept. 7
SAKURA MARU ..... Sept. 21

Japan-Australia Line via Hongkong and Manila From Nagasaki
ATUTA MARU ..... Sept. 23

European Mail Line
For Liverpool via Straits, Colombo, Bombay, Durban, Cape Town and Lisbon.
KASIMA MARU ..... Sept. 21

Japan-Bombay Line Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi
ATAGO MARU ..... Sept. 8
ONOE MARU ..... Sept. 24

Orient-South America Line West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe
HEIYO MARU ..... Sept. 27

Shanghai—Kobe Yokohama Line
GINYO MARU ..... Sept. 12
ANYO MARU ..... Oct. 1

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Loading 13/14. October
Swedish ms. VASAHOLM
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OUTWARDS:

	Arr. Shanghai.
ms. SAGOLAND	Sept. 22
ms. VASAHOLM	Oct. 20

From New York, Norfolk, Savannah, Panama, and Los Angeles.

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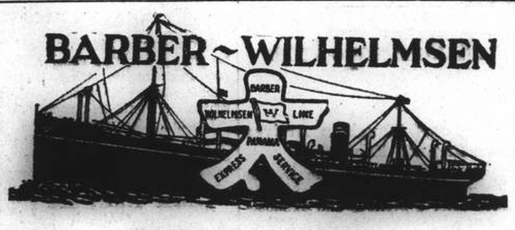
210-214 Kiukiang Road Telephone 15566

BARBER-WILHELMSEN



Express Service
Shanghai—34 DAYS—New York
To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal
Next Sailing about September 23
For Freight and Passage Rates apply to
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

TOA K. K.
Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	Departure (summer time)
NAGASAKI MARU	Sept. 3 (Wayside Wharf)	Sept. 4 at 9 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)
SHANGHAI MARU	Sept. 5	Sept. 6 at 9 a.m.
NAGASAKI MARU	Sept. 8	Sept. 9 at 9 a.m.
SHANGHAI MARU	Sept. 10	Sept. 11 at 9 a.m.

Kobe Express Sevice

TAIYO MARU	Aug. 30 (Wayside Wharf)	Sept. 3 at 6.30 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)
TAIYO MARU	Sept. 12	Sept. 15 at 6 a.m.

(Passengers are cordially requested to go on board between 7 p.m. and 11 p.m. of the 2nd.)
(Passengers are cordially requested to go on board between 7 p.m. and 11 p.m. of the 14th.)
For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel, Telephones 42350, 44064

TOA KAIUN KAISYA
6 The Bund Telephone 19600

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

Go Empress AND ENJOY SCENIC CANADA

Record-breaking trans-Pacific speed. Then the trip of trips, across Canada in *air-conditioned* trains. See Banff, Lake Louise, Great Lakes, Niagara Falls, Montreal, Quebec. Convenient connecting train service to United States points. If Europe-bound connect direct with Canadian Pacific Trans-Atlantic liners. One management all the way!

TO PACIFIC COAST—
Second week in September — First week in November
First week in October — First week in December

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA—
Fourth week in September — Third week in October

Canadian Pacific
WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM
The Bund and Peking Road, Shanghai. Tel. 19490

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ORIENT-JAVA-AFRICA LINE
MONTHLY SERVICE TO
SOUTH AFRICA
Modern fast vessels with up-to-date passenger accommodation.
SHANGHAI—CAPETOWN: 28 DAYS
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Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.
133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16247

DE LA RAMA LINE
NEW YORK
VIA HONGKONG MANILA LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL

ms. Peiping	sails Sept. 13
Following Sailing about	Sept. 20
ms. Dona Aurora	sails Oct. 7
ms. Dona Nati	sails Oct. 21

ALL VESSELS HAVE DEEP TANKS FOR OIL IN BULK
For freight and passage apply to:
DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP AGENCIES
51 Canton Road *General Agents* Telephone 15041

D. K. K.
For Passage and Freight apply to
DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival (Whangpoo Wharf)	Departure (Daylight Saving Time)
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Sept. 3	Sept. 4 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Sept. 3	Sept. 5 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Sept. 5	Sept. 7 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Sept. 8	Sept. 10 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Sept. 10	Sept. 12 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Sept. 13	Sept. 15 at 9 a.m.

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)

	Departure.
ss. MANZYU MARU	Sept. 8 at 2 p.m.
ss. CHOHEI MARU	Sept. 10 at 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE (Freight only)

ss. KOGA MARU	Sept. 6
ss. HAKKA MARU	Sept. 21

AMERICAN MAIL LINE
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY FREIGHT SERVICE
Between Puget Sound—Shanghai—Hongkong—Philippine Islands.

Vessel	Sails Seattle	Shanghai Arr./Sails	Hongkong Arrives	Manila Arr./Sails
ss. COLDBROOK*	Sailed	Sept. 11/14	Sept. 18	Sept. 23/Oct. 3
ss. CAPILLO**	Sailed	Omits	Oct. 1	Oct. 6/16
ms. WEST CUSSETA	Sept. 20	Oct. 12/15	Oct. 19	Oct. 24/Nov. 1

*Via Osaka **Calls Chinwangtao and Taku Bar thence Hongkong.
Subject to change without notice
EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION
17 The Bund AGENTS Telephone 12634

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings

ss. PRESIDENT PIERCE
Sailing for SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES via KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU
Last tender leaves Customs Jetty at 11.00 a.m. September 3

TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

PRES. COOLIDGE	Sept. 10	PRES. CLEVELAND	Oct. 5
PRES. TAFT	Sept. 20		

Agents For:—
Transcontinental and Western Airlines
United Air Lines — American Pioneer Line
American Gulf Orient Line — United States Lines

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES
Round World Services

51 CANTON ROAD Tel. 15309

P. & O. B. I. —and— E. & A.
FOR SAILINGS TO JAPAN, HONGKONG, AUSTRALIA, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, STRAITS AND UNITED KINGDOM.
All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.
For particulars apply to the Agents:
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
27 The Bund Telephone 11428

GLEN & SHIRE LINES
Sailings to and from
UNITED KINGDOM
For details of freight and passage apply to:
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Agents
27 The Bund Telephone 15290

O.S.K.
FOR NEW YORK
Via Panama Canal
MS. NANKAI MARU
Sailing Shanghai September 11
For freight apply to:
ŌSAKA SYŌSEN KAISYA
20 Canton Road Telephone 15323-15324

PRINCE LINE and SILVER LINE
Joint Round-the-World Express Service
ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES ON APPLICATION TO AGENTS
Fortnightly sailings for Hongkong, Philippine Islands, Java, Straits, Colombo and Atlantic Coast ports via Cape of Good Hope
All vessels have accommodation for limited number of first-class passengers
Silver Line vessels have refrigerated space
For further particulars regarding
PRINCE LINE — Apply to Jardine Matheson & Co., Limited
SILVER LINE — Apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N. V.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 3/16d.		$ 67.37
U.S. $100 @ 5 1/4		$1,904.76
Francs	—	$100
Yen	22 1/4	$100
Guilders	93 1/4	100
Rupees	19 3/4	100
Pesos	10 1/2	100
Hongkong	$23 5/8	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 11/16d.	$ 65.08
U.S. $100 @ 5 7/8	$1,839.00
London—demand, $1=	3 11/32d.
4 months' sight credits	3 3/32d.
4 months' sight docts	3 3/16d.
6 months' sight credits	3 3/16d.
6 months' sight docts	3 3/32d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S.$5 7/8
4 months' sight credits	U.S.$5 7/8
4 months' sight docts	U.S.$5 1/2

NEW YORK/LONDON CROSS RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03¼ U.S. $1=59.52d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ..... 3 3/32d. U.S. $5 3/32
Hongkong/London 1/23 1/32

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders .....Buying —
Java Guilders .....Selling 97/8

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,839.080 £1=$65.641
Selling U.S.$100=$1,904.761 £1=$67.368

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.H.$ 1
„ Buying „ @ 6 1/32 „ H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling „ @ 8 1/32 „ H.H.$100
„ Buying „ @ 9 5/32 „ H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) selling @ 167 per H.H.$100
buying @ 172 „ H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing $2.796
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar $4.810

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£ Highest 3 3/32 Lowest 3 1/32
U.S. G.$ 5 1/32 5 3/32

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING	BUYING
Cash		September
£ T.T.	3 1/32	3 1/32
G.$ T.T.	5 1/4	4 m/s. l.c. 5 3/32
Rs. T.T.	19 5/8	15 d/s. 20 1/16

*—Hongkong Bank only.

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	63.07	—
Bombay offtake 100 bars.		

U.S. $/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for Aug. 31 4.03¼
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 3.56
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 3.58

With both New York and Hongkong markets closed, the local market was quiet. In the early morning there was some profit taking, speculators selling U.S. dollars at 5 3/8 September, but all offerings were absorbed by banks without any change in rates. The speculative selling finished, small but steady merchant demand caused the merchant selling rate of 3 3/16 sterling to be abandoned when the market opened for the afternoon session. Very quiet conditions prevailed after lunch, neither merchants nor bankers apparently being keen to take advantage of the extra time made available for business by the changeover to winter hours. At the close there were sellers at:—

3 3/16 sterling 5 3/8 U.S.$ Cash/Sept.
3 1/32 „ 5¼ „ Oct.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn. 20's, D.H. per bale	$989
Tungchow cotton .. per picul	181
Wheat .... per picul (50 kilos)	$25.00
Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.)	15.00
	picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78%	$5,150

Japan Aerial Surveying Laboratory Next April

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

A Y.1,000,000 "aerial surveying laboratory" will be established by the Japan Aviation Company next April at Kunidachi, according to the "Asahi."

The new institution will take up investigation of possibility of surveying or photographing installations of new power plants, photographing railway tracks and roads, surveying topographical conditions as a preliminary to the construction of new harbours, surveying forests, and studying the layout of highways for the establishment of air defence zones.

The paper states that surveying along these lines has been carried on in Manchoukuo during the past seven years, and that fine results have been achieved.

Germany, the newspaper says, succeeded in effecting her speedy mobilization of huge armed forces largely because of her modern network of roads, which in turn were largely the result of aerial surveying. —Havas.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

Sept. 2.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Atoks	.15	.155 S
Baguio Gold	.145 S	.145 S
Benguet Consolidated	4.30 *	—
Big Wedge	.17	.17
Consolidated Mines	.0021 S	.0021 S
East Mindanao	.065	.065
I. X. L.	.23	.23
Itogon	.17 S	.17 S
Masbate Consolidated	.065 S	.065 S
Paracale Gumaus	.155 S	.155 S
Surigao Consolidated	.16 S	.16 S
United Paracale	.155 S	.155 S
Mindanao Motherlode	.0825 S	.0825 S

Turnover for the Morning: 8,600 Pesos.
Shares Index: (Morning Session) 50.16.
*—Over counter. S—Sales.—Reuter.

Silver Quotations

	London, Sept. 2. Aug. 30	Sept. 1
London spot	23 3/16d.	unreceived
„ forward	23 1/16d.	„
„ gold	168/-	„

—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The absence of unfavourable political news over the weekend and the steadiness of the New York market seemed to indicate strength locally. This was a fact at the opening of the market and certain industrial stocks, particularly Wheelocks, Ewos, Docks and Lands, were firm throughout the day in an enormous turnover.

Rubber however were distinctly weak on the receipt of very unfavourable news regarding new regulations covering remittances from Singapore and Java on rubber company profits. It is understood that local agents have cabled for further information. Though it is to be expected that Singapore and Java Companies must make their contribution towards the war effort, it is to be hoped that the basis of calculation will not be as rumoured, because this will mean dividends can hardly exceed those of 1937 and 1938.

Official Averages

High	Low		Today's Average	Change
456.55	105.32	General	275.38	+9.71
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	300.60	—0.33

Total 1,040,971 shares, 110 bonds.

Morning Session

A. A. U. (Ord)				1250	*26.00
Auto Palace				2000	*20.00
I. I. Trust		500	19.80	1500	20.50
	1000 *20.25	500	*20.50	1000	20.25
	1500 20.00	1000	*20.25	1500	20.00
	2500 20.25	8500	20.00	500	19.90
	4000 *20.25	7500	20.25	2000	20.00
	1000 19.90	1000	20.00	1000	20.25
	1500 20.50				
S'hai Loan		8000	24.75	1000	*24.75
	3500 25.00	1000	*25.00	10500	25.00
	1500 25.50	500	*25.50	5000	*25.25
	2500 25.25	1500	25.00 *	1500	24.75
	500 25.25				
Yangtsze Finance		3000	12.80	500	12.90
	5500 13.00	500	*13.00	7000	12.80
	8000 12.70	2000	12.90	2000	12.60
	1500 12.70				
S'hai Securities		1500	5.60	2000	5.75
	1000 5.70	5000	*5.65	500	5.65
	2000 5.50	10000	5.55	5000	5.60
	3000 5.65				
China Realty		500	8.65	500	*8.60
	6000 8.60	500	*8.55	500	8.55
S'hai Land		2000	10.50	1000	10.40
	500 10.70	500	*10.80	1500	10.80
	500 11.00	500	11.20	1000	10.90
Central Prop.				200	16.00
Dockyards		1800	32.50	2400	33.00
	300 *33.00	300	32.75	1600	33.00
	700 *33.00	100	*32.75	1500	32.75
	400 32.50	12900	33.75	900	*32.75
	400 *32.50	100	32.50	5300	33.00
	600 *33.00				
Wheelock		1300	75.00	600	*74.50
	700 *75.00	1100	75.50	1000	76.00
	300 *75.00	1300	75.00	300	*75.50
	1900 75.50	3100	76.00	2800	75.50
	800 75.00	200	*76.00	200	76.50
	1900 77.00	300	*77.00	200	*77.50
	600 77.50	400	76.50	600	77.00
	100 *76.50	100	*77.00	700	76.50
C. G. Omnibus		700	19.40	400	19.70
	200 19.60	400	19.80	400	20.00
	2700 19.90	200	*19.80	700	19.90
	300 *20.00	600	19.80	100	*19.90
S'hai Gas		300	*16.40	400	16.40
	100 16.30	200	*16.50	1000	16.50
Telephone		1200	40.75	100	41.00
	1700 40.75	100	*40.75	200	*40.50
Trans (Bearer)	£1			600	46.75
China Finance				1000	1.08
Metal		1300	*30.00	400	30.25
	2700 30.00	1300	29.75	1400	30.00
	200 *30.25	4500	30.25	800	30.50
Exploration		3000	25.50	1500	*25.50
	500 25.75	500	*25.75	3000	25.25
	2500 *25.25	500	*25.00	18500	25.00
	2500 24.75	1000	*25.00	9000	25.25
	1500 25.00	500	*25.25	1500	25.25
Lumber		100	*48.00	900	48.00
	300 48.25	200	*47.75	100	47.75
	100 *48.00	800	47.50	900	47.00
	100 46.75	200	47.75	100	*47.75
	100 *48.00	300	48.00	2900	47.75
Power (Pref)		10	136.00	80	136.50
	30 136.25				
Ewo Mills (Ord)		1100	38.00	1200	38.25
	200 *38.50	500	38.50	200	*38.25
	4300 38.00	1700	38.50	2200	38.25
	100 *38.25	2800	38.00	2800	*38.00
	4000 37.75	800	*37.75	3200	38.00
	100 *38.25	500	38.25		
Kaiping		200	46.50	400	46.00
	200 45.50				
Anglo Dutch		3100	22.25	2000	22.50
	500 *22.50	100	*22.25	200	22.00
	600 21.25	1400	21.00	200	21.50
Anglo Java		2900	39.50	800	39.25
	3300 40.00	800	39.75	100	*40.25
	200 40.25	300	*40.00	1500	40.00
	100 *39.75	1500	39.75	300	*40.00
	1400 39.50	100	*39.75	200	*39.50
	3300 39.25	300	39.50	3300	39.00
	200 *39.00	2700	38.50	500	*38.00
	1700 38.00	1200	38.25	1300	38.50
	200 *38.50	1500	38.75	200	39.00
	600 38.50	200	38.75	100	*38.75
Batu Anam		2000	1.62	1000	*1.64
	1000 1.64	1000	1.60	2000	1.62
	1000 1.54	1000	1.58		
Chemor		4000	3.00	1000	3.02½
	3000 2.95	1000	*2.95	1000	*2.90
	1000 2.90	2000	2.85		
Cheng		10000	0.95	2000	0.96
	3000 0.97	2000	*0.97	5000	0.98
	11000 0.96	2000	0.95		
Dominion				3000	10.70
Java Consolidated				1000	3.80
Kota		1000	5.70	4000	5.60
	1000 5.75	2000	5.60		
Kroewoek		10000	2.90	1000	2.95
	1000 2.80	2000	2.85	1000	2.82½
	2000 2.80	1000	2.87½	2000	2.85
Langkat		200	31.75	200	32.00
	400 32.50	100	*32.50	200	32.75
	3600 32.00	500	32.25	400	*32.25
	400 33.00	100	*32.00	2900	32.00
	300 31.75	300	*31.75	200	*32.25
	600 32.00	1400	31.75	100	31.50
	200 31.00	800	31.25	200	*31.50
	500 *31.00	1600	31.00	400	30.75
	500 *31.00	2600	31.00	200	*30.75
	200 30.75	900	31.00	1600	31.25
	300 *31.25	500	31.50		
Padang		2000	2.90	2000	*2.90
Repah				1000	1.44
Rubber Trust		500	10.90	1000	10.80
	5000 10.70	5000	10.60	1000	*10.50
	1500 10.60	1000	10.50	6500	10.30
	3500 10.40	1000	*10.30	2500	10.50
Samagaga		5000	1.80	3000	1.76
Semambu				3000	1.40
Senawang		1000	1.80	11000	1.76
	4000 1.74	1000	1.70		
Kedah				500	10.20
Kelantan		3000	1.02	1000	*1.06
	19000 1.06	2000	*1.04	27000	1.04
	5000 *1.06	11000	1.02	3000	*1.02
Pahang				2000	5.60
Seremban				2000	2.40
Sua Manggis				1000	2.00
Sungala				500	7.80
Sungei Duri		200	66.00	100	65.00
Tanah Merah		9000	3.70	9000	3.65
	5000 *3.65	1000	3.60	1000	3.65
	1000 3.70				
Tebong		2000	1.76	2000	1.82
	9000 1.78	2000	1.80	17000	1.76
	9000 1.74	4000	1.72	7000	1.70
	5000 *1.72	1000	*1.74	3000	1.77
	8000 1.74				
Ziangbe		200	26.50	100	*27.00
	1900 27.00	1900	27.25	1500	26.75
	1800 26.50	200	*26.50	700	26.25
	2100 26.00	100	*26.00	100	*26.25
	600 26.25	500	26.00		
Power 5½% Debs.				2000	90.25
	5000 90.50				
Telephone 6% Tael Debs.				4000	95.50

ODD LOTS

Exploration		200	*25.00
Dockyards		50	32.25
S'hai Loan		150	25.00
Rubber Trust	100 10.90	76	10.40
Anglo Java	50 *38.00	10	37.75
Kedah		100	9.75
Senawang		500	1.70
A. A. U. 8% Pref.		30	*120.00
A. A. U. 7% Pref.		25	*115.00

Afternoon Session

I. I. Trust		2000	20.50	1000	20.75
	4000 21.00	1000	21.25	4500	21.75
	3000 22.00	1000	21.75		
S'hai Loan		500	25.50	500	26.00
	500 *26.25	2000	26.50	1500	26.25
	500 *26.75	500	*26.50	1500	26.25
	7500 26.50				
Yangtsze Finance		500	12.90	300	13.00
	500 13.10	500	13.30	500	13.40
	2500 13.50	2500	13.60	500	*13.60
	500 13.50				
S'hai Securities		2000	5.70	3000	*5.75
	1500 5.75	4500	5.80	1500	5.85
	13500 5.90	2500	5.95	500	5.80
	6000 5.85				
China Realty		1000	8.60	1000	8.65
	1000 8.70	1000	8.80		
S'hai Land		4000	11.00	4000	11.20
	1500 *11.40	500	*11.30	500	11.30
	5000 11.40				
Central Prop.		100	*16.00	200	16.00
Dockyards		300	33.25	300	33.00
	2900 34.00	500	34.25	500	*34.50
	2000 34.50	100	*34.25	5700	34.75
	800 *35.00	4300	35.00	600	*34.75
	1900 34.75	600	*35.00	600	34.50
	400 34.75	1000	*34.75		
Wheelock		700	77.00	1200	77.50
	500 *77.50	300	*78.00	2400	78.00
	3800 79.00	200	78.50	300	*78.50
	100 *79.00	2000	78.50	600	*79.50
	2500 79.00	500	78.50		
C. G. Omnibus		200	19.90	100	*20.00
	500 20.00	400	20.25	200	20.75
	100 21.00	600	21.50	400	21.75
	100 21.50	200	*21.50		
S'hai Gas		700	16.50	1100	16.60
	400 16.70	100	16.80	200	16.90
	300 17.00	200	17.10		
Telephone		400	40.75	900	41.00
	100 *41.25	1200	41.25		
S. & H. Wharf				75	400.00
S. W. W. "A"	£20			10	*845.00
Tram (Bearer)	£1			500	46.75
	100 47.00	600	47.50	1000	47.25
China Finance				1000	1.10
Metal		400	31.00	1100	31.50
	300 *31.50	400	31.25	400	*31.75
	900 31.75	2600	32.00	200	*32.25
	700 32.25	300	*32.00	100	*32.50
	500 32.25	800	32.50	800	32.00
Kaiping		100	46.00	500	46.50
Exploration		2500	25.25	3000	25.50
	500 *25.50	500	*25.75	15500	25.50
	6500 25.25	1000	*25.50	1500	25.00
	500 *25.25	4000	25.25	6000	25.00
Lumber		100	*47.50	300	47.50
	700 47.75	3000	48.00	600	48.25
	100 48.00				
Power (Pref)				70	136.25
Ewo Mills (Ord)		300	38.00	100	*38.25
	1000 38.25	600	38.50	700	38.75
	700 *39.00	1300	39.00	1000	39.25
	1800 39.50	400	*39.75	400	*39.50
	2600 39.75	300	*40.00	400	*39.75
	1500 40.00	500	*40.00	4000	39.75
	1000 39.50	200	39.75		
Anglo Dutch		200	*21.25	800	21.50
	1300 21.75	100	*21.75	1200	21.50
Anglo Java		100	*38.50	1000	39.00
	2000 38.75	900	*38.75	2000	39.00
	500 39.25	900	39.50	1500	39.25
	100 39.00				
Chemor				3000	2.90
Cheng		2000	0.96	2000	0.95
	2000 0.94				
Dominion				500	10.60
Kota				7000	5.60
Kroewoek		1000	2.85	2000	2.82½
	1000 2.87½	9000	2.85		
Langkat		100	*31.25	1200	31.50
	600 *32.00	100	*31.75	1200	31.75
	200 31.50	200	*31.50	2400	31.75
	1100 *31.75				
Padang				4000	2.90
Repah				1000	1.40
Rubber Trust		2000	10.60	1000	10.70
	500 *10.70	500	10.80	2500	10.70
	1000 *10.60				
Samagaga				2000	1.76
Senawang		2000	1.70	4000	1.72
Kelantan		1000	1.04	1000	1.06
	2000 1.04	7000	1.02		
Seremban				2000	2.40
Tanah Merah				5000	3.70
Tebong		4000	*1.72	2000	1.74
	1000 *1.76	1000	1.76	4000	1.74
	1000 1.76				
Ziangbe		1800	26.00	400	26.25
	100 27.00	200	26.50	200	26.25
	1200 26.75	100	26.50		

ODD LOTS

Chemor		100	2.87½
Exploration	100 24.75	300	24.75
Dockyards		66	*34.50
Lumber		9	*48.00
I. I. Trust		80	*20.00

*—Direct Business.

Kyoto's Industrial Development

Plans to Establish Large Business Centre, River Harbour and Airfield

Kyoto, Sept. 2.

Extensive industrial development is planned by the Kyoto municipal authorities in agreement with the Home Ministry and the prefectural authorities, it is learned here.

The city authorities are planning to establish a large industrial zone in the southern outskirts of the town following completion of the new Kyoto-Osaka national highway, which has been under construction the past five years.

Another point in the plan is to dredge the Yodo River and build a vast port and canals in Fushimi to allow for water transport of goods from Osaka to Kyoto.

Proposed Harbour

The proposed Fushimi harbour will be one of the largest river ports in Japan, according to plans. The Yodo River, it is pointed out, will be dredged to a depth of more than two metres, so that 100-ton ships will be able, to ply between Kyoto and Osaka.

All work is expected to be completed by 1945, and an expenditure of Y.5,000,000 has already been approved.

Kyoto, it is reported, is also likely to become the site of one of Japan's chief airports in the near future. An international airfield will be built at Nagaike, in the southern suburbs of the town. The projected field will replace those used at present in Osaka.—Havas.

Foreign Buying At Japan Textile Fabrics Fair

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

Approximately Y.138,000 worth of goods were purchased by foreign merchants at the International Sample Fair of Japanese textile fabrics and industrial goods at Kyoto, it was revealed today.

The Japan Textile Fabrics Association, encouraged by this, has decided to urge further development of exports of Kyoto goods.

As a first step in this direction, the Association will send many exhibits to the coming Brazilian International Sample Fair at Rio de Janeiro, November 15 to 30.—Havas.

Exploration Company's Interim Dividend

At a meeting of the directors of the Shanghai Exploration & Development Co., Ltd. held on September 2, at the office of the general agents, Messrs. George McBain, 1, The Bund, it was decided to declare an interim dividend on account of the year ending December 31, 1940, of sixty cents (local currency) per share, payable to shareholders on register on September 27, 1940.

Weekly Review

"Trader" reiterates that business and financial omens are all that reasonably could be desired. With the market up 17 points since the June low, those who have stuck to cash all the summer are showing signs of restlessness. Obviously Hitler's timetable in Britain has miscued, minimizing the menace of a German dominated world.

The Excess Profits Taxes may be less punitive than at first feared. War, taxes and politics are less formidable than a few weeks ago, so that orthodox influences should become more assertive with rising earnings and dividends, due to increasing investment considerations.

The market is no longer apathetic to defense orders, whilst commodities are stronger and a revival of consumer goods is indicated by the broad buying in cotton goods.

China's July Foreign Trade

Net Imports Amount to G.U.83,667,607; Total For the Year of G.U.440,534,706

ACCORDING to the monthly returns issued by the Chinese Maritime Customs covering the foreign trade of this country, net imports during July, 1940, totalled G.U.83,667,607 (G.U.=42 32/32 pence sterling for July); net exports $170,274,894. January-July figures were G.U.440,534,706 and $1,104,860,045, as against G.U.349,554,821 and $491,495,211 respectively in 1939.

Net Imports (in thousands)
Including Bond Withdrawals

	July 1940 G.U.	Jan. 1939 G.U.	July 1940 G.U.
Cotton P.G. Grey	26	865	188
Piece white or dyed	384	1,791	2,994
Piece printed	57	1,040	613
Piece miscellaneous	56	300	556
Cotton raw, yarn	13,397	44,446	70,698
Cotton manu, sundry	362	915	1,274
Flax, ramie, hemp	3,147	6,230	9,918
Wool and manu.	1,393	6,059	6,550
Silk	1,417	7,498	9,410
Metal and ores	5,886	17,576	26,707
Machinery and tools	2,625	14,958	13,640
Vehicles and vessels	1,857	11,475	9,029
Metal manu.	1,750	8,819	9,313
Fishery products	1,389	3,688	7,400
Canned goods	1,482	4,119	8,811
Cereals and flour	14,996	59,543	83,033
Fruits, and seeds	910	7,941	9,599
Medicinal goods	670	2,992	4,759
Sugar	4,021	14,893	15,542
Wines, beer	341	1,546	1,922
Tobacco	2,686	11,902	12,388
Pharmaceuticals	4,048	19,604	19,910
Dyes, varnishes	2,033	12,058	11,243
Candles, resins, etc.	5,244	30,306	34,804
Books, maps, paper	2,889	15,746	15,345
Hides, leather, etc.	694	1,997	2,536
Timber	3,465	8,591	13,029
Bamboo, straw, etc.	980	3,038	4,799
Coal, fuel, tar	1,440	6,571	11,434
Chinaware, etc.	305	1,519	1,689
Stone, earth	321	1,398	1,555
Sundry	3,381	20,113	19,830
Grand Total	83,667	349,554	440,534

Net Exports (in thousands)

	July 1940 C.S.$	Jan. 1939 C.S.$	July 1940 C.S.$
Animal products	32,294	102,290	163,305
Hides, leather	7,989	17,110	47,282
Fish products	548	2,159	2,676
Beans and peas	806	3,383	8,733
Cereals	3,516	16,393	19,134
Dyestuffs, vegetables	370	1,796	2,353
Fruits, preserves	626	3,732	7,817
Medicinals	2,951	10,337	18,157
Oils, tallow and wax	10,746	32,187	70,269
Seeds	5,579	14,083	24,184
Spirituous beverages	547	802	3,322
Sugar	424	351	600
Tea	7,081	8,658	78,896
Tobacco	602	7,650	4,224
Vegetables	2,108	7,022	9,598
Vegetable products	2,383	4,204	8,752
Bamboo	211	1,075	1,308
Fuel	5,610	14,478	36,078
Rattan	18	58	81
Timber	1,188	2,557	5,257
Paper	1,536	4,759	10,320
Textile fibres	23,676	59,533	165,594
Yarn, thread	10,568	32,175	92,487
Piece goods	7,180	18,052	76,001
Other textiles	6,996	13,032	42,393
Ores, metals	18,824	64,082	90,301
Glass, glassware	1,654	1,619	10,164
Stone, earth	715	4,944	10,345
Chemicals	2,107	6,801	24,200
Printed matter	362	1,779	2,911
Sundry	9,746	29,127	68,103
Grand Total	170,274	491,495	1,104,860

IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES: Value of Gold and Silver: by Countries

	Gold			Silver		
	July 1940	January-July 1939	1940	July 1940	January-July 1939	1940
	G.U.	G.U.	G.U.	$	$	$
Imported from						
Great Britain	—	168	—	—	—	—
Japan	—	—	—	—	824	—
Total Imports	—	168	—	— *	824	— †
Exported to						
Burma	—	406,793	—	—	—	15,205,000
French Indo-China	—	918,094	7,384,462	—	1,044,000	—
Hongkong	—	—	—	—	844,480	5,513
Kwangchowwan Leased Territory	—	—	—	—	2,943	—
Total Exports	—	1,324,887	7,384,462	— ‡	1,891,423	15,210,513§

* Bank-notes, face value Chinese $16,221,335 and Hongkong $28,800 were imported during the month.
† Nickel and copper subsidiary coins, value $7,604 and bank-notes, face value Chinese $135,530,342 and Hongkong $147,295 were imported during the period.
‡ Bank-notes, face value Chinese $1,156,995, Hongkong $905,000 and English £5,400 were exported during the month.
§ Not including bank-notes, face value Chinese $2,938,945, Piastres 903,300, Hongkong $950,750, Yen 1,500,000 and English £10,850 and U.S. $65,000.

Value of Merchandise

	July 1940 G.U.	July 1940 $	January-July 1939 G.U.	January-July 1939 $	January-July 1940 G.U.	January-July 1940 $
Gross Imports	84 165 984	—	351,557,040	—	443,508,680	—
Less Re-exports Abroad	498 377	—	2,002,219	—	2,973,974	—
Net Imports	83,667 607	226,488,212	349 554,821	837,559,508	440,534,706	1,192,527,448
Gross Exports	—	170,701,716	—	492,744,893	—	1,106,893,592
Less Re-imports from Abroad	—	426,822	—	1,249,682	—	2,033 547
Net Exports	—	170,274,894	—	491,495,211	—	1,104,860.045
Total Net Imports and Exports	—	396,763,106	—	1,329,054,719	—	2,297 387,493
Excess of Imports Exports	—	56,213,318	—	346,064,297	—	87,667,403

Value of Gold and Silver

	July 1940 G.U.	July 1940 $	January-July 1939 G.U.	January-July 1939 $	January-July 1940 G.U.	January-July 1940 $
Gold Coins imported	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gold Bullion „	—	—	168	—	—	—
Silver Coins „	—	—	—	—	—	—
Silver Bullion „	—	—	—	824	—	—
Total Imports	—	— *	168	824	—	— *
Gold Coins exported	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gold Bullion „	—	—	1,324.887	—	7,384.462	—
Silver Coins „	—	—	—	1,636,599	—	13,885,513
Silver Bullion „	—	—	—	254,824	—	1,325,000
Total Exports			1,324,887	1,891,423	7,384,462	15,210,513*
Total net Imports and Exports			1,325,055	1,892,247	7,384,462	15,210,513
Excess of Imports Exports	—	—	1,324,719	1,890,599	7,384,462	15,210,513

*Not including nickel and subsidiary coins and bank-notes.

Woman Captures German Airman

Landed on Farm After Battle with British Fighters

When a German airman—6ft. 4in. and armed—landed near her farmhouse, Mrs. Evelyn Mary Cardwell walked out, frowned fiercely at him, told him to put his hands up, and took his revolver, according to the "Daily Mail."

Then she marched him down the main road until they met some soldiers, who took over her prisoner.

Mrs. Cardwell is 45 and only 5ft. 8in. tall. She was in the house of her farm in the north when one of the farm boys raced to the door and shouted, "German parachutists are coming, mam."

What had happened was that a Junkers 88 bomber had been shot down by British fighters and the crew of four had baled out. The 6ft. 4in. German, slowly descending on Mrs. Cardwell's farm, was one of these.

Mrs. Cardwell, looking out of the window, saw the German sailing down. It looked as if he would land in the garden. She was convinced he was one of Germany's parachute troops.

"I ran to the telephone," she said, "and dialled the police. Much to my disgust the telephone refused to work, so I decided that I should have to do something myself.

"When I went back to the window to have another look the German had come to earth behind a hedge, about 150 yards away, in a small field. I thought that if he was a parachutist it was best to tackle him right away.

"So I walked quickly towards the

Knox to Inspect Pacific Defence

Navy Secretary to Join Fleet Manœuvres From Pearl Harbour Base

Washington, Sept. 2.

The Secretary of Navy, Col. Frank Knox, will leave Washington by plane on Wednesday for a personal inspection of America's defences in the Pacific, the Navy Department announced last night.

Col. Knox will survey important Navy establishments along the west coast of the United States and then fly 5,000 miles across the Pacific for a five-day inspection of the U.S. Fleet in manœuvres.

After a brief inspection of naval establishments in San Francisco, Col. Knox will fly to Hawaii in a Navy patrol plane. In Hawaii he will inspect the Pearl Harbour base and other shore facilities for three days.

On September 9 Col. Knox will join the U.S. Fleet manœuvres at sea for a five-day inspection. He will return to Hawaii in time to take off from Pearl Harbour for the mainland on September 15.

On the return flight Col. Knox will stop at San Diego to inspect the naval yards and Navy air base. He also will examine dozens of over-age destroyers now being reconditioned for active service. Later he will visit the fleet base at San Pedro, returning to Washington by plane on September 18.—United Press.

Irishmen Make it Hot For Nazi Airmen

A.A. Battery Uses Guns Brought From France

Somewhere in the Southern Command, Sept. 2.

Irishmen assisting in the anti-aircraft defence of an important British port are using the same guns they had in France, declares Reuters' special correspondent with the Southern Command.

Seven out of eight guns were brought out of Cherbourg on June 18. The achievement was remarkable not only because it contrasted with the unavoidable dumping of so much other British war equipment, but for the fact that only 50 minutes before leaving the battery had been in position covering the embarkation of troops.

The brigade to which the men now belong defends yet another famous port, where British anti-aircraft gunnery has proved its mettle in the *Blitzkrieg* no less than at "Hell's Corner," the south-east coast stretch where guns and fighter planes have combined to give the German air force some of its worst headaches.

The brigadier says his men are so keen that they do not want to go on leave, and those defending "hot spots" hate the idea of being given a rest by transfer.

The gunners defending these ports are convinced that the barrage they put up whenever raiders appear does as much to make them swerve from their objective as British fighters.—Reuter.

Irish Sailing Vessel Raided

London, Sept. 2.

Three German bombers today attacked the Irish sailing vessel Loch Ryan and raked the vessel with machine guns and bombs.

The Loch Ryan reached port after her decks and masts were blasted away.—Reuter.

France Attempts to Ease Unemployment

Public Works Schemes in Big Cities Launched

Clermont-Ferrant, Sept. 2.

In agreement with the municipal authorities of several of the larger cities of France, the Government has decided to launch big-scale public works projects to ease the unemployment situation this winter.

Lyons and Toulouse are chief among the cities where such public projects are planned, for their growth as centres of population outdistanced their public health and utilities provisions.

Thousands of masons will therefore find immediate work in reconstruction and construction projects. In Lyons and Toulouse, for instance, the authorities have set aside 45,000,000 francs for the first stage in building central sewage mains, for the digging of a tunnel to link the Rhone and Saone Valleys at Lyons, and for complete excavation of the Roman amphitheatre in the Lyons region.

Thirty thousand workers will find employment at Lyons alone as a result of these projects.—Havas.

Japanese Boys Earn Way Through College

Follow American Custom And Work as Waiters

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

Like students in the United States, Japanese college boys dig up all sorts of odd jobs to earn a few extra yen during the summer vacations, a survey reveals.

Students attending the Keio, Waseda, Senshu and Meiji Universities have been combining business and pleasure by working as soda jerkers and waiters at Kamakura beach. Each student earned about Y.70 for his work from July 14 to the end of August.

One of the most popular college waiters in a milk shop is a student at Keio University. In an interview, he declared:

Coming to work at these places during the summer, we are interested, of course, in earning a little money. But, what is more important, we feel that we are getting experience for work in the future.—Havas.

Lack of Oil Being Felt in France

Marseilles, Sept. 2

The Bishop of Marseilles announced yesterday that the use of electricity for altar lamps will be permitted in all churches in his bishopric because of the present lack of oil.—Havas.

Tommy Guns for the Tommies

Thee British soldiers are seen testing American-made Thompson sub machine-guns which are now being supplied to members of the British force in huge numbers. The guns are stated to be better than the automatic weapons with which German troops are supplied.

Hurricane Expected to Lash New York, Long Island

Heavy Damage Already Done By Terrific Storm Along Atlantic Coast; Many Lives Lost

New York, Sept. 2.

SWEEPING with hurricane intensity along the eastern New England coast, the storm that lashed New Jersey yesterday was expected today to hit New York City and Long Island with the force of a gale.

Blowing in off the Atlantic, the storm killed five persons, washed away dozens of homes, cut communications and caused damage estimated in excess of US$1,000,000 when it ravaged the New Jersey coast.

The police and the weather Bureau warned that the storm, which had been sweeping north for several days apparently towards the sea, would probably hit South Nantucket Island this morning. The storm had its centre approximately 150 miles south-east of Atlantic City last night.

The storm was not expected to hit New York city with sufficient intensity to cause serious damage, but high winds and tides on Long Island and the southern New England coast were expected when the storm reaches south Nantucket. Island.—United Press.

Many Lives Lost

Camden, N.J., Sept. 2.

At least five persons were killed and millions of dollars' worth of property was damaged by torrential rains and winds which lashed the New Jersey coast yesterday.

The storm, verging on a hurricane, swept in off the Atlantic to wash away dozens of homes, cut communications and killed at least five persons.

Two dams broke and swept away at least 25 homes in this area. The occupants of the houses fled to higher ground just a few minutes before the dams broke. Three hundred other persons in the same area also fled from their homes.

In Burlington County, just north of Camden, property damage was estimated in excess of U.S.$1,000,000.—United Press.

Vast Discrepancy In Air Losses

Germans Lose 293 Planes In One Week; 700 Trained Airmen Said Lost

London, Sept. 2.

The German air force lost 293 planes in attacks on Great Britain during the week from August 25 to 31. This is the number claimed by the Ministry of Air as shot down, and as has been previously pointed out, German aircraft listed as "probably destroyed" or "damaged" sometimes equal the number claimed as definitely destroyed.

The majority of German losses are planes carrying multiple crews, and it is fair to assume, therefore, that these 293 planes represent the loss of over 700 trained airmen. During the same week R.A.F. losses were 113 fighters in the defence of Britain and 15 bombers participating in raids on Germany.

As fighters operated over this country, those who took to parachutes were picked up. These numbered 69, so that the total loss of R.A.F. personnel was about 110.

In connection with a German High Command communique claiming that the total British losses on Saturday were 133 planes, and that 32 German planes are missing as a result of that day's operations, an authoritative comment made in London says: "The true figures of Saturday's air losses are 85 German planes shot down and 37 British planes destroyed, while 25 British pilots are safe.

"In terms of highly-trained airmen this means a loss to Germany of about 212 fighter pilots and bomber crews against 12 British pilots, a discrepancy of enormous importance in view of Germany's growing difficulty in replacing skilled personnel."—Reuter.

U.S. Defence Output Rises Rapidly

Tremendous Increase in Industry Reported

Washington, Sept. 2.

The National Defence Committee reports tremendous activity in industrial preparedness in a statement issued today. It says new factories are under construction and employment in the industry is rising rapidly.

Plane construction should increase 50 per cent. by the end of 1940. Large increases have been made in the past week in reserve supplies of raw material vital for defence. Arrangements have been made to increase the stock of rubber by 180,000 tons bringing reserves to 416,000 tons. Other strategic materials are also flowing into the country.—Reuter.

Portugal Puts Import Ban on Cereals

Lisbon, Sept. 2

The Ministry of Commerce here issued a communique last night stating that the import of beans, barley and oats will in future be forbidden in Portugal.—Havas.

GENERAL Weygand's last act as Generalissimo of the Anglo-French forces was to sign over to Britain the aircraft already delivered by the United States to France, under an agreement made a few hours before the armistice was signed. Some of the French airplanes have already arrived in Gt. Britain and Britain is taking over the delivery of the whole output of the aircraft factories working in the United States. All the factories in the United States subsidised by French capital have been working full force since war was declared, and a formidable air fleet will come into Britain's hands as a result of this agreement.

FUNERALS

Mrs. Elizabeth B. Miller

Funeral services for the late Mrs. Elizabeth Barton Miller were held yesterday afternoon at the Bubbling Well Chapel with Very Reverend Dean A. C. S. Trivett, of The Holy Trinity Cathedral, officiating. Mrs. Miller has lived in Shanghai for the past eighteen years and was the wife of Mr. W. L. E. Miller, manager of Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, Ltd. The deceased died at the Country Hospital last Saturday morning after giving birth the preceding night to a son (stillborn). Besides her husband Mrs. Miller is survived by her parents and other relatives in California, U.S.A. A beautiful floral cross from "Les" rested on the silver metallic casket and a sheath of flowers from "Muddy and Father" rested at the foot. Following the service the remains were cremated and her ashes will possibly be sent to her parents in the United States. Although it was requested that in lieu of flowers donations in remembrance be sent to the "Cradle," floral offerings were received from:—

Fritz and Honey; Jamie and Melanie; Jean and Mac; Marjorie, Billie and "Mum"; May and Bill; The Staff Marconi (China) Limited; Shanghai Philatelic Society; Mr. and Mrs. Hollis H. Arnold; Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Collingwood and Mrs. Edith Grace Smith; T. Y. King; C. C. Lee; Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Pappadopulo; Mr. and Mrs. Harold D. Pease; Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Richards; E. P. Stauder; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Baby Olivia Maria da Silva

In the presence of relatives and a host of friends the remains of the late Baby Olivia Maria da Silva were laid to rest yesterday afternoon at the Bubbling Well Cemetery. Father L. F. McGreal, of the Church of Christ the King, carried out the last rites. The child was the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. da Silva, old residents of this city. Mr. Silva has for some years been connected with the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation. Following a brief illness the baby died at the Paulun Hospital last Friday afternoon at the age of three years and nine months. A cross of flowers from "Mummy and Daddy" rested on the little white casket and among others sending flowers were:

Mammy and Daddy; Grandma and Grandpa; Akira; Uncle Fino and Auntie Momie; Aunty Hilda and Uncle Mac; Aunty Mercia and Uncle Ola; Auntie Nena and Alberto; Alda; Eddie and Milly; Eddie, Zina and Eddie Jr.; Johnny and Gussy; Laura and Breilia; Marita and Victor; Martie and Francis; Olga and Augusto; Drafts Department Boys. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank: Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bernal-Silva and Sheila, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Collaco and family; Ismalia Carion; Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Lobo and Louisa; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

New President For Ecuador

Quito, Sept. 2.

Dr. Carlos Arroyo del Rio, President of the Upper Chamber and former Provisional President, was today inaugurated for a four-year term as the constitutional President of Ecuador.

Dr. del Rio succeeded Dr. Aurelo Mosquera Narvaez, who died in November, 1939, Ecuador had two Provisional Presidents after the latter's death.—United Press.

Laval's Meeting With Germans

Economic Questions Said Discussed; Free Transit Of Goods Urgently Needed

Clermont-Ferrand, Sept. 2.

While the authorities remain silent regarding M. Piere Laval's (vice-Premier) recent visit to Paris, where he conferred with the Germans, general belief here is that discussions dealt mainly with economic matters.

The usually well-informed newspaper "Paris Soir" stated today that it believes the Paris talks to have centred about the present division of France into two zones.

"If France is to be prevented from death by strangulation in the near future," this organ said, "goods must again be allowed free circulation from north to south and east to west."

The "Paris Soir" declared that M. Laval, while in Paris, discussed the restoration of normal economic activities, such as the resumption of work in the industries and the return of more normal conditions in wholesale and retail trade.

"There is much reason to believe," the "Paris Soir" said, "that these discussions were held in a spirit of mutual understanding, and we must now hope that a revision of the present demarcation line between occupied and unoccupied France was examined with the main object of establishing better coordination of means of communications by roads, railways and waterways."

The problem of prisoners-of-war was probably also tackled at Paris, the newspaper concluded.—Havas.

British Pilot Has Narrow Escape

Mistaken By Mob For Nazi Airman As He Comes Down In Parachute Near London

London, Sept. 2.

A British pilot, who baled out of his damaged plane in a parachute over the outskirts of London on Saturday night, narrowly escaped being mobbed by a British crowd, who mistook him for a German, it was learned last night.

The crowd watched the airman floating towards the earth and hundreds of people rushed forward in a threatening manner as soon as he touched the ground.

"Don't shoot," the pilot shouted. "Don't you know your own airmen?"

A bus driver, recognizing the airman as a Briton, placed himself in front of the man and yelled, "He's alright, he's British." The crowd dispersed apologetically. — United Press.

American Ambassador Presents Ambulance

First Unit of "American Ambulance Corps"

Windsor, Sept. 2.

The American Ambassador to London, Mr. Joseph P. Kennedy, yesterday presented the first unit of the "American Ambulance Corps of Great Britain" to the Mayor of Windsor in a ceremony outside the main gates of Windsor Castle.

The first ambulance was donated by Mrs. Kennedy, the Ambassador's wife, and was accepted on behalf of the town by the Mayor, Mr. Norman Butler.

Mr. Kennedy declared that the American ambulance service for Britain was being developed rapidly and that he hoped the activities of the corps could be extended throughout Britain before the end of this month.

Commenting on Saturday night's German air raids on London, Mr. Kennedy said: "Bomb dodging may be a new kind of sport for some people. But it merely interrupts a night's rest and that is nothing new to married men who like myself have many children." The Kennedys have nine children.—United Press.

Mr. Willkie Criticized By Mr. S. Early

Improper Publication of Report Alleged

Abroad the Presidential Special en route to Chattanooga, Sept. 2.

Mr. Stephen Early, President Roosevelt's secretary, last night criticized Mr. Wendell L. Willkie, Republican Presidential candidate, for publishing excerpts of a "confidential Government report."

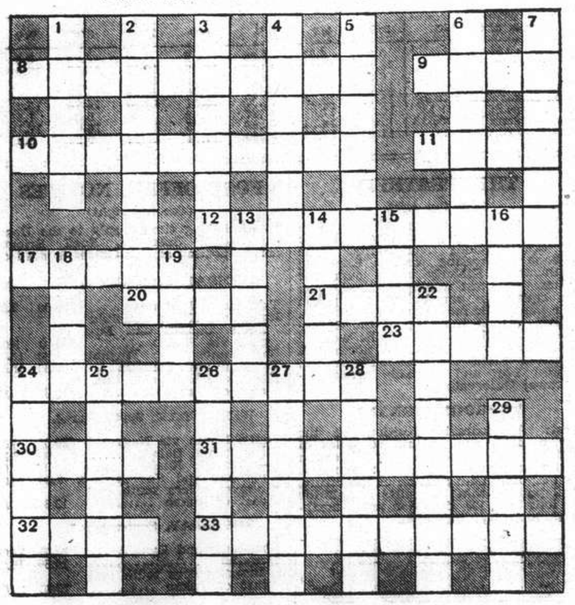
The information contained in the report, Mr. Early said, had been restricted to President Roosevelt and the highest Army and Navy officers.

He added that Mr. Willkie is still a private citizen and implied that the Republican candidate as such is not authorized to publish details or excerpts from the Stettinius report presenting recommendations for the mobilization of industry in the event of war. Mr. Edward R. Stettinius, Jr., is a member of the National Advisory Defence Commission.—United Press.

BRITISH Government schemes for providing labour for the land are being hampered by the reluctance of farmers to notify their needs, and urgent appeals to farmers to inform labour exchanges of the extra personnel they require to get maximum production are being made by the Minister of Agriculture and the Minister of Labour. Recently there was a call for a further 5,000 recruits to the Women's Land Army and 4,000 have already come forward, but at present there is a surplus of volunteers.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 285

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

6 When the enemy meet us in this they fly (two words—3, 7)
9 Was mostly a stinger (4)
10 Prepare firewood for use at meals (10)
11 This would make one feel shaky (4)
12 Given a fresh address, maybe (10)
17 This lock was noisy in use (5)
20 Were I in this sound thing it would be on the way (4)
21 If I in this would make it greeted as god (4)
23 Result of beating 20 across (5)
24 A whole meal can help to make it, and to use it up (two words—5, 5)
30 A watery town (4)
31 "Poise limbs" (anag.) (but you can't!) (10)
32 Confession of retreat for country (4)
33 Having this one goes for records, naturally (10)

DOWN

1 Terse (5)
2 District of London is most of colloquially changing (8)
3 Where a bomb fell? (6)
4 A candle has been operated on (6)
5 One of those blue-pencil fellows (6)
6 Grub unwelcome in grub (6)
7 Padres make a feast (6)
13 Composer who might have turned to drink (5)
14 The place that needs help up finally (5)
15 Perfect part of a country of Europe (4)
16 A young bird (4)
18 "Yours truly" would be the wrong term for his use (4)
19 Only a large landowner would this beheaded this (4)
22 When terriers differ this may be seen (8)
24 Cheap receptacle used in weaving (6)
25 A fugitive who murdered an in-law perhaps (6)
26 It is more likely to cross a hollow than itself beheaded (6)
27 Watching from sap lie (6)
28 Posted as absolute ruler (6)
29 Can cutting words be this speech? (5)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—**ACROSS**: 1, Diminuendo; 6, Shah; 9, Rockingham; 10, Erst; 12, Snatch; 14, Maize; 17, Lee; 18, Equitable; 21, Night; 22, Haply; 23, Assistant; 25, Dun; 26, Ditto; 27, Forbad; 32, Caen; 33, Hardheaded; 34, Lute; 35, Attendance. **DOWN**: 1, Dora; 2, Much; 3, Nairn; 4, Eight; 5, Deathless; 7, Hurlingham; 8, Hottentots; 11, Amends; 13, Ada; 15, Methodical; 16, Out-patient; 19, Toy dog; 20, Beanfeast; 14, I.D.B.; 28, Rudge; 29, Amend; 30, Eden; 31, Adze.

Furnished Apartments

FOR sale, three-roomed furnished apartment. Best residential district French Concession. Box 1799, NCDN. -3325

TO LET, two-roomed modern, steam-heated, fully-furnished apartment, bathroom, kitchen, verandah. Taxes, hot water, crockery, cutlery, Rent $400. Residential district. Tifeng Road, bus 14. Foreigners only. Immediate occupation. Telephone 20666. 11031

TWO-three-roomed apartments, fully furnished, immediate occupation. Rent $170 and $270. French Concession. Apply "Agarta" Commission Agency, 60 Route Pere Robert. -3363

ONE three-room and one four-room, beautifully furnished apartment for people with taste. High-class modern furniture, dishes, kitchenware, Peking carpets, etc. Rentral low. Located in first-class apartment buildings in Settlement and Concession. Immediate occupation. Lease transfer guaranteed. US$1,000. Box 1499, NCDN. 11084

ROOMS to let on Route de la Tour: one parlour, one bedroom, furnished, with bathroom. To let for three months only. Price moderate. Telephone 71991. -3377

BUBBLING Well, Seymour Road district, two-roomed modern apartment. Furniture and fixtures to be taken over. Apply Box 1822, NCDN. -3374

FOR SALE, partly furnished three-roomed apartment, south. Petain district, apply Box 1820, NCDN. -3370

TO LET, two-roomed apartment with verandah, separate bathroom, kitchen and central heating. Rent $250 including tax and water Apply 1331 Avenue Joffre, Mr. Jimmy, 10-12 noon. 11080

FURNISHED flat, two rooms, kitchen bath. One separate room. 37 Brenan Road, House 115. -3367

FROM September 1, one furnished room with all conveniences, single person, central district. Apply Box 1689, NCDN. 1106

Unfurnished Apartments

BIG, nice room, bath, kitchen, Maresca. $170, immediately. Herper, 207 Route Winling, 3-6 p.m. 11087

THREE-ROOMED flat with verandah, servants' room. Immediate occupation. Centre Concession. Shanghai Realty Co. -3369

TO LET: two, three, four-roomed apartments, furnished/unfurnished, every comfort. Concession, Settlement. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -3386

VERY attractive, bright, five-roomed apartment, two baths, refrigerator. Immediate occupation. 745 Yu Yuen Road. -3334

TWO-ROOMED apartment, all modern conveniences, refrigerator, lift verandah. Immediate occupation, 745 Yuyuen Road. -3335

TWO and three roomed flats, with all conveniences, to let immediately. 609/3 East Seward Road, Inspection 10-12, 4-6. 11039

Furnished Houses

HOUSE, 10 rooms, 2 baths, well furnished, big garden, rent $150. French Concession. Apply "Agarta" Commission Agency, 60 Route Pere Robert. -3363

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.

17 The Bund, Shanghai

Animals

That Shanghai loves animals, especially dogs, is illustrated daily in this section of the small advertisements. If you want a good dog or to find a good home for a dog, to buy or sell a pony or a Persian kitten this is the agency you need.

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Strictly Prepaid

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Positions wanted, any number of insertions	,, 9 cts.
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In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.

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$50 offered by Chinese student for small room, in quiet house, preferably along Bubbling Well Road, for long period. Please address immediately Box 1815, NCDN. -3360

$200 reward. British couple want three-roomed unfurnished apartment, with modern conveniences. Central district preferred. Replies to Box 1793, NCDN. -3216

HOUSE with garden or apartment, preferably furnished, by three responsible American bachelors. Willing to take over servants. Kindly address Box 1834, NCDN.

RESPONSIBLE couple require one-roomed apartment for immediate occupation. Rent $100 to $150. Please reply Box 1801, NCDN. -3230

WANTED five-roomed house Concession, offering one-roomed apartment as keymoney, rent paid for one year, heating, cold, hot water, tax. Box 1816, NCDN. -3362

BRITISH bachelor would like accommodation with full board, in private house. Preferably with large garden and garage. Kindly reply Box 1826, NCDN. -3362

WANTED to rent 6-7 roomed furnished flat or house, all conviences. Apply Box 1818, NCDN. -3366

WANTED: One or two rooms with bath and kitchen. Please state terms to Box 1810, NCDN. -3342

BACHELOR requires room with all modern conveniences, in central district. Box 1809, NCDN. -3341

WANTED three roomed furnished, unfurnished flat, all conveniences. Box 1805, NCDN. -3337

WANTED 4-6 roomed apartment, unfurnished, steamheated, all conveniences. Settlement or Concession. Box 1676, NCDN. -3116

WANTED by American, four-roomed furnished/unfurnished apartment Settlement/Concession. September. Reply Arnold 70395. -3211

WANTED, for single gentleman, immediately/later, one large/two small furnished rooms, private bath, with/without board, near Massenet. Write to Post Office Rue Massenet, Box 4047 Shanghai. -3151

WANTED 2-4 roomed apartment or flat by responsible party. Willing pay key-money. Box 1785, NCDN. -3315

WANTED to rent by young, foreign-educated Japanese lady one room furnished or unfurnished, with bathroom, small kitchen if possible in quiet foreign house, French Concession. Write Box 1790, NCDN. -3311

Animals

PEDIGREED tiger colour bulldog, male, for immediate sale. Owner leaving. Sacrifice $130. Telephone 31049, tiffin time. -3376

FOR SALE, pedigreed Scotch terrier puppies, four months old. Apply Burnthwaite Kennels, 204 Route Ferguson, telephone 70128. 11061

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before September 10, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 1140, 1370, 1376, 1408, 1424, 1470, 1472, 1511, 1572, 1594, 1595, 1600, 1611, 1633, 1635.

Rooms Without Board

NICE, big room to let in building opposite Astor House. Board optional. 4 Astor Terrace. -3313

IMMEDIATELY, large, furnished room. Apply 215/8 Medhurst Road. -3344

IN private family, large, furnished room. Board optional. For single person. Apartment house. French Concession. Telephone 74068. -3251

SMALL room, best part French Concession, with bath and steamheating, to let single gentleman only. Tel. 70229 -3323

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FURNISHED room with full board for two persons. Private bathroom. 14 Kelmscott Gardens. Telephone 72385. -3325

LARGE, beautifully furnished bed, sitting room, all modern conveniences, excellent board for 2 persons in private family. 208 Nanyang Road, Apartment 107. -3349

BELMONT House, 15 Kelmscott Gardens, well-furnished two-roomed suite. Excellent food. English-owned and supervised. 11059

IN cultured household, one elegantly furnished room. All conveniences. Breakfast, tiffin. 1821A/2 Avenue Joffre. -3192

THE Towers 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable double room, private bathroom, garden. Telephone 35534. -3091

Offices, Shops, Godowns

TO LET: At reasonable rentals, attractive shops in French Concession. Apply United Import and Trading Co. 89 Foochow Road, Room 142, between 9 a.m. and 1 p.m. 11088

REQUIRED office with telephone, central district. Willing pay high price. Reply Box 1812, NCDN. -3351

URGENTLY wanted to rent godown, 15-20,000 sq. ft. in Broadway-Wayside-Yangtszepoo district, Box 1730, NCDN. -3210

Houses and Land

TO LET or for sale, six modern residences, Concession, completion December, reservation only. Chiming Development Co., Continental Emporium, Nanking Road, Telephone 93344. -3045

FOR SALE, nice, modern residence, French Concession, owner leaving. Price $85,000. No brokers. Address 1725, NCDN. -3203

Unfurnished Houses

FOR RENT large building with separate servants' quarters, suitable for big establishment, located in central district off Bubbling Well Road. Rent US$2,500 p.a. Apply to owner, Telephone 32176 from 8-10, 1-3, 4-6. -3373

TO LET, residence 10 rooms, three bathrooms, modern conveniences, central heating, garage, large garden, best part French Concession. Rent US$85. Box 1762, NCDN. -3266

Motor Cars and Cycles

FOR SALE: Baby Ford 1934; Morris 8 sedan; Hudson 1932; Terraplane 1934/35; Chevrolet 1934. Pacific Motors, 863 Avenue Foch, Telephone 74500. -3351

FOR SALE, 4-seater Morris Oxford saloon 1929. Telephone 34280, ex. 38. 11085

WANTED, car not older than 1933, in good condition. Price not exceeding $3,000. No dealers. Box 1819, NCDN. -3367

1936 Terraplane, 4-door saloon, mechanically perfect. Reduced. U.S.$650. For inspection and trial telephone 17510. -3312

SPORTY Morris roadster with dicky, 1935, excellent condition, good tyres, owner leaving. Address Box 1802, NCDN. 11079

AMERICAN "Bantam" Austin 1933 in good condition. Five new tyres. 30 m.p.g. Owner leaving. Telephone 20621, 12-2 p.m. -3280

BUICK sedan late 1932. Excellent mechanically. Nice appearance. Six wheels. First-class tyres. Roomy, comfortable, US$225. Telephone 50581. -3327

FOR immediate sale, 1933 Morris Minor. Excellent condition, always owner-driven. Price US$300 or the nearest offer. Address Box 1782, NCDN. 11063

OWNER leaving has to sell immediately 1935 Austin 7 h.p. Condition, tyres and appearance as new, US$380. Address Box 1781, NCDN. 11053

1937 B.M.W. sport car, convertible, 6-cylinder, 22 m.p.g., excellent condition. 158/8 Route Destelan, Lemke 9-3. -3297

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OLD Citroen for sale. Over 40 miles to gallon. Very cheap. Telephone 73740. -3157

FIAT Balilla sedan, $8,000. 490/493 Avenue Albert, telephone 76089, 2 p.m. -3205

Office Cars

LIFT offered for two school children in a closed car. From Bund to Yuyuen Road, four trips daily. Box 1792, NCDN. -3315

WANTED lift twice a day, Yuen Ming Yuen Road or vicinity to French Concession. Telephone 17310. -3333

LIFT offered three times daily, Joffre/Dubail downtown. Box 1786, NCDN. -3306

Garages

GARAGE wanted, vicinity Route Culty. Reply stating terms to Box 1642, NCDN. 10976

Chinese Servants

46048, General Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, coolies, rickshaw. 375 Tlendong Road. -3305

EXPERIENCED cook-boy, speaks English well. Recommended. Address Box 1814, NCDN. -3355

COOK required for small English family. Good references essential. Telephone 73491. -3345

HIGHLY recommended excellent cook-boy, seeks position. Apply Telephone 70128. 11082

CLEAN, honest, reliable cook-boy, seeks position. Well-recommended. Address Box 1743, NCDN. -3239

EXCELLENT cook-boy, native of Peking, clean, honest, seeks position immediately, well-recommended. Address Box 1744, NCDN. -3239

Dancing

LESSONS wanted in simple ballroom dancing by Englishman. For fee, or will teach driving in exchange. Reply Box 1827, NCDN. -3362

MISS Lillian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -3113

Lost

LOST, Declaration of Trust B.C. Lot No. 6247 on the property situated at Connaught Road, in the name of Woo Chao Ching, issued by Platt, White-Cooper & Co., has been lost and hereby declared null and void. Woo Chao Ching. -3074

LOST: Customs stamped Delivery Order covering 11 bales leaf tobacco, marked C. P. in diamond, Shanghai 189/196, 198/200 below, ss. Taketoyo Maru, from Cocanada; arrived on June 16, 1940. Cargo overlanded. The public is hereby notified that same is null and void. 11021

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED to buy stamp collection or single stamps at highest prices. Atlantic Stamp Co., 465 Bubbling Well Road. -3343

WANTED secondhand office calculating machine in good condition. Box 1791, NCDN. -3314

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, clothing, etc. Telephone 34663, Engel. -3233

WANTED to buy second-hand pianos and gramophones. Please apply to Mr. Hayashi, 387 Woosung Road. Telephone 45654. 10949

Holiday Resorts

TSINGTAO, beautiful modern villa, rooms available. Excellent cuisine. Best residential district. Address Box 626, NCDN. -3268

Boats

SAILING and motor yacht, 40 ft. over all, beam 12 ft., seat 5 ft. Box 1761, NCDN. -3263

HOUSEBOAT for sale. Price very cheap. Boat is very comfortable. Box 1713, NCDN. 11019

MOTOR-BOAT for sale, 18 ft. long, Universal motor. Price US$100. Box 1714, NCDN 11019

More Classified Ads, Overleaf

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Siberian air invading North and Central China. Cloudy weather with some showers and North-Westerly winds over Shantung and our regions. Cyclonic rough weather over the Yellow Sea and Korea, owing to the typhoon advancing North-North-East ward or even North-East ward. South-Westerly to South-Easterly winds and cloudy to overcast weather to the South of the Saddles.

	At Cathedral	At Siccawei
Temperature yesterday	min. 75.0 max. 83.5	min. 76.8 max. 88.2
" same date last year	min. 70.0 max. 91.0	min. 71.8 max. 91.8
Rainfall: 2.78		

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1940 (2nd day of 8th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Sept. 6, at 11 a.m. for registered and at noon for ordinary due San Francisco on Sept. 17. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.
Imperial Airways (H'kong, Bangkok, S. Africa, Australia) per steamer on Sept. 6, at 11 a.m. for registered and at noon for ordinary.
Dairen and Japan Air Mails close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Sept. 3, 8 and 9, 1940.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

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Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055
Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Announcements of Births, etc., in this column, $10 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $3 per line, which includes all insertion till date of event.

BIRTHS

BRINSDEN.—At Peking, to GERALDINE (née Cheetham), the wife of Dudley Brinsden, a son. -3367

ARNOLD.—On September 1, 1940, to MARIAN, wife of A. E. Arnold, a daughter. -3356

TO-DAY'S EVENT

SEPTEMBER
3 Britain at war with Germany (1939)

SHANGHAI LAND AND FINANCE CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)
(In Voluntary Liquidation)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of Section 233 of the Hongkong Companies' Ordinances No. 39 of 1932 a Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held at Room No. 1, Chartered Bank Building, 18 The Bund, Shanghai on Tuesday, September 24, 1940 at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purposes provided for in the said Section.

J. B. MANLEY.
Liquidator.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Meeting of Creditors of the above-named Company will be held at Room No. 1, Chartered Bank Building, 18 The Bund, Shanghai on Tuesday, September 24, 1940 at 10.30 a.m. for the purposes provided for in the said Section.

J. B. MANLEY,
Liquidator.

Shanghai, August 31, 1940. 11089

THE SHANGHAI EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have declared an Interim Dividend for the year ending 31st. December 1940, of Sixty Cents per share (Local Currency) on the issued capital of the Company, payable on September 27, 1940, to shareholders on the Register at that date.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 18th to the 27th. September, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,

GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agents,

Shanghai, September 2, 1940. 11099

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we have been appointed Agents of the Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Company.

SPEELMAN-BREEN INSURANCE OFFICE
1 Rue Montauban 11086

CHINA REALTY CO.
Federal Inc., U.S.A.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 8% Debenture Certificate No. 2462 numbered 3952-3961, 8922-8931 and 43401-43460 for Tls. 8,000, registered in the name of Mrs. ELSA VON HENNEKEN, has been declared lost, and the public is hereby warned against negotiating same. The above certificate is hereby declared null and void and a new certificate has been issued in lieu thereof.

W. A. ADAMS, *President,*
CHINA REALTY COMPANY,
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Shanghai, August 19, 1940. 10846

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Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

THE SHANGHAI DIRECTORY
July 1940
Once again this familiar red covered work makes its welcome appearance and the growth of another year has added to its size, comprehensiveness and usefulness. No office can function properly without the aid of the Shanghai Directory, for its pages contain easy and immediate reference to Firms, Residences, Agencies, Telephone Numbers, Events and Who's Who.
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17 The Bund Telephone 11055

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"The Japan Chronicle"
DAILY AND WEEKLY
Head Office: 65 Naniwa Machi, Kobe

NOTICE

REVISION OF PRICES

Revised Price Lists for our Wines, Spirits, etc., effective from September 1, have now been printed, and copies are obtainable on application at our Office.

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
Shanghai, September 1, 1940

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HELL'S CORNER
for every NAZI BOMBER by donating Freely and Frequently to
THE VOLUNTARY WAR CONTRIBUTION FUND 11095

ESSEX MEN
The only thing that is close in Essex is a
COLCHESTER OYSTER
so give generously to
THE VOLUNTARY WAR CONTRIBUTION FUND 11096

MEN OF BUCKINGHAMSHIRE
your
"BUCKS" will aid in protecting your BUCKS if you make regular donations to
THE VOLUNTARY WAR CONTRIBUTION FUND 11097

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	Sept. 1 16.00	Sept. 1 21.00	Sept. 2 4.00	Sept. 2 9.00
Barometer inches	29.67	29.66	29.56	29.54
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.02	—0.03	—0.13	—0.19
at 32 F. (" 12 hrs.)	—0.02	—0.07	—0.11	—0.12
Wind (direction)	ENE	ESE	ESE	SE
" (miles per hour)	20.6	18.7	19.3	19.9
Temperature (Fahr.)	78.°8	78.°6	79.°3	83.°3
Humidity %	95	94	89	84
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	10	9
Rainfall inches	0.14	1.36	0.01	0.01

Siccawei Abridged Report Sept. 1	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.69	+0.03	29.78
Temp. min. 77.°0 Max. 83.°8	80.°4	—1.°2	77.°7
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	26.09	1.37	33.87

Time and Tide	3/9	4/9	5/9	6/9	7/9	8/9	9/9
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.31	5.31	5.32	5.32	5.33	5.33	5.34
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.16	18.15	18.13	18.12	18.11	18.10	18.09
Moon rises at Shanghai	6.26	7.34	8.42	9.48	10.53	11.54	12.52
Moon sets at Shanghai	18.56	19.40	20.24	21.10	21.58	22.49	23.42
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	11.10	11.49	12.27	12.51	13.20	14.24	15.23
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	16.34	17.00	17.27	18.02	6.18	6.57	7.55
H. W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	12.54	13.24	13.58	14.35	15.21	16.07	17.18
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	11.95	12.15	11.50	11.04	10.12	9.20	8.05

THE WEATHER
(See top left)

State on the morning of the 1st:—Normal and steady pressure over Japan: low and unsteady over China. The typhoon is crossing western Chekiang northward. Easterly winds over our Coasts. Overcast weather with showers and squalls in our Valley. Typhoon over the Pacific moving north-westward.
State on the morning of the 2nd:—The typhoon has passed to the west of Shanghai during the night northward. Overcast weather. South-south-easterly wind. Low and unsteady pressure.—Siccawei Observatory.

TYPHOON SIGNALS

1st: Approximate position of the centre, at 2 p.m., within 60 miles of latitude 32, longitude 121, direction north-east by north, intensity: unknown. 2nd: Approximate position of the centre, at 2 p.m., within 120 miles of latitude 20, longitude 135, direction north-north-west, intensity: unknown.

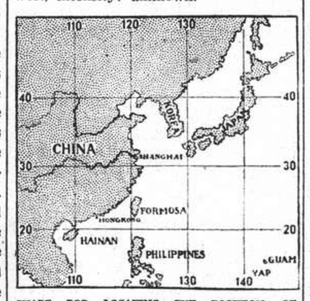

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT
Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

L. C. Milk Fund
Cathay Mansions $350

POST OFFICE NOTICES
(See top right)

The following times apply to the Head Post office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

TUESDAY, September 3. *Reg.* *Ord.*

Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Japan (via Kobe) Honolulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	*20.00	8.00
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Tsingtao and Tientsin	9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00

WEDNESDAY, September 4.

Japan Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	8.00
Hongkong and Canton .. x	9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00

THURSDAY, September 5.

Hongkong and Canton ...	10.30	11.00
Nantung	14.30	15.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00

* The night before
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.
(Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on September 7, 1940.)

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tungshan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.

Canton per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Kayser
'NYLON' STOCKINGS
We have just received a new shipment of the famous KAYSER NYLON STOCKINGS. As there is only a limited quantity available, we advise our customers to secure their requirements early to avoid disappointment.
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

SHIRTS
CORRECTLY MADE TO MEASURE WITH REINFORCED COLLARS

DURO	$18.50
BROADCLOTH	22.00
SUPERTWILL	28.00

RAZON'S
12 CENTRAL ROAD, TELEPHONE 10313 11045

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED lady stenotypist, knowledge of French essential. Apply 3-4 p.m. Room 33, 110 Szechuen Road. -3395

STENOGRAPHER required. A really qualified and educated English stenographer is required by a firm of brokers. Salary $400-$500 a month according to qualifications. Only those who know the English language and who are hard-working, intelligent and who can think need apply. Replies to Box 1828, NCDN. 11093

WANTED draftsmen, specialists in reinforced concrete. Reply stating experience, references and salary required. Box 1811, NCDN. -3349

WANTED, Chinese lady stenotypist and general office assistant, good English knowledge and accuracy essential, reply stating experience, references and salary required. Address Box 1741, NCDN. -3234

YOU can easily assure yourself of a good position by training for a few months at Farmer's Commercial College. Shorthand, typewriting, business correspondence etc., British experienced tutors only. 264 Kiangse Road, Telephone 14967. -3053

A nine months correspondence course in bookkeeping is more effective than several years of class tuition Elementary and advanced courses. Easy payments in Shanghai dollars. Text books free. British School of Accountancy, 264 Kiangse Road, telephone 14967. Principal J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant). -2450

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of nine dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $1.25.

YOUNG foreign driver-mechanic wants position. Box 1784, NCDN. -3304

PROBATIONARY nurse (British) desires position at a doctor's office. Box 1794. -3317

AMERICAN firm requires experienced stenographer, knowledge French desirable. Reply stating nationality, experience, salary. Box 1833, NCDN. -3369

YOUNG lady stenographer, knowledge of filing and general office routine, seeks immediate employment. Salary moderate. Good references. Box 1823, NCDN. -3375

SECRETARY - stenographer, British, twelve years' experience, first-class testimonials, seeks permanent or temporary employment. Box 1585, NCDN. -3345

FEMALE stenographer (beginner) typist, general office assistant, open for engagement. Address Box 1610 NCDN. -3393

YOUNG Chinese university graduate seeks position as translator, economic research worker, junior journalist. Salary over $140. Box 1825, NCDN. -3379

YOUNG, female stenotypist (beginner) seeks position. Address Box 1798, NCDN. -3324

ACCOUNTANTS, clerks, office-boys, translators, Japanese, Chinese, nurses, housekeepers, watchmen, bodyguards, foreign, Chinese, available, recommended by General Employment Agency, 375 Tiendong Road, Telephone 46048. -3350

GERMAN lady, not refugee, 50, capable running big household, nursing wishes position. Box 1808, NCDN. -3340

ACCOUNTANT bookkeeper, Chinese, now employed, wishes to join share broker's firm. Long experience and well-recommended. Address Box 1764, NCDN. -3272

BRITISH lady, Home experience, bookkeeping, general office routine, typing, open for engagement. Address Box 1750, NCDN. -3250

BRITISH subject, seeks position as wireless operator. Address Box 1737, NCDN. -3225

CERTIFICATED engineer (British) over age for active service desires position, preferably shore employment. Experienced in running and upkeep of power and factory plant. References. Box 1691, NCDN. -3138

Cameras

ROLLEICORD F:3.8 for $450, carefully used, practically new. Cost $1,000. Telephone 16078. -3336

BARGAIN: Leica III A 1:2, brand new, serial number over 340,000. US$105. Diamant, 131/432 Museum Road. -3371

KODAK Retina IIa Xenon F:2 Compur Rapid with case, brand new. Price $1,570, sacrifice $1,000, no brokers. Box 1797, NCDN. -3322

TEICA III B F:2, US$115, F:1.5 US$175; Zeiss Ikon (Pressman) F:2.7 $650; 8 mm. Kodak projector No. 80 US$70; 8 mm. cine-film $26 per roll; Zeiss telescope 42x US$112; Himmler 1,600x microscope US$100. Mr. Chang, 353 Kiangse Road (5th floor). -3352

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE: One new set of bedroom carpets, 3 piece $250 and one carpet 9" x 12", also new, $550. Apply 407 Embankment Building 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. -3359

CORY coffee/tea brewers. Samples. New. At cost. Davis, 45 Denis Apartments, 770 Bubbling Well Road. 33837. 11083

WINCHESTER 20-bore pump gun and 150 rounds ammunition for same. Box 1817, NCDN. -3364

FOR SALE, Bentley's complete phrase code, pocket edition. Offers to Box 1795, NCDN. -3316

COFFEE and dinner sets for 6-12 persons, A-1 quality, with exquisite designs, at bargain prices. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Arts. -3326

SINGER sewing machines model 31/15, 44 and folding household model, as new, cheapest. Nathansohn, 809/2 Tongshan Road. -3391

BOSCH refrigerator, master violin for sale. 1954 Avenue Joffre, second floor. -3347

STAMPS, collection 10,200 pieces, worth US$1,500, for sale very cheap. Charles, 37c Brenan Road. -3319

US$100 Tubilor vacuum-cleaner, new, cost price US$200. Mr. Chang, Telephone 19289. -3332

FISCHER'S short-wave diathermy, 5 am, 4 tubes, new 2 tubes short, portable diathermy, damaged, ultra violet rays machines, used. Apply Box 1866, NCDN. -3328

PROVISION sale. Pound tea, cocoa $3. Rice $0.42. Sardines from $0.30. Salmon $0.70 Many others. Delivered. Zimmermann's, 215 Szechuen Road, Telephone 13233. 11076

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. Buying selling: furniture, carpets refrigerators, etc. Telephone 73937, 146 Route des Soeurs. House 3. -2643

STEEL drums 50/55 galons for oil or gasoline. Orders accepted. Asia Engineering & Iron Works, 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. 11019

SINGER sewing machines, new and slightly used, at moderate prices. 138 Hamilton House. -3098

COLOURED crochet turbans, $1.60; handkerchiefs, 65 cents; embroidered dressing-gowns, $23. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 10994

SECONDHAND furniture, carpets, etc. bargain sale/highest prices paid by Feiner's, 306 Rue Bourgeat. Telephone 73597. -3301

BIG stock of American Tidewater grease, for sale at reduced price. Box 1768, NCDN. -3278

SAUCE Worcestershire, Imperial brand 80 cents per bottle, sold at Wing On Store, etc. -3249

GENUINE silver cutlery for 6 people. 58 pieces, smart workmanship. Bargain. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Arts. -3244

CIGARETTE box, musical; antique tortoise case; antique porcelain groups; oil pictures and many lovely objets d'art at Benesi's, 12 Rue du Consulat. Apartment 501. -3156

CRYSTALWARE, porcelain, best European brands, in large variety, at really reasonable prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. -3239

OLD Vienna small cups with picture design. 1823A Avenue Joffre, Apartment 3, Dr. Weiss. -2942

AMERICAN speedboats, marine engines, power-plants, machinery, steel and parachutes, immediate U.S. shipment. Pleasure and commercial craft designed and built in China. Few used available. Prepared represent and purchase bulk Shanghai manufactures and cooperate reliable parties. Only first-class need reply. Box 1601, NCDN. -2993

SUMMER clearance sale at Suzette's. 513 Bubbling Well Road. Only 43 Lung Chong cotton dresses, all sizes, $8.90, 56 models in silk afternoon and evening frocks at considerably below cost price. -2950

Business Opportunities

FOR SALE, as a going concern: Bar restaurant-cafe and 12 furnished rooms, located in best part of French Concession. Apply 33 Rue Pere Robert, 9 a.m. to 2 p.m. -3265

Clothing and Fabrics

SUITLENGTHS, 100 per cent. wool. Individual latest designs, solid worsted, London shrunk, reasonable prices. Razon's 12 Central Road. 11088

SHIRTS made to measure. English cellular, ½ sleeve, $18.50. Poplin, $25. Supertwill, $28. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11050

TABLE cloths, with/without napkins, best bleached pure linen qualities. Bargain. Box 1626, NCDN. -3042

BUY direct from manufacturer best grade bath towels in attractive colours and patterns, size 21 x 43, at $24 dozen. Minimum order one dozen. Also other towels and lunch cloths at special prices. Telephone 52651. -3241

Miscellaneous

PIANO for hire. New. Telephone 21544. -3364

CARPETS cleaned chemically, 12 cents per sq. foot. Rugs repaired, dyed, stored. Esso Company. Telephone 12170. 11090

ALL kinds refrigerators: made, repaired, serviced, motors rewired by experts. Foreign Engineering Co., 19 Route Doumer, telephone 78145. -2762

TOYS for emigrant children will be gratefully received by the "I. C." Sassoon House. 11042

DOLLS and toys if broken, repaired, renovated perfectly. Wigs, coats, dresses, shoes for dolls, ready-made, orders taken. Dolls' Hospital Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -3037

Personal

YOUNG foreign journalist wishes to meet attractive Chinese or Eurasian young lady for friendship. Reply Box 1824, NCDN. -3376

MARGARITA, I'm longing to see you, please phone or write to J. Box 1821, NCDN. -3373

GENTLEMAN early forties, educated, not refugee, desires friendship presentable, independent lady having means help initiate export business. Discreet. English language. Box 1807, NCDN. -3339

ENGLISHMAN, learning to ride, would appreciate companionship of British/American young lady. Please reply Box 1788, NCDN. -3309

CHINESE, 35, widower, of respectable standing, wishes to meet respectable and attractive Chinese lady for companionship. Answers will be treated absolutely confidential and will be returned if so requested. Box 1612, NCDN. -3011

Educational

PIANO lessons, chord system, easy method for adults. A-1 references. $25 monthly, twice weekly. Telephone 24393. -3219

YOUNG Frenchman desires join English conversational group. Box 1796, NCDN. -3320

SPANISH lessons by experienced teacher wanted by foreigner in pupil's home. Replies to Box 1829, NCDN. 11098

SHANGHAI colloquial, grammar, conversation, by qualified, professional teacher. Thrice weekly $25. Call Mr. Zee, 92467, 1.30-2. Box 1813, NCDN. -3264

MISS MOALEM'S School, 213 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. Kindergarten and primary grades. Autumn term commences September 4. Telephones 14080, 11801. -3310

QUALIFIED Chinese lady-teacher, speaking English, gives Shanghai dialect lessons to foreigners. Easy method. Box 1376, NCDN. -3323

LESSONS in typing, two evenings weekly, wanted by Englishman. Please state fee to Box 1789, NCDN. -3309

YOUNG Chinese, speaking English fluently, teaches Shanghai dialect after office hours. Address Box 1779, NCDN. -3297

SHANGHAI dialect lessons given by well-educated Chinese lady. Box 1748, NCDN. -3249

PIANO lessons for children and adults, experienced piano pedagogue and composer, special method, best results, excellent references. Box 1606, NCDN. -2944

REOPENS on September 2, new pupils welcome. Time and days suitable to pupils can be arranged. The Lewis' Ideal School of Electric Cookery, 410 Szechuen Road, Room 250, telephone 14398. -3261

PROFESSOR, well experienced, teaches German, English, French, Hebrew, Latin, mathematics. Translations. Box 1554, NCDN. -2905

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Dependable, Day/evening. Shorthand, typewriting, English. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 11049

GERARD PINCUS, pianist, pedagogue, gives lessons (piano, theory, accompaniment), pupil's/teacher's home. 382/3 Rue Bourgeat. -2522

HELEN DULDNER, Viennese qualified piano pedagogue. 175 Seymour Road, House 12. -3221

WANTED: young Chinese, University or Public School graduate, to coach foreign boy (13) for Public School. All subjects. Particulars to Box 1780, NCDN. -3298

Radios

FOR sale. 10-watt portable amplifier, including phonograph pick-up, electric motor and 12 inch dynamic speaker for US$30, or nearest offer. Tel. 81573. -3321

RECORD super models 1940: Six American tubes, American loudspeaker, US$12.50. Flawless reception of Europe guaranteed. Demonstration without obligation. Repairs by European expert. Radio Record, 8 Chusan Road. Telephone 51262; 1916 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 73109, 681 Bubbling Well, Telephone 32217. -2977

FLASH! Pierce Radio Service. Repair radios of any manufacture. Telephone 73711. -2591

NEW RCA radios for hire. Reasonable rentals. Radio Corporation of Asia, 361 Avenue Foch, telephone 87777. -2230

SPECIALISED short-wave tuning with RCA laboratory instruments. RCA trained foreign engineers. Radio Corporation of Asia, telephone 87777. -2229

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30, Second Floor. 11037

More Classified Ads. Overleaf